### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND DIVISION

MARTIN SILVERSTEIN, Plaintiff,

v.

Civil No. 3:23-cv-00684 (DJN)

GENWORTH LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Defendant.

# DECLARATION OF STEVEN G. SKLAVER IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

I, Steven G. Sklaver, hereby declare as follows:

- 1. I submit this declaration in support of Plaintiff Martin Silverstein's Motion for Final Approval of the proposed class action settlement between Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the Class, and Defendant Genworth Life Insurance Company ("GLIC"). I previously submitted declarations in support of Plaintiff's "Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement" (Dkt. 56-1) and "Motion for Attorneys' Fees, Costs, and Service Award" (Dkt. 68-1).
- 2. I am a member in good standing of the State Bars of California, Colorado, and Illinois, and admitted *pro hac vice* in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia. I am a partner in the law firm of Susman Godfrey L.L.P. and counsel of record for Plaintiff in the above-captioned action. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein and, if called to testify as a witness, could and would testify competently thereto.
- 3. In its Preliminary Approval Order, the Court "[f]or purposes of the Settlement only, and pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a)(1), . . . appoint[ed] Susman Godfrey, LLP as Class Counsel to act on behalf of the Settlement Class and the Class Representative with respect to the Settlement." Dkt. 64 at ¶ 12. The Court found that Susman Godfrey "has expended a great

deal of time, effort, and expense investigating Genworth's COI increase prior to and since filing this action" and that "[i]t is clear from their track-record of success, as outlined in their resumes, that Class Counsel are highly skilled and knowledgeable concerning class-action practice." *Id.* A copy of the firm's class action profile, including information about Susman Godfrey's significant experience with insurance litigation and class actions, including cost of insurance actions and settlements thereof, and profiles of class counsel, is attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**.

4. I was among the principal negotiators of the proposed class action settlement. Following extensive negotiations with multiple mediators, and a mediator's proposal, Magistrate Judge Mark Colombell informed the parties on July 8, 2024 that the proposal had been fully accepted. The final settlement agreement was executed on August 2, 2024. Attached hereto as **Exhibit 2** is a true and correct copy of the Settlement Agreement. The Settlement provides a cash portion of \$5.1 million that accounts for 71.5% of the total past COI overcharges alleged in this case through June 2024 and provides significant nonmonetary relief with an estimated value of \$3,097,438. It is the opinion of Class Counsel that the settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable and should receive final approval.

### **THE LITIGATION**

5. Plaintiff filed this case on October 20, 2023. Dkt. 1. The complaint brings a claim for breach of contract against GLIC in relation to a September 2019 adjustment of cost-of-insurance ("COI") rates for approximately 3,000 geographically dispersed universal life insurance policies insured by GLIC and issued on GE Gold I and GE Gold II forms. *Id.* Attached as **Exhibit** 3 is a true and correct copy of Plaintiff's life insurance policy (with personal, health, and financial information redacted).

- 6. After GLIC filed its answer on December 22, 2023, Plaintiff immediately initiated discussions with GLIC regarding the protective order to allow the production of documents and other case schedule and discovery issues.
- 7. The Court issued a scheduling order on March 8, 2024. Dkt. 41. The deadline for serving opening expert reports was August 12, 2024. *Id.* The close of fact discovery was September 12, 2024. *Id.* Trial was set for January 10, 2025. *Id.*
- 8. Plaintiff worked diligently in discovery to investigate and develop theories of liability and damages. Plaintiff served 43 requests for production on March 8, 2024. On March 19, Plaintiff filed the Protective Order to allow for the production of documents. GLIC's productions included the full record from *Brighton Trustees, LLC, et al. v. Genworth Life and Annuity Insurance Company*, Case No. 3:20-cv-00240-DJN (the "GLAIC Action") and policy-specific data about GLIC policies. On April 8, Plaintiff served initial disclosures. Plaintiff served third-party document subpoenas on May 7, May 14, May 30, and June 25. These subpoenas included a May 30 subpoena to Genworth Life Insurance Company of New York (GLICNY), which had not been done in the GLAIC Action, and a subpoena for MG-ALFA actuarial modeling software from Milliman. On June 14, 2024, Plaintiff served GLIC with five deposition notices. Plaintiff also served deposition subpoenas on Milliman and Willis Towers Watson on July 2. Also on July 2, Plaintiff served 431 requests for admission and 14 interrogatories.
- 9. Plaintiff developed a comprehensive understanding of the methodologies, assumptions, and data GLIC used to increase COI rates, as well as key liability evidence, such as emails in which Genworth employees criticized their own actuarial consultant's work and "abstain[ed]" from voting on mortality assumption changes. Attached as **Exhibits 4 and 5** are example emails produced at bates numbers GLAIC\_0012668 and GLAIC\_00309850.

- 10. GLIC served 14 requests for production and 13 interrogatories on March 28, 2024. Plaintiff collected, reviewed, and produced documents and responded to the interrogatories. Plaintiff and GLIC met and conferred repeatedly during discovery via email and teleconference, including zoom meetings on May 9, May 20, June 21, and July 2. The parties also briefed a motion to modify the scheduling order. Dkts. 48–52.
- 11. Plaintiff has worked closely with actuarial and damages experts to investigate the issues and develop a record during fact and expert discovery, including to analyze documents to develop and investigate GLIC-specific theories of liability and damages that were not developed in the GLAIC Action, including that GLIC's 2019 COI rate adjustment violated the policy requirement that any "change in the monthly risk rates will apply to all insureds with the same combination of the following: attained age; number of years of insurance in force; net amount of risk; and premium class." As part of this investigation, Plaintiff issued a document subpoena to GLICNY. At the time of the mediator's proposal was accepted, Plaintiff was working with his experts to prepare for depositions, including a Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(b)(6) notice to GLIC, and in preparation for the August 12, 2024 deadline for opening expert reports.
- 12. I was also Class Counsel in the GLAIC Action. There, the Court certified a settlement class and approved a settlement providing monetary and non-monetary relief to GLAIC policyholders for an increase in COI rates on GLAIC-insured policies. GLAIC Action, Dkt. 148. GLAIC and GLIC are separate corporate entities. The GLAIC Action settlement included a cash portion representing 163% of past overcharges through March 31, 2022, and 70.3% of past overcharges when projected through June 2024.
- 13. GLIC policyholders were not in the GLAIC Action putative class, as no GLAIC Action plaintiff owned a GLIC policy and therefore lacked privity with and standing to sue GLIC.

During the GLAIC Action, GLAIC refused to provide discovery specific to GLIC policies. Attached as **Exhibit 6** is a true and correct copy of a September 25, 2020 email from GLAIC's counsel concerning GLAIC's refusal to provide GLIC-related discovery unless and until a GLIC policyholder was added as a plaintiff and GLIC named as a defendant.

14. GLIC policies were explicitly excluded from the GLAIC Action settlement. *See* GLAIC Action, Dkt. 143-3 (Settlement Agreement) ¶¶ 51, 62, 79. GLIC policyholders did not receive any relief and did not release any claims as part of the GLAIC Action settlement. GLAIC never offered any money, at any time, to GLIC policyholders and never offered to include GLIC policyholders as part of the settlement in the GLAIC Action. Attached as **Exhibit 7** is the hearing transcript from the GLAIC Action Final Approval Hearing. The Settlement here, for the first time, finally provides relief to GLIC policyholders for the improper COI overcharges imposed on them.

### MEDIATION AND SETTLEMENT

- 15. As stated above, I was one of the principal negotiators of the proposed class action settlement. Following extensive, arms-length, adversarial negotiations over multiple months between experienced and knowledgeable counsel on all sides and two different experienced neutrals, the Parties entered into the Settlement Agreement (Exhibit 2) on August 2, 2024. It is the opinion of Class Counsel that this settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable.
- 16. The parties have mediated and exchanged numerous offers and counter-offers throughout the life of the case. In advance of these mediations, on February 7, 2024, GLIC produced policy-level data for the approximately 3,000 GLIC policies. Class Counsel worked closely with their damages expert to process, analyze, and create damages models. The policy data included 79 data fields (i.e., columns) and 700,000 rows of data.

- 17. The parties first mediated at the order of the Court on March 4, 2024 with Rodney Max, a distinguished fellow and past president of the American College of Civil Trial Mediators, in person in Miami, Florida. The parties mediated again with Mr. Max via videoconference on April 9, 2024. These mediations were unsuccessful, but the parties continued meet and conferring over the next several months.
- 18. After the March 4 mediation, Class Counsel requested that the Court oversee continued settlement negotiations with GLIC, Dkt. 38 (Pltf's Pre-Hearing Status Report), which the Court so ordered by referring the matter to Magistrate Judge Colombell for assistance, Dkt. 39.
- 19. On June 26, 2024, the parties mediated in person with Magistrate Judge Colombell in Richmond, Virginia. Plaintiff and his wife travelled from their home in Ohio to attend the mediation in person. In advance of this mediation, on May 24, GLIC refreshed its policy level data. Class Counsel again worked diligently with its damages expert to analyze and model damages in advance of the mediation with Judge Colombell.
- 20. After the negotiations remained unsuccessful, Judge Colombell made a mediator's proposal of \$5.1 million plus nonmonetary terms. Judge Colombell informed the parties that the terms were accepted by both sides on July 8, 2024. The parties then worked to negotiate a long-form settlement agreement, which was ultimately executed on August 2, 2024. By the time the settlement was reached, Plaintiff and Class Counsel were well informed of material facts, and the negotiations were hard-fought and non-collusive.
- 21. The specific terms and conditions of the settlement are set forth in the Settlement Agreement (Exhibit 2). Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the Class will receive the benefit of a Settlement Fund of up to \$5.1 million. Ex. 1,  $\P$  1. For any policy that timely and validly opts out during the Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(e)(4) period, the Settlement Fund decreases on

a *pro-rata* basis calculated by multiplying the amount of the Settlement Fund (*i.e.*, \$5,100,000) by a fraction where (i) the numerator is the combined Specified Amount, as of June 30, 2024 (as that term is defined in the Policies) of the Policies that opt out of the Settlement Class and (ii) the denominator is the total Specified Amount, as of June 30, 2024, of all Policies owned by members of the Class. *Id.*. The Court set an opt-out and objection deadline of December 10, 2024. Dkt. 65. As of December 11, 2024, there were no opt outs or objections to the proposed settlement. No portion of the Settlement Fund will revert back to GLIC, and checks will be mailed directly to Class Members without having to fill out claim forms. The Settlement Fund accounts for 71.5% of the total past COI overcharges alleged in this case through June 2024.

- 22. GLIC also agreed that "COI rates on the Class Policies will not be increased above the COI Rate Scales adopted under the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment until after October 25, 2029." Ex. 2, ¶ 7. GLIC also agreed "to not take any legal action (including asserting as an affirmative defense or counter-claim), or cause to take any legal action, that seeks to void, rescind, cancel, have declared void, or seeks to deny coverage under or deny a death claim for any Class Policy based on: (1) an alleged lack of valid insurable interest under any applicable law or equitable principles; or (2) any misrepresentation allegedly made on or related to the application for, or otherwise made in applying for the policy." *Id.* ¶ 9. In the GLAIC Action, an expert valued these non-monetary benefits at \$19,506,664 and \$382,453, respectively. GLAIC Action, Dkt. 140-12. Adjusting those valuations using the GLIC in-force policy face amounts as a percentage of GLAIC in-force policy face amounts, the valuations are \$3,037,877 and \$59,561, for a total non-monetary valuation of \$3,097,438.
- 23. The combined monetary and non-monetary valuation of the proposed settlement is \$8,197,438.

- 24. The Settlement Agreement provides that Class Counsel may move for an award of attorneys' fees in an amount not to exceed 33 1/3% of the Final Settlement Fund, in addition to reimbursement for all expenses incurred or to be incurred. Ex. 2, ¶ 17. If approved, this amount will be deducted from the \$5.1 million in the Settlement Fund after any reduction for Class members who opt out. The deadline to opt out was December 10, 2024, and as of December 11, 2024, there were no reported opt outs. In addition, Class Counsel will seek reimbursement for expenses incurred or to be incurred, as well as an incentive award up to \$25,000 for Plaintiff for his service as the representative on behalf of the Settlement Class, to be paid from the Final Settlement Fund. *Id.* ¶¶ 16, 66.
- 25. In exchange, the Settlement Class and certain related parties will release GLIC from claims "arising out of the facts, transactions, events, occurrences, acts, disclosures, statements, omissions, or failures to act that were alleged or could have been alleged in the Action related to the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment." *Id.* ¶¶ 81–83. The Settlement Class, however, will not release "new claims that could not have been asserted in the Action because they are based upon a future COI Rate Scale increase that occurs after July 8, 2024 ("New COI Increase Claims")." *Id.* ¶ 62. New COI Increase claims are limited to claims and damages that could not have been included in this Action because a future COI Rate Scale increase has not yet taken place, but do not include any claims challenging the COI Rates and/or COI Rate Scales adopted under the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment. *Id.*
- 26. The Settlement Agreement gives Class Members an opportunity to opt-out pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(e)(4). *Id.* ¶¶ 1–3, 12, 74–75. The \$5.1 million Settlement Fund will be reduced on "on a pro rata basis by an amount that is calculated by multiplying the amount of the Settlement Fund (i.e., \$5,100,000) by a fraction where (i) the numerator is the

combined Specified Amount, as of June 30, 2024, (as that term is defined in the Policies) of the Policies that opt out of the Settlement Class and (ii) the denominator is the total Specified Amount, as of June 30, 2024, of all Policies owned by members of the Class. By way of example, if 1% of the total Specified Amount of all Policies owned by members of the Class are attributable to Opt-Outs, the Settlement Fund will be reduced by 1%." *Id.* ¶ 2. As noted above, no potential Settlement Class member has opted out as of December 11, 2024.

- 27. Class Counsel has actively litigated this case and is well versed in all the factual and legal issues posted by this litigation. Before and after mediation, Class Counsel took steps to ensure that we had all the necessary information to advocate for a fair, adequate, and reasonable settlement that serves the best interests of the Settlement Class. During mediations and in the settlement discussions that followed, Class Counsel aggressively advocated for the class, while taking into account the strengths and weaknesses of the claims asserted, the risks of continued litigation and trial, and the likelihood of recovery.
- 28. It is the opinion of Class Counsel that the \$5.1 million Settlement Fund by itself represents an excellent monetary recovery for the class. The non-monetary relief adds substantial additional value for the Class. This Settlement represents an especially great result because no part of the Final Settlement Fund (the amount after the pro-rata reductions for any opt-outs during the Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(e)(4) opt-out period) will be returned to GLIC. Ex. 2, ¶ 66.

### PRELIMINARY APPROVAL, CLASS NOTICE, AND FINAL APPROVAL

29. The Court held a preliminary approval hearing on October 10, 2024. Attached as **Exhibit 8** is the transcript from that hearing. The Court issued its order preliminarily approving the settlement and certifying the class on October 11, 2024. Dkt. 64. The Court set deadlines for

moving for attorneys' fees, costs, and a service award for November 15, 2024, and final approval for December 13, 2024. *Id.* 

- 30. Pursuant to the Preliminary Approval Order, the Class Administrator, JND Legal Administration LLC, sent out Class Notice on October 25, 2024. Dkt. 65. 99.7% of the Postcard Notices were successfully delivered. *See* December 12, 2024 Declaration of Gina Intrepido-Bowden ¶ 6. Additional Information about the Class Notice program is provided in Intrepido-Bowden Declaration.
- 31. Pursuant to the Preliminary Approval Order, GLIC deposited \$5.1 million into the Settlement Account Fund on October 15, 2024.
- 32. On September 20, 2024, GLIC sent Class Action Fairness Act notices to the Attorney General of the United States and the State Attorneys General as required by 28 U.S.C. § 1715(b). GLIC did not receive any objections to the Settlement from any Attorney General.
- 33. Plaintiff filed his motion for fees, costs, and a service award on November 15, 2024. Dkt. 67–68. Plaintiff and Class Counsel seek a fee award in the amount of \$1,700,000, which is 33 1/3% of the \$5.1 million cash amount and 20.7% of the gross settlement benefit. Plaintiff and Class Counsel also seek litigation expenses in the amount of \$168,992.28 and a service award of \$25,000 for Plaintiff Martin Silverstein.
- 34. The opt out and objection deadline was December 10, 2024. Dkt. 64. As of December 11, 2024, there have no been objections or opt outs received. *See* Intrepido-Bowden Decl. ¶¶ 12, 14.
  - 35. The Final Fairness Hearing is set for January 3, 2025 at 2:00 pm. Dkt. 64.

### PROPOSED ALLOCATION PLAN

36. The proposed Plan of Allocation is attached as **Exhibit 9**.

37. Funds will be mailed to Class Members using GLIC's database of Class Member

addresses. Because GLIC maintains information about each Settlement Class Member, including

historical COI charges, and each insured's contact information, Settlement Class Members need

not submit claims or provide supporting documentation to receive a cash award.

38. The method of distribution will ensure that all Settlement Class Members are

equitably compensated and is designed to maximize the number of Settlement Class Members to

receive proceeds from the Settlement. It is Class Counsel's opinion that this distribution plan is

fair, reasonable, and equitable. The Court's Preliminary Approval Order stated that "[t]he Parties

agreed allocation formula appears to be fair and reasonable." Dkt. 64 at ¶ 36.

39. No potential Settlement Class Member objected to the Plan of Distribution.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the

foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 13th day of December, 2024 in Los Angeles, California.

/s/ Steven G. Sklaver

Steven G. Sklaver

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# EXHIBIT 1

### The Susman Godfrey Difference

For forty years, Susman Godfrey has focused its nationally recognized practice on just one thing: high-stakes commercial litigation. We are one of the nation's leading litigation boutique law firms, with offices in Houston, Seattle, Los Angeles and New York. We have a unique perspective, the will to win, and an uncommon structure, which taken together provide the way to win.

### The Will to Win

At Susman Godfrey, we want to win because we are stand-up trial attorneys, not discovery litigators. We approach each case as if it is headed for trial. Everything that we do is designed to prepare our attorneys to persuade a jury. When you are represented by Susman Godfrey, the opposing party will know that you are willing to take the case all the way to a verdict if necessary; this fact alone can make a good settlement possible.

Susman Godfrey has a longstanding reputation as one of the premier firms of trial lawyers in the United States. We are often brought in on the eve of trial to "rescue" troubled cases or to take the reins when the case requires trial lawyers with a proven record of courtroom success.

We also want to win because we share the risk with our clients. We prefer to work on a contingency-fee basis so that our time and efforts pay off only when we win. Our interests are aligned with our clients—we want to achieve the best-possible outcome at the lowest possible cost.

Finally, we want to win because each of our attorneys shares a commitment to your success. Each attorney at the firm—associate as well as partner—examines every proposed contingent fee case and has an equal vote on whether or not to accept it. The resulting profit or loss affects the compensation of every attorney at the firm. This model has been a tremendous success for both our attorneys and our clients. In recent years, we have achieved the highest profit-perpartner results in the nation. Our associates have enjoyed performance bonuses equal to their annual salaries. When you win, our attorneys win.

### **Unique Perspective**

Susman Godfrey represents both plaintiffs and defendants. Ours is not a cookie-cutter practice turning out the same case from the same side of the bar time after time. We thrive on variety, flexibility, and creativity. Clients appreciate the insights that our broad experience brings. "I think that's how they keep their tools sharp," says one.

Many companies who have had to defend cases brought by Susman Godfrey on behalf of plaintiffs are so impressed with our work in the courtroom that they hire us themselves next time around—companies like El Paso Corporation, Georgia-Pacific Corporation, Mead Paper, and Nokia Corporation.

We know from experience what motivates both plaintiffs and defendants. This dual perspective informs not just our trial tactics, but also our approach to settlement negotiations and mediation presentations. We are successful in court because we understand our opponent's case as well as our own.

### **An Uncommon Structure**

At Susman Godfrey, our clients hire us to achieve the best possible result in the courtroom at the least possible cost. Because we learned to run our practice on a contingency-fee model where preparation of a case is at our expense, we have developed a very efficient approach to commercial litigation. We proved that big cases do not require big hours. And, because we staff and run all cases using the same model, clients who prefer to hire us by the hour also benefit from our approach.

There is no costly pyramid structure at Susman Godfrey. As a business, we are lean, mean and un-leveraged—with a two-to-one ratio between partners and associates. To counter the structural bloat of our opponents, who often have three associates for each partner, we rely on creativity and efficiency.

Susman Godfrey's experience has taught what is important at trial and what can be safely ignored. We limit document discovery and depositions to the essential. For most depositions and other case-related events we send one attorney and one attorney alone to handle the matter. After three decades of trials, we know what we need—and what is just a waste of time and money.

### **Unparalleled Talent**

Susman Godfrey prides itself on a talent pool as deep as any firm in the country. Clerking for a judge in the federal court system is considered to be the best training for a young trial attorney, 100% of our Associates and over 90% of our Partners served in these highly sought-after clerkships after law school. Ten of our trial lawyers have clerked at the highest level—for Justices of the United States Supreme Court.

Our associates are not document-churning drones. Each associate at Susman Godfrey is expected to second-chair cases in the courtroom from the start. Because we are so confident in their abilities, we consider associates for partnership after seven years with the firm, unless they joined us following a federal judicial clerkship. In that case, we give credit for the clerkship, and the partnership track is generally six years. We pay them top salaries and bonuses, make them privy to the firm's financials, and let them vote—on an equal standing with partners—on virtually all firm decisions.

Each trial attorney at Susman Godfrey is invested in our unique model and stands ready to handle your big-stakes commercial litigation.

### A Record of Winning

One of Susman Godfrey's early cases, the Corrugated Container antitrust trial, led to one of the highest antitrust jury verdicts ever obtained. Since that extraordinary start, the firm has remained devoted to helping businesses and individuals achieve similarly extraordinary results.

Recent high-profile victories include:

- Secured a \$600 million settlement for residents of Flint, Michigan in the nationally followed Flint Water Crisis litigation.
- Won a \$706.2 million unanimous jury verdict for client HouseCanary, in a breach of contract and misappropriation of trade secrets case against Quicken Loans affiliate, Title Source, Inc. The judgement appears at number four on *The National Law Journal*'s "Top 100 Verdicts of the Year" list.
- Won a \$25.25 million jury verdict for client, Steven Lamar, in a contract and intellectual
  property dispute with Dr. Dre and Jimmy Iovine over the iconic Beats headphones this
  verdict was also included on *The National Law Journal*'s "Top 100 Verdicts of the Year"
  list.
- Secured a favorable settlement for Uber in its epic battle against Google's Waymo over self-driving car technology.
- Won a jury verdict valued at \$128 million for client General Electric, in its legal battle against the Nebraska Investment Finance Authority.
- Secured a settlement valued at \$100 million for a certified class of plaintiffs in a copyright infringement class action against well-known music streaming service, Spotify.
- Recovered \$40 million for a class of derivatives investors in a securities class action against Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc. The deal is believed to be the largest recovery ever obtained on behalf of derivative investors in history.
- Won a \$50.3 million federal jury verdict for client, Green Mountain Glass, in a patent infringement lawsuit against Ardagh Glass, Inc. This verdict was #34 on *The National Law Journal*'s "Top 100 Verdicts of 2017" list.
- Secured a \$91.25 million settlement for insurance policy owners in 37 Besen Parkway,
   LLC v. John Hancock Life Insurance Company
- Secured nearly \$600 million with various international investment banks on behalf of our
  plaintiff clients in the ongoing LIBOR antitrust class action. The agreement with these
  banks represents the resolution of claims by investors that transacted directly with the
  international banks on the panel to determine US Dollar LIBOR. Just recently the class
  that Susman Godfrey represents became the first and only class certified by the SDNY.
- Won a \$70 million judgement for Wellstat Therapeutics against BTG International, Inc. in a pharmaceutical contract dispute in the Delaware Court of Chancery.

- Secured a settlement valued at \$73 million while representing Flo & Eddie (the founding members of 60's music group, The Turtles) along with a class of owners of pre-1972 sound recordings for copyright violations by music provider Sirius XM. Susman Godfrey attorneys on this matter were named "California Lawyer Attorneys of the Year" by The Daily Journal for their legal work on this case.
- Won an over \$43.2 million federal court jury award in favor of Apache Deepwater LLC and against W&T Offshore in an oil and gas related breach of contract case having to do with deepwater wells in the Gulf of Mexico. This verdict was named by *The National Law Journal* as one of "The Top 100 Verdicts of 2016" and appeared on Texas Lawyer's "Hall of Fame Verdicts" in 2019.
- Secured over \$1.2 billion with several international automobile parts suppliers in the In Re Automotive Parts (Auto Parts) price-fixing class action. The multidistrict litigation, pending in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan, alleges long-running global collusion by auto parts companies to fix prices of automotive component parts.
- Secured as lead counsel in a case that challenged Phoenix Life Insurance Company's
  and PHL Variable Insurance Company's decision to raise the cost of insurance ("COI")
  nationwide on life insurance policy owners. The case settled with plaintiffs receiving a
  \$48.5 million cash fund, COI freeze through 2020, and a covenant by Phoenix not to
  challenge the policies, worth \$9 billion in face value.
- Secured one of the largest settlement awards ever to a single whistleblower in a False
  Claims Act case—over \$450 million from Novartis Pharmaceuticals, who was accused of
  defrauding Medicare and Medicaid by illegally paying kickbacks to pharmacies so they
  would recommend Novartis's medications to doctors and patients.
- Secured a \$244 million settlement in a federal monopolization and antitrust class action against News Corporation (News Corp) on behalf of a certified class of more than 500 consumer packaged goods companies. The media giant also agreed to change its business practices regarding in-store advertising.

### **Pro Bono**

At Susman Godfrey, we take seriously our obligation as lawyers to use our skills and position in society to make our communities better places to live. Our attorneys are committed to improving both the laws and the legal system by representing or counseling those who cannot afford to pay for legal services. We encourage our attorneys to participate in pro bono opportunities and make firm resources available to ensure our pro bono efforts are meaningful and effective.

We have partnered with various human rights organizations to drive forward significant and timely pro bono litigation. These organizations include, among many, the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU), the Civil Rights Corps, the Texas Fair Defense Project, the Next

Generation Action Network Legal Advocacy, and the International Rescue Committee. Susman Godfrey has been included on *The National Law Journal*'s "Pro Bono Hot List".

The cases below illustrate the variety and importance of the matters we litigate pro bono.

### Constitutional Challenges

• O'Donnell v. Harris County. For decades, the Harris County Jail held tens of thousands of people who were arrested for misdemeanors but financially unable to post bail. Though arrested for the same minor offense, a person with money could avoid jail entirely while an indigent person would spend days or weeks in jail before determination of merits. Along with Civil Rights Corps and the Texas Fair Defense Project, Susman Godfrey represents on a pro bono basis a class of indigent arrestees who challenged the constitutionality of Harris County's money bail practices. After an 8-day evidentiary hearing, the US District Court found Harris County's system unconstitutional and ordered broad injunctive relief. After the bail reforms went into effect, the US Court of Appeals for the 5th Circuit affirmed the district court's rulings that the system was unconstitutional. In the first year in which the injunctive relief was in effect, more than 12,000 people were released from jail.

### Human Rights/Anti-Discrimination

- Faculty, Alumni and Students Opposed to Racial Preferences v. New York
   University Law Review. Defended New York University Law Review against allegations
   that its diversity and inclusiveness initiatives violate federal bias law by favoring female
   and minority applicants and authors. The Hon. Edgardo Ramos of the Southern District
   of New York granted the motion filed by Susman Godfrey to dismiss the case.
- Texas v. United States of America and the International Rescue Committee. Represented the International Rescue Committee (IRC) pro bono when the State of Texas sued to block the federal government and the IRC from resettling any Syrian refugees in Texas. Working with the ACLU and the Southern Poverty Law Center, the team defeated the State's multiple requests for injunctive relief. The federal district court later dismissed all of the State's claims.
- Jared Woodfill et al. v. Annise Parker et al. Served as lead trial counsel for the City of Houston and won a jury verdict and a final judgment in a closely-watched trial over a challenge to Houston's Equal Rights Ordinance, a law that prohibits discrimination based on an individual's sex, race, color, ethnicity, national origin, age, familial status, marital status, military status, religion, disability, sexual orientation, genetic information, gender identity, or pregnancy in city employment and city services, city contracts, public accommodations, private employment (excluding religious organizations), and housing. The City asked Susman Godfrey to represent it pro bono and defend the ordinance. After a two-week trial, the jury issued its verdict resoundingly in the City's favor. After two months of post-verdict briefing, the court issued a final judgment in favor of the City.

• International Franchise Ass'n, Inc. et al. v. City of Seattle, et al. The City of Seattle retained Susman Godfrey on a partial pro bono basis to defend its landmark \$15 per hour minimum wage ordinance. Several Seattle franchise businesses challenged the ordinance on a number of legal grounds, including violation of the Equal Protection Clause and Dormant Commerce Clause of the US Constitution. The district court denied the plaintiff franchise group's motion for a preliminary injunction and found that the plaintiffs had failed to demonstrate a likelihood of succeeding on the merits of any of their claims.

### Death Penalty Appeals/Prisoners' Rights

- David Daniels et al. v. Dallas County Sheriff Marian Brown. Partnered with the
  American Civil Liberties Union, ACLU of Texas, Civil Rights Corps, and the Next
  Generation Action Network Legal Advocacy Fund to bring a federal class-action lawsuit
  for emergency relief to remedy the Dallas County Jail's ongoing failure to manage the
  extraordinary risks COVID-19 poses to its detainees, staff, and the larger community.
- In re: Alfred DeWayne Brown. Represented a wrongfully convicted man, Alfred
  Dewayne Brown, in his now successful quest to obtain an "actual innocence" finding
  from the Harris County D.A.'s office after nearly a decade on death row for a murder he
  didn't commit.
- Harris v. Fischer. Secured an important pro bono appellate victory on behalf of a former Bedford Hills Correctional Facility inmate who alleged her Fourth and Eighth Amendment rights were violated during a body cavity search while she was incarcerated. In its ruling, the US Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit vacated the district court's decision dismissing the case and remanded for further consideration.
- Death Penalty Appeals. Has handled several death penalty appeals focusing on the
  requirement for the State of Texas to release information about the chemicals used to
  put prisoners to death in order for counsel to protect the rights of their clients not to be
  subject to cruel and unusual punishment. In one case, the Susman Godfrey team
  obtained an injunction against execution due to this issue.

### Other Significant Pro Bono Work

• Alley Theater v. Hanover Insurance Co. The Tony Award-winning Alley Theatre, the oldest professional theatre company in Texas and the third-oldest resident theatre in the country, suffered devastating destruction during Hurricane Harvey, incurring millions in losses from property damage, lost income and expenses. Susman Godfrey represented the Theatre pro bono in insurance litigation related to hurricane-caused business interruption. Susman Godfrey first secured a partial summary judgment ruling on behalf of Alley in a coverage lawsuit against Hanover over claims the theatre was not properly reimbursed for hurricane-related business interruption losses. The firm later scored a second victory for the theater when they settled the final piece of the litigation.

- First Presbyterian Church of Houston v. Presbytery of the New Covenant, Inc.
  Represented First Presbyterian Church of Houston (FPC), one of the oldest
  congregations in Houston, in a property dispute against the Presbyterian Church
  (PCUSA), which claimed for close to 30 years that it has a trust interest in FPC's
  property in Houston, Texas. The Court ruled in FPC's favor on summary judgment,
  entering final judgment and a permanent injunction against the Presbytery of the New
  Covenant and finding that the PCUSA has no interest in FPC's property. After appellate
  arguments, the parties settled, with the denomination releasing any claim to any interest
  in FPC's property.
- Law Center to Prevent Gun Violence. For years, Susman Godfrey has provided pro bono legal research, consultation, and strategy advice to the Law Center to Prevent Gun Violence regarding measures to regulate the sale and use of firearms.

### Office Locations

#### Houston

1000 Louisiana St Suite 5100 Houston, TX, 77002 T: 713-651-9366 F: 713-654-6666

### **Los Angeles**

1900 Avenue of the Stars Suite 1400 Los Angeles, CA 90067 T: 310-789-3100 F: 310-789-3150

#### **New York**

1301 Avenue of the Americas 32nd Floor New York, NY 10019 T: 212-336-8330 F: 212-336-8340

### Seattle

1201 Third Avenue Suite 3800 Seattle, WA 98101 T: 206-516-3880 F: 206-516-3883



### Steven G. Sklaver

Partner

Los Angeles (310) 789-3100 ssklaver@susmangodfrey.com

### Overview

Named one of *Lawdragon's* 500 Leading Lawyers since 2020, a recipient of the California Lawyer Attorneys of the Year award in 2017 and selected as "Top Plaintiff Lawyers in all of California" in 2016 and 2017 by *The Daily Journal;* Steven Sklaver has secured substantial litigation victories for both plaintiffs and defendants. For plaintiffs, Sklaver was lead counsel for a certified class of insurance policy owners, helping them achieve what the Court in the Southern District of New York described as "the best settlement pound for pound for the class that I've ever seen." You can read the Court's statement in full here. You can also read more about the case in The Deal's profile on the litigation here. Sklaver was also lead trial and appellate counsel for investors against an insurance company that resulted in a complete victory and full payout of a \$20 million life insurance policy. A copy of the appellate court decision is available here. To listen to Sklaver's appellate oral argument, click here. That matter was the feature cover story of the April 2012 California Lawyer.

Sklaver also represents the former members of the legendary rock group The Turtles in *Flo & Eddie, Inc. v. Sirius XM Radio, Inc.* (C.D. Cal.) in a certified class action lawsuit against Sirius XM that settled less than 48 hours before the jury trial was scheduled to begin. Sirius XM agreed to pay at least \$25.5 million (over \$16 million after fees and expenses) and royalties under a 10-year license that is valued up to \$62 million (over \$41 million after fees and expenses) as compensation for publicly performing without a license Pre-1972 sound recordings. The settlement was approved by the Court, and has received widespread media coverage from publications such as The New York Times, Billboard, The Hollywood Reporter, Law360, Rolling Stone, Variety, Reuters and Managing IP.

Within six months after the Sirius XM class action settled, so did Sklaver's <u>copyright class action</u> brought on behalf of artists owed mechanical royalties for compositions made available by Spotify, the leader in digital music

streaming. Spotify agreed to a class action settlement valued at over \$112 million (over \$95 million after fees and expenses), a settlement for which the district court granted final approval and remains subject to a pending appeal. You can read more about this matter in *Billboard*.

Sklaver's many significant and widely covered class action results in 2016 helped secure Susman Godfrey's recognition as *Law360*'s "Class Action Group of the Year" in early 2017. You can read that article announcing the award here.

For defendants, Sklaver has handled numerous employment class actions across the country. He served, along with the Managing Partner of Susman Godfrey, as trial counsel for Wal-Mart, the world's largest retailer, trying a large employment class action in California. He also successfully defended and defeated class certification in numerous, substantial wage and hour matters for Alta-Dena Certified Dairy, LLC, dairy producers for Dean Foods, one of the leading food and beverage companies in the United States. Copies of the proemployer decisions are available <a href="here">here</a>, and <a href="here">here</a>, and <a href="here">here</a>.

Sklaver has tried complex commercial and class action disputes — including jury trials and bench trials in federal and state court, as well as arbitrations. Sklaver graduated cum laude from Dartmouth College, magna cum laude and Order of the Coif from Northwestern University School of Law, and clerked for Judge David Ebel on the United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit. Sklaver also won the National Debate Tournament for Dartmouth College, and is just one of four individuals in debate history to win three national championships at the high school and collegiate level. From 2010-2022, Sklaver has been recognized every year as a "Super Lawyer" in Southern California, awarded to no more than the top 5% of the lawyers in the state of California (Law & Politics Magazine, Thomson Reuters).

Sklaver currently serves on the Board of Directors for the Western Center on Law & Poverty. Sklaver was also previously selected as a Ninth Circuit Judicial Conference Lawyer Representative.

### Notable Representations

### **Class Actions**

• Copyright Infringement: Sklaver serves as co-lead counsel with the Gradstein & Marzano firm representing Flo & Eddie (the founding members of 70's music group, The Turtles) along with a class of owners of pre-1972 sound recordings for copyright violations by music provider Sirius XM. The day before trial was to commence before a California jury in federal court in late 2016, Flo & Eddie reached a landmark settlement with Sirius XM on behalf of the class in a deal potentially worth \$99 million. The Court granted final approval of the settlement in May 2017. Click here for more. Sklaver with his co-leads were recently named

- "California Lawyer Attorneys of the Year" by *The Daily Journal* for their outstanding legal work on this case.
- In May 2017, Sklaver, as co-lead counsel with Gradstein Marzano, secured a deal valued at\$112 million to settle a class-action lawsuit with Spotify brought on behalf of music copyright owners. The suit alleged that Spotify made music available online without securing mechanical rights from the tracks' composers. Under the terms of the deal, Spotify will pay songwriters \$43.45 million for past royalties, as well as commit to pay ongoing royalties that are valued at \$63 million. Read more about the case here and see Billboards coverage of it here.
- **Insurance**: In a seminal insurance class action filed in the Southern District of New York, resolved in September 2015, Mr. Sklaver served as lead counsel in a case that challenged Phoenix Life Insurance Company's and PHL Variable Insurance Company's decision to raise the cost of insurance ("COI") nationwide on life insurance policy owners. After winning class certification and defeating two motions for class decertification and a motion for summary judgment, the case settled the day of the final Pretrial Conference — less than two months before trial. Settlement terms included: \$48.5 million cash fund (\$34 million after fees and expenses), COI freeze through 2020, and a covenant by Phoenix not to challenge the policies, worth \$9 billion in face value, when the policies mature on the grounds of lack of insurable interest or misrepresentations in the application. At the final approval hearing, the Court concluded, "I want to say publicly that I think this is an excellent settlement. I think this is a superb - this may be the best settlement pound for pound for the class that I've ever seen." You can read the statement in full on page 3 here. You can also read more about the case in The Deal's feature on the matter here.
- Antitrust: In In re Automotive Parts Antitrust Litigation. In the largest price-fixing cartel ever brought to light, Mr. Sklaver and a team of Susman Godfrey lawyers run a massive MDL litigation in which the firm serves as co-lead counsel for a class of consumer plaintiffs in multidistrict pricefixing cases pending in a Detroit, Michigan federal court. The actions, alleging anti-competitive conduct, were brought by indirect purchasers of component parts included in over 20 million automobiles, and involve parts such as wire harnesses, instrument panel clusters, fuel senders, heater control panels and alternators. The Department of Justice has imposed fines exceeding \$2.6 billion pursuant to guilty plea agreements with some of the defendants, and its investigation is still ongoing. The Susman Godfrey team together with its co-lead counsel has defeated multiple motions to dismiss. Settlements have been reached with a certain defendants for a combined \$620 million thus far. Final settlement (after fees and expenses) has not yet been determined. The case remains ongoing against the remaining defendants.

#### **Life Settlements**

- Represented Jonathan Berck, as Trustee of the Rosamond Janis
  Insurance Trust in a \$5 million rescission claim brought by the Lincoln Life
  and Annuity Company of New York for alleged violations of New York's
  insurable interest laws and other "STOLI" (stranger originated life
  insurance) related claims. RESULT: Summary judgment granted in favor
  of my client. A copy of the summary judgment order is available here.
- Won reversal in a \$20 million life settlement rescission lawsuit against Lincoln Life & Annuity Company of New York. Lincoln's lawsuit was based on allegations that the insurance policies lacked an insurable interest because they were procured by third-parties for investment purposes and because there were net worth and other misrepresentations in the applications. The appellate court ordered that the trial court enter judgment in favor of the trust. The appellate court also affirmed our trial court victory that Lincoln's fraud claim was time barred because the policies were incontestable. The case is Lincoln Life & Annuity Co. of New York v. Jonathan Berck, as Trustee of the Jack Teren Insurance Trust, Court of Appeal Case No. D056373 (Cal. Ct. App. May 17, 2011). A copy of the appellate court decision is available <a href="here">here</a>. The Teren case was the feature, cover story of the <a href="here">April 2012 California Lawyer</a>.
- Represents investors, trusts, trustees, brokers, and insureds in life
  settlement and STOLI litigation across the country against insurance
  companies seeking to rescind policies with face values worth more than
  \$125 million. Mr. Sklaver is also a frequent speaker and commentator on
  life settlement and STOLI litigation, in both trade
  publications and conferences.

### **Financial Fraud**

- Represented Royal Standard Minerals, which was the plaintiff in a federal
  securities lawsuit against a "group" of more than ten dissident
  shareholders for failing to file Schedule 13-D disclosures. RESULT:
  Preliminary injunction granted and final judgment entered that, among
  other things, required for three years the votes of all shares owned by any
  of the defendants to be voted as directed by the Board of Directors of my
  client.
- Represented plaintiff who held millions of WorldCom shares as an opt-out to the class in In re WorldCom Securities Litig. RESULT: Settled on confidential terms.
- Represented plaintiff Accredited Home Lenders in a TRO and breach of contract action over a wrongful default declared by Wachovia in a credit re-purchase agreement. RESULT: The case was resolved favorably, following the entry of a TRO.

 Represented Walter Hewlett in his challenge to the Hewlett-Packard/Compaq merger. In preparation for that trial, Mr. Sklaver deposed Compaq's former CEO Michael Capellas about his famous handwritten journal note which, describing the merger, stated "at our course and speed we will fail." Mr. Capellas was right.

### **Employment**

 Represented one of the world's largest retailers in the defense of a four month long jury trial, wage and hour class action pending in California.
 One of the world's largest retailers appointed Susman Godfrey L.L.P. to be its national trial counsel for wage and hour litigation.

#### **Antitrust**

Lead day-to-day lawyer for the class in White, et al. v. NCAA, a certified, antitrust class action alleging that the NCAA violated the federal antitrust laws by restricting amounts of athletic based financial aid. ESPN Magazine coverage of the lawsuit may be found <a href="https://example.ncap.ncap.ncap.cov/hereal/">hereal/</a>. RESULT: The NCAA settled and paid an additional \$218 million for use by current student-athletes to cover the costs of attending college, paid \$10 million to cover educational and professional development expenses for former student-athletes, and enacted new legislation to permit Division I institutions to provide year-round comprehensive health insurance to student-athletes.

#### **Entertainment**

 Represented NAACP image award winner Morris Taylor "Buddy" Sheffield in his breach of contract lawsuit against ABC Cable Networks Group regarding the creation of Hannah Montana. RESULT: Defendant settled less than four weeks before trial.

### **Pro Bono**

- Appointed to represent Carl Petersen, who was charged by the United States Attorney's Office with being a felon in possession of a firearm a charge that carries a five-year prison sentence and an 89% conviction rate. RESULT: Acquittal. Jury deliberation lasted less than four hours. Appointed by the United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit as appellate counsel in five cases, including: <u>United States v. Petersen</u>; United States v. Blaze (specifically noting Mr. Sklaver's "good workmanship"); and <u>Sorrentino v. IRS</u> (appointed as amicus curiae by and for the Court)
- Lawdragon 500 Leading Litigator (2022, 2023)

# Honors & Distinctions

- Firm Representative for Elite Trial Lawyers Insurance Litigation,
   National Law Journal (2023, ALM)
- Litigation Star, Benchmark Litigation (2022, Euromoney)
- Recommended Lawyer Litigation Labor and Employment, Best Lawyers in American (2020 – 2025, Woodward White, Inc.)
- Southern California California Super Lawyer (2010 2023, Thomson Reuters)
- Lawdragon 500 Leading Lawyers in America (2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)
- Lawdragon 500 Leading Plaintiff Financial Lawyers (2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)
- Outstanding Antitrust Litigation Achievement in Private Law Practice by the <u>American Antitrust Institute</u> (2019) for work on *In re: Automotive Parts* Antitrust Litigation.
- <u>California's Lawyer Attorneys of the Year</u> in 2017 by *The Daily Journal*. Click <u>here</u> for a photo of Sklaver, along with co-counsel, receiving the award.
- Top 30 Plaintiff Lawyers in all of California in 2016 by The Daily Journal
- Southern California "Super Lawyers" awarded to no more than the top 5% of the lawyers in the state of California (2010 2021, Law & Politics Magazine, Thomson Reuters)
- Northwestern Law Review member and editor
- National Debate Tournament (NDT) collegiate championship winner

### Clerkships

Honorable David M. Ebel, United States Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit

### **Education**

Northwestern University School of Law (J.D., magna cum laude)

Order of the Coif

Dartmouth College (B.A., cum laude)

### **Admissions**

### **Bar Admissions**

- Colorado
- California
- Illinois

### **Court Admissions**

- United States Supreme Court
- . U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit
- . U.S. Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit
- U.S. District Court for the Central District of Colorado
- U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Colorado
- U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Colorado
- U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Colorado
- U.S. District Court for the Western District of Colorado

Leadership & Professional Memberships

Board of Directors, Western Center on Law & Poverty



# Seth Ard

New York (212) 336-8330 sard@susmangodfrey.com

### Overview

Seth Ard secures substantial legal victories for plaintiffs and defendants across the nation. Ard is a seasoned litigator who is often tapped to handle intricate, multi-party cases because of his ability to quickly understand large volumes of complex information and translate it all into compelling arguments to judges, juries and arbitration panels.

Ard has litigated cases across a myriad of practices areas including antitrust, securities, intellectual property, bankruptcy and employment. Likewise, Ard's client roster has spanned from some of the leading companies in the nation to smaller businesses and individuals. In recent years, Ard has focused a significant portion of his practice in the insurance space – frequently securing major wins for plaintiffs in class actions against insurance companies who have acted fraudulently.

### **LANDMARK WINS**

Ard has secured nearly \$1 billion dollars in relief for plaintiffs in insurance class actions who allege their insurance companies fraudulently increased COI rates. For example, he previously represented a certified class of insurance policy owners, helping them achieve what the Court in the Southern District of New York described as "the best settlement pound for pound for the class that I've ever seen." (Read the Court's statement in full here and more in The Deal's profile on the litigation here). Also, in 37 Besen Parkway, LLC v. John Hancock Life Insurance Company, Ard secured a \$91.25 million settlement (before fees and expenses) for insurance policy owners against John Hancock Life Insurance Company. The Honorable Paul Gardephe described the settlement as a "quite extraordinary . . . result achieved on behalf of the class." Ard most recently secured a \$307.5 million deal for a putative class of plaintiffs who challenged AXA's 2016 hike of cost on insurance rates on hundreds of elderly insureds.

Serving as court-appointed lead counsel to a certified class of plaintiffs in *In Re: NFL Sunday Ticket Antitrust Litigation*, Ard and a team from Susman

Godfrey obtained a victory after 3 weeks of trial with a jury finding the NFL engaged in a conspiracy and violated the antitrust laws through its Sunday Ticket offering. During trial, Ard cross examined the former head of CBS Sports, Sean McManus, as well as the defense's lead expert (Read about his cross of McManus on NBC Sports). The jury awarded \$4.7 billion damages, which the trial court vacated on a post-trial motion, while leaving untouched the jury's determination that the NFL violated two different provisions of the Sherman Act. Proceedings in the matter are ongoing.

In *In re LIBOR-Based Financial Instruments Litigation*, Ard has secured, to date, \$781 million in settlements for plaintiffs who allege several major investment banks were involved in setting LIBOR and manipulating it to their advantage. Since that time, a multitude of lawsuits have been consolidated as part of a multidistrict litigation proceeding in which Ard is playing a leading role.

On the defense side, in *Jefferies v. NASDAQ*, Ard successfully defended NASDAQ and its affiliate IDCG in an arbitration where the plaintiff sought tens of millions of dollars in damages based on a claim that it was fraudulently induced to clear interest rate swaps through the IDCG clearinghouse. After a one-week arbitration, at which Ard put on NASDAQ's expert and crossed Jefferies' expert, the Panel issued a decision denying all of Jefferies' claims and awarding no damages.

Ard also obtained a complete defense victory on summary judgment in trademark infringement dispute, *GMA v. Dorfman*. Prior to hiring Ard, Dorfman had suffered significant discovery sanctions that threatened to undermine his defense. Once hired, Ard and his team overturned those sanctions, reopened discovery and obtained key admissions, and later won the case on summary judgment.

#### **BACKGROUND**

Before joining the firm, Ard clerked for the Honorable Shira A. Scheindlin of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and for the Honorable Rosemary S. Pooler of the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit.

Since 2019, Ard has been named one of the country's Leading Plaintiff Financial Lawyers by Lawdragon. He has also repeatedly been recognized as a "Rising Star" in New York by *Super Lawyers* magazine.

### Notable Representations

#### Insurance

In re AXA Equitable Life Insurance Company COI Litigation (S.D.N.Y)
 Secured a \$307.5 million deal for a putative class of plaintiffs who challenged AXA's 2016 hike of cost on insurance rates on hundreds of

- elderly insureds, claiming AXA unfairly increased the cost of insurance for certain flexible-premium universal life insurance policies.
- Leonard et al. v. John Hancock Life Insurance Co. of New York et al. (S.D.N.Y.) Secured a settlement valued at \$143 million, before fees and expenses, including a cash fund of over \$93 million and an agreement with John Hancock Life Insurance Company not to impose a higher cost of insurance rate scale for 5 years (even in the face of a worldwide pandemic), on behalf of a class of approximately 1,200 policyholders who alleged that Hancock breached the terms of their respective life insurance policies and overcharged them for life insurance. When granting final approval, the Court held that the settlement provided an "absolutely extraordinary" recovery rate for the class, and lauded Susman Godfrey's "extraordinary work."
- Helen Hanks v. Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company (S.D.N.Y.) Negotiated settlement worth \$118 million, before fees and expenses, including a cash fund of over \$92 million and an agreement by Voya not to impose a higher rate scale for 5 years, on behalf of a certified class of 46,000+ policyholders over allegations that Voya improperly raised cost-of-insurance charges. Over the course of litigation, the team from Susman Godfrey secured certification of the nationwide class and defeated summary judgment. The Court recognized the quality of the work, stating: "I want to commend you all for the work done on the pretrial order and motions in limine . . . I'm very happy to have you as lawyers appearing before me."
- 37 Bensen Parkway v. John Hancock Life Insurance Company (S.D.N.Y) Secured a \$91.25 million settlement all-cash, non-reversionary settlement (before fees and expenses) for insurance policy owners against John Hancock Life Insurance Company. The Honorable Paul Gardephe described the settlement as a "quite extraordinary . . . result achieved on behalf of the class."
- PHT Holdings II LLC v. North American Company for Life and Health Insurance (S.D. Iowa). Secured a settlement of \$59 million for plaintiffs in an insurance breach of contract class action against North American Insurance Company.
- Fleisher et al. v. Phoenix Life Insurance Company (S.D.N.Y.) Served as lead counsel to plaintiffs in a case that challenged Phoenix Life Insurance Company's and PHL Variable Insurance Company's decision to raise the cost of insurance ("COI") nationwide on life insurance policy owners. After winning class certification and defeating two motions for class decertification and a motion for summary judgment, the case settled the day of the final pretrial conference: a \$48.5 million cash fund (\$34 million after fees and expenses), a COI freeze through 2020, and a covenant by Phoenix not to challenge the policies, worth \$9 billion in face value, when the policies mature on the grounds of lack of insurable interest or misrepresentations in the application. At the final approval

- hearing, the Court concluded: "I want to say publicly that I think this is an excellent settlement. I think this is a superb—this may be the best settlement pound for pound for the class that I've ever seen."
- Advance Trust & Life Escrow Services, LTA v. ReliaStar Life
  Insurance Co. (D. Minn.) Represented a class of universal life insurance
  policyholders against ReliaStar Life Insurance Company stemming from
  ReliaStar's failure to charge cost of insurance rates in accordance with the
  terms of its policies. Ard and his team secured a \$39 million nonreversionary settlement fund, plus additional non-monetary benefits for
  the class.
- PHT Holding I LLC v. Security Life of Denver Insurance Company (D. Colo.) Represented a class of life insurance policyholders in a breach-of-contract suit against Security Life of Denver challenging increases to cost-of-insurance charges. Ard's team secured class certification of a 31-state class on a state law breach-of-contract claim. On the eve of trial, the parties settled for \$30 million (before fees and expenses), a settlement the Court subsequently approved.
- Brighton Trustees, LLC et al., v. Genworth Life and Annuity
  Insurance Company (E.D. Va.) Secured class certification, a settlement
  valued at \$25 million, before fees and expenses, and a promise by
  Genworth not to adopt an increase rate scale for 7 years, even in the face
  of a worldwide pandemic or any new one to come.
- Lincoln Life v. LPC Holdings (Supreme Court Onandaga, New York)
   Represented an insurance trust in STOLI litigation against an insurance company seeking to rescind a life insurance policy with a face value of \$20 million. After Ard argued and won a hotly contested motion to compel in which the Court threatened to revoke the pro hoc license of opposing counsel, Lincoln settled the case on very favorable terms.

### **Intellectual Property**

- Globus Medical v. Bonutti Skeletal (E.D. Pa.) Represents Globus
   Medical in patent litigation against Bonutti Skeletal. Ard successfully
   argued a partial motion to dismiss the patent complaint, defeating claims
   of indirect infringement, vicarious liability and punitive damages.
- Sentius v. Microsoft (N.D. Cal.) Represented Sentius against Microsoft
  in a patent infringement suit involving automated database
  technology. Pachman handled the Daubert motions in this matter. The
  case settled on highly favorable terms within 24 hours of the court issuing
  orders on those motions.
- Dorfman Pacific (S.D.N.Y.) Obtained a complete defense victory on summary judgment in a trademark infringement dispute before Judge Forrest. Ard was hired after the close of discovery and after our client had suffered significant discovery sanctions that threatened to undermine its defense. His team was able to overturn those sanctions, reopen

discovery and obtain key admissions during a deposition of Plaintiff's CEO, and win on summary judgment (without argument and based on briefing done by Ard).

#### **Securities**

- In re Municipal Derivatives Litigation (S.D.N.Y.) Served as co-lead counsel to a class of municipalities suing 10 large banks and broker for rigging municipal auctions. A total of over \$220 million dollars in settlements were achieved on behalf of the class (net fees and expenses not yet determined).
- Jefferies v. NASDAQ Arbitration (New York) Defended NASDAQ and its affiliate IDCG in an arbitration where the plaintiff sought tens of millions of dollars in damages based on a claim that it was fraudulently induced to clear interest rate swaps through the IDCG clearinghouse. After a one-week arbitration, at which Ard put on NASDAQ's expert and crossed Jefferies' expert, the Panel issued a decision denying all of Jefferies' claims and awarding no damages. The arbitrators were former Judge Layn Phillips, Judge Vaughn R. Walker, and Judge Abraham D. Sofaer.

### **Other High Stakes Commercial Litigation**

- In re: National Football League's Sunday Ticket Antitrust Litigation (C.D. Cal.) Serving as trial counsel to a certified class of plaintiffs, obtained a victory after 3 weeks of trial with a jury finding the NFL engaged in a conspiracy and violated the antitrust laws through its Sunday Ticket offering. The jury awarded \$4.7 billion damages, which the trial court vacated on a post-trial motion, while leaving untouched the jury's determination that the NFL violated two different provisions of the Sherman Act. Proceedings in the matter are ongoing. During trial, Ard cross examined the former head of CBS Sports, Sean McManus, as well as the defense's lead expert. Read about his cross of McManus on NBC Sports.
- City of Baltimore Opioid Litigation. Representing the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore in fraud and public tort litigation against the manufacturers and distributors of opioids, whose conduct has devastated cities, counties, and states nationwide. So far Ard's team has secured a historic \$322.5 million in settlement collectively from with Allergan Finance, LLC, Walgreens, Cardinal Health, and CVS to resolve the City's claims. Read more.
- Washington Mutual Bankruptcy (Bkrtcy. Del.) Retained to represent
  the Equity Committee in the Washington Mutual bankruptcy. In two multiweek plan-confirmation hearings, Ard opposed plans that would have
  wiped out shareholders. Although both plans were supported by the
  debtor and by all major creditors, the Court rejected both plans after the
  trials (both in which Ard examined and cross-examined key witnesses).
   Ard and his team then negotiated terms of a new plan that distributed over

\$100 million in value to shareholders, including 90% ownership of the reorganized debtor.

 Audet v. Garza (D. Ct) Serving as lead counsel for a certified class of thousands of investors in GAW Mining LLC who allege that the cryptocurrency mining venture in which they invested was in fact a Ponzi scheme.

# Honors & Distinctions

- Lawdragon 500 Leading Litigator (2022, 2023)
- Lawdragon 500 Leading Plaintiff Financial Lawyers (2019, 2020, 2021 2022, 2023, 2024)
- New York Super Lawyer (2022, 2023, Thomson Reuters)
- New York Rising Star (2013-2018, Thomson Reuters)
- Teaching and Research Assistant for Professor Arthur Miller (Harvard Law School)
- Teaching Assistant for Professor Jon Hanson (Harvard Law School)
- Editorial Board, Harvard Civil Rights/Civil Liberties Law Review

### Clerkships

Honorable Shira A. Scheindlin, United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, 2008-2009

Honorable Rosemary S. Pooler, United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, 2007-2008

### Education

Harvard Law School (J.D., magna cum laude, 2007)

Northwestern University (M.A., A.B.D., Philosophy, , 2003)

**Michigan State University** (B.A., Philosophy & French Literature, first in class, Highest Honors, 1997)

### **Admissions**

### **Bar Admissions**

New York

#### **Court Admissions**

- U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York
- U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York
- U.S. District Court for the District of Colorado

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- U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit
- U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit
- U.S. Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit
- United States National Court, Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation

Languages

French



## Ryan Kirkpatrick

Partner

New York (212) 336-8330 rkirkpatrick@susmangodfrey.com

### Overview

Ryan Kirkpatrick has a proven track record of successfully managing and directing a wide variety of multinational, complex legal matters. Ryan has obtained or negotiated billions of dollars in judgments, settlements, and transactions. Given his work on both the plaintiff and defense sides, Ryan possesses a deep understanding of and how to successfully leverage litigation (and the threat of it) to accomplish financial and business objectives while at the same time mitigating the financial and operational costs of litigation to a business.

Ryan has been interviewed and quoted by numerous media outlets, including the *Wall Street Journal, Bloomberg News, Vanity Fair,* the *Los Angeles Time*, ESPN, the *National Law Journal*, the *Associated Press*, KABC, and KTLA.

#### LANDMARK LITIGATION

Ryan focuses his work on large-scale complex class actions and professional negligence and fiduciary claims litigation.

### Insurance Class Actions

Ryan has is at the forefront of litigation that actively protects life insurance policy holders in breach of contract litigation against some of the country's largest insurers. He has secured over \$700 million in relief for plaintiffs in class actions against leading insurance companies including PHL Variable Life Insurance Company, Genworth, Voya, Lincoln, ReliaStar, Security Life of Denver, American General, North American, and John Hancock Life Insurance Company. Ryan is currently representing policyholders in a new wave of cost of insurance ("COI") litigation arising from the Tax Cuts & Jobs Act of 2017.

### Professional Negligence and Malpractice

Ryan served as lead counsel for John Fish, the Chairman and CEO of Suffolk Construction, in a case the Superior Court of Massachusetts against the law firm of Goulston & Storrs over allegations of legal malpractice, breach of fiduciary duty, and willful violations of Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 93A, arising out of a failed billion-dollar real estate development project in Boston's Back Bay. Ryan obtained a highly favorable settlement after prevailing on motions to compel discovery and obtaining critical liability evidence. Read more.

Ryan also served as counsel in a confidential legal malpractice matter that settled before a complaint was ever filed for an amount that was at the time one of the highest legal malpractice payouts in United States history.

Ryan is now serving as counsel to the Special Litigation Committee (SLC) for the Trust for Advised Portfolios in investigating professional negligence claims relating to the Infinity Q Diversified Alpha Fund.

#### **BACKGROUND**

Ryan rejoined Susman Godfrey in 2017 after spending four years as General Counsel and Senior Managing Director of McCourt Global, an alternative asset management firm. Ryan served as head of the New York office where he oversaw all legal affairs of the firm and its business verticals, including a \$1 billion commercial real estate development joint venture, MG Sports & Media (which owned the LA Marathon and the French football club Olympique de Marseille, and co-owned Global Champions Tour and Global Champions League), and MG Capital (owner of a private direct lender and registered investment adviser).

While serving as Director of Global Champions League, Ryan initiated an EU competition law action against Fédération Equestre International (FEI), the international governing body for equestrian sports. After obtaining a landmark preliminary injunction that was upheld by the Brussels Court of Appeals—and has implications for all international sports federations—Ryan negotiated a highly favorable settlement with the FEI. This use of EU competition law to effect worldwide relief for a client was reminiscent of one of Ryan's first cases at Susman Godfrey, where he and Steve Susman guided start-up mainframe manufacturer Platform Solutions, Inc. to a \$200 million buy-out by IBM following years of contentious of antitrust, patent infringement, and copyright infringement proceedings in both the Southern District of New York and the European Commission.

Ryan was first elected to the Susman Godfrey partnership in 2011. At the time, he was representing Frank McCourt and the Los Angeles Dodgers in connection with Mr. McCourt's highly-publicized divorce and the team's bankruptcy. This three-year representation culminated in a favorable settlement of the divorce, the sale of the Dodgers to Guggenheim Partners for \$2.15 billion—the highest amount ever paid for a professional sports franchise—and the formation of a \$1 billion joint venture with affiliates of

Guggenheim Partners. Shortly following the sale, Mr. McCourt asked Ryan to help lead McCourt Global.

Since returning to the firm, Ryan has remained active in sports-related legal matters. Most recently, he represented John Bowlen, then-minority owner of the Denver Broncos, in connection with the \$4.65 million sale of the Denver Broncos.

### Notable Representations

#### **Insurance Class Actions**

- Fleisher v. Phoenix Life Insurance (S.D.N.Y.) Served as counsel to plaintiffs in a case that challenged Phoenix Life Insurance Company's and PHL Variable Insurance Company's decision to raise the cost of insurance ("COI") nationwide on life insurance policy owners. After winning class certification and defeating two motions for class decertification and a motion for summary judgment, the case settled the day of the final pretrial conference—less than two months before trial with terms that included: a \$48.5 million cash fund (\$34 million after fees and expenses), a COI freeze through 2020, and a covenant by Phoenix not to challenge the policies, worth \$9 billion in face value, when the policies mature on the grounds of lack of insurable interest or misrepresentations in the application. At the final approval hearing, the Court concluded: "I want to say publicly that I think this is an excellent settlement. I think this is a superb—this may be the best settlement pound for pound for the class that I've ever seen."
- Helen Hanks v. Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company (S.D.N.Y.) Negotiated settlement worth \$118 million, before fees and expenses, including a cash fund of over \$92 million and an agreement by Voya not to impose a higher rate scale for 5 years, on behalf of a certified class of 46,000+ policyholders over allegations that Voya improperly raised cost-of-insurance charges. Over the course of litigation, Ryan's team secured class certification and defeated summary judgment. The Court recognized the quality of the work, stating: "I want to commend you all for the work done on the pretrial order and motions in limine . . . I'm very happy to have you as lawyers appearing before me."
- PHT Holdings I v. Security Life Insurance Company of Denver (D. Colorado) Secured a \$30 million settlement for a class of insurance policy holders in a case that challenged Security Life of Denver's decision to raise cost of insurance rates on Strategic Accumulator policyholders.
   Net award after fees and expenses to be determined.
- Leonard v. John Hancock (S.D.N.Y) Secured a \$92.5 million cash settlement (before fees and expenses), plus an additional \$50 million in non-monetary benefits, for Performance UL policyholders that were subjected to a rate increase in 2017. The cash amount, by itself, represented 91.25% of the alleged overcharges as of the date of the

- settlement, and the settlement was praised by the Court as an "outstanding result" for the class.
- North American COI (S.D. Iowa) Secured a settlement on the eve of trial
  for benefits totaling \$61.3 million, including \$59 million in monetary
  payments to class members (before fees and expenses), in an insurance
  breach of contract class action on behalf of a class of policy holders
  against North American Life and Health Insurance Company.
- Brighton Trustees et al. v. Genworth Life and Annuity Insurance
   Company (E.D. Va.) Secured \$25 million settlement between Genworth
   Life & Annuity Insurance Company and a class of more than 13,400
   plaintiffs alleging that policyholders of the company's Gold and Gold II
   universal life insurance policies were subject to unlawful cost of insurance
   (COI) increases. This amount represented 163% of the alleged damages
   at the time of the settlement.
- Advance Trust & Life Escrow Services, LTA v. ReliaStar Life
  Insurance Co. (D. Minn.) After prevailing on motions for class certification
  and summary judgment, secured a \$47.7 million settlement, including a
  \$39 million cash fund (before fees and expenses), for a class of universal
  life insurance policyholders who alleged that ReliaStar failed to reduce
  COI rates to reflect mortality improvement.
- LSIMC LLC v. American General Life Insurance Co.(C.D. Cal.) Settled class action against American General for relief valued at \$55 million for a class of policy holders who alleged that American General was underpaying interest on their universal life policies.
- James Kenney v. PHL Variable Insurance Company (S.D.N.Y.)
   Secured \$43.5 million in settlement benefits, including a \$17.4 million cash fund (before fees and expenses), for a class of insurance policyholders who allege that PHL unlawfully raised insurance rates.

#### **Professional Negligence and Malpractice**

- Fish v. Goulston & Storrs PC (Suffolk County Superior Court of Massachusetts) Served as lead counsel to real estate developer John Fish in an action against Goulston & Storrs PC alleging legal malpractice, breach of fiduciary duty, and willful violations of Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 93A, arising out of a failed billion-dollar real estate development project in Boston's Back Bay. Obtained a highly favorable settlement after prevailing on motions to compel discovery and obtaining critical liability evidence.
- Securities Professional Negligence Litigation. Currently serving as counsel to the Special Litigation Committee (SLC) for the Trust for Advised Portfolios in investigating professional negligence claims relating to the Infinity Q Diversified Alpha Fund.

- Litigation on Behalf of Visium Asset Management. Serve as lead counsel for Visium Asset Management in a case alleging that brokers aided and abetted a breach of fiduciary duties.
- Confidential Legal Malpractice Litigation. Confidentially represented a
  prominent California family in legal malpractice claims related to trust and
  estates and tax structuring.

#### **General Commercial Litigation**

- McCourt v. McCourt. Represented Los Angeles Dodgers' owner, Frank McCourt and the Los Angeles Dodgers in divorce and bankruptcy proceeding that involved a dispute over ownership and control of the team. The case resulted in a favorable settlement of the divorce, sale of the Dodgers to Guggenheim Partners for \$2.15 billion—the highest amount paid for a professional sports franchise—and the formation of a new joint venture with Guggenheim Partners affiliates.
- PSI v. IBM (S.D.N.Y.). Represented startup mainframe computer
  manufacturer Platform Solutions Inc. (PSI), in prosecuting multi-hundredmillion-dollar antitrust claims against IBM and defending against patent
  infringement, copyright, and trade secrets claims brought by IBM. Ryan
  also coordinated PSI's prosecution of competition claims against IBM in
  the EU. The case settled on confidential terms. As part of the settlement,
  PSI was acquired by IBM.
- Masimo v. Tyco (C.D. Cal.) Obtained a \$45 million damages judgment on behalf of Masimo Corporation in an antitrust case against Tyco Healthcare involving pulse oximetry products. The judgment was upheld by the Ninth Circuit on appeal, with the client receiving a net recovery of approximately \$27 million.
- McGuire v. Dendreon Corp. (W.D. Wash.) Represented plaintiffs in a
  consolidated securities fraud class action cases filed in Seattle federal
  court. Plaintiffs alleged that defendants had made false and misleading
  statements about a new drug that the company planned to sell. The case
  was settled for \$16.5 million, with the class receiving approximately \$12
  million.
- Hedge Fund Litigation. Successfully represented various hedge funds investing in "stranger-owned life insurance." Obtained a complete defense victory for a hedge fund in a case in which an insurer sued to rescind a \$20 million life insurance policy for alleged fraud and lack of an insurable interest. Initiated a class action against an insurer relating to cost of insurance increases that resulted in a settlement valued at \$134 million.

# Honors & Distinctions

- Top 500 Plaintiff Financial Lawyers, Lawdragon (2024)
- 500 Leading Litigators in America, Lawdragon (2022, 2023)

Clerkships

Honorable Ruggero J. Aldisert, United States Court of Appeals for the Third

Circuit, 2005-2006

Education

UCLA School of Law (J.D., Order of the Coif, 2005)

Yale University (B.A., Political Science, , 2001)

Admissions

#### **Bar Admissions**

- New York
- California
- District of Columbia

#### **Court Admissions**

- . U.S. District Court for the Central District of California
- . U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California
- . U.S. Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit
- U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Texas



# Glenn Bridgman

Partner

Los Angeles
(310) 789-3100
gbridgman@susmangodfrey.com

### Overview

Glenn Bridgman is a trusted resource, valued trial lawyer, and relied upon legal counsel to his clients and colleagues. Glenn, who has recovered over one billion dollars for his clients, represents both plaintiffs and defendants in high stakes commercial litigation, trying cases successfully across practice areas and industries such as insurance, antitrust, intellectual property, securities, malpractice and breach of contract.

Glenn has been recognized as a <u>California Lawyer Attorney of the Year</u> by *The Daily Journal*, a <u>California Trailblazer</u> by *The Recorder*, and a <u>Rising Star in Insurance Litigation</u> by *Law360*. He is also recognized as a Rising Star in General Commercial Litigation by *The Legal 500*.

#### WINS

In the insurance sector alone, Glenn has secured over \$500 million for policy holders in class actions against some of the country's largest insurers. In a sixmonth time span Glenn secured three settlements totaling in the hundreds of millions for plaintiffs in breach of contract class actions against insurance industry titans AXA, North American and American General Life Insurance Company. In 37 Besen Parkway v. John Hancock Life Insurance Co., Glenn helped secure a \$91.25 million settlement for insurance policy owners who alleged breach of contract against John Hancock Life Insurance Company. Judge Paul Gardephe described the settlement as a "quite extraordinary." Glenn was quoted about the case and the enormous result in an article by Law360. In addition, in TVPX ARS, Inc. v. Genworth Life and Annuity Insurance Company, Glenn took over the case when it was on appeal and persuaded the Eleventh Circuit Court of Appeals to vacate a district court's injunction restraining a breach of contract action against Genworth. The opinion can be read here and you can listen to Glenn's argument before the court here (start at 3:15).

Glenn's litigation savvy is not limited to insurance matters. Glenn is well-versed in all types of high stakes litigation. He has:

- Defeated preliminary injunction and secured dismissal while defending Pzena LLC in a breach of contract action alleging breach of LLC agreement. Read more (subscription required);
- Successfully represented Jasmin Solar Pty Ltd. in its breach of contract
  action against a Chinese equipment supplier. After the solar company
  suffered defeats with prior counsel, Glenn took over the appeal at the
  Second Circuit. His briefing persuaded the appellate court to not only
  overturn the district court's previous order confirming the arbitration
  award, but also to vacate entire judgment against Jasmin;
- Defeated a trademark-infringement preliminary injunction sought against one of the world's largest technology companies;
- Litigated the LIBOR OTC class action currently pending in the Southern
  District of New York, which has already produced almost \$700 million in
  settlements (fees and expenses not yet determined) and a certified class
  against additional defendants;
- Secured favorable settlements on behalf of, among other clients, a large telecommunications company, lease-financing companies, and defrauded individual entrepreneurs in both federal and state court; and
- Represented automotive dealership software company in defense of antitrust claim seeking hundreds of millions of dollars of damages.

#### PRO BONO AND BACKGROUND

Glenn maintains an active pro bono practice. He currently represents a tenant advocacy group helping defend the constitutionality of eviction protections for renters enacted by the City of Oakland and Alameda County in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic. The <u>Daily Journal</u> and <u>Law360</u> profiled Glenn and his colleagues for their work in this area. He was also awarded <u>Daily Journal</u>'s prestigious <u>California Lawyer Attorney of the Year</u> award for his work on these timely and significant matters.

Glenn attended Yale Law School where he was the Notes Editor for the Yale Law Journal and served the Jerome N. Frank Legal Services Organization as both a Board Member and the Clinic Director. Glenn also received the William K.S. Wang Prize for Excellence in Corporate Law, the Thomas I. Emerson Prize for Best Paper on Legislation, and the C. LaRue Munson Prize for Excellence in the Presentation of a Clinical Case. Glenn also directed the Yale Landlord Tenant Clinic.

Before attending law school, Glenn was a Peace Corps Volunteer in rural Bulgaria. Before starting his practice at Susman Godfrey, Glenn clerked for Chief Judge Robert A. Katzmann of the Second Circuit Court of Appeals and Judge Christina A. Snyder of the Central District of California.

# Notable Representations

#### **Insurance Litigation**

- In re AXA Equitable Life Insurance Company COI Litigation
   (S.D.N.Y)Secured a \$307.5 million deal for a putative class of plaintiffs
   who challenged AXA's 2016 hike of cost on insurance rates on hundreds
   of elderly insureds, claiming AXA unfairly increased the cost of insurance
   for certain flexible-premium universal life insurance policies.
- 37 Besen Parkway LLC v. John Hancock Life Insurance Co.
  (S.D.N.Y.). Secured a \$91.25 million all-cash, non-reversionary settlement for insurance policy owners in this certified class action against John Hancock Life Insurance Co. Glenn's efforts over the course of two and a half years led to a successful settlement at mediation before Judge Theodore H. Katz (Ret.). Glenn was quoted about the case and the enormous result for the Class in this article by Law360.
- PHT Holdings II LLC v. North American Company for Life and Health Insurance (S.D. Iowa). Resolved major insurance breach of contract class action on behalf of a class of policy holders against North American Insurance Company. The case was settled on the eve of trial.
- LSIMC LLC v. American General Life Insurance Co. Settled class action against Amgen for relief valued at \$55 million for a class of policy holders who alleged that Amgen increased their insurance rates against contractual terms (net amount after fees and expenses not yet determined).
- TVPX ARS, Inc., v. Genworth Life and Annuity Insurance Company
  (E.D. Va.)Represented life settlement fund, TVPX, in their breach of
  contract action against Genworth Insurance Company. After Genworth
  secured an injunction based on a 2004 settlement of a prior case, Glenn
  took over the appellate argument before the Eleventh Circuit Court of
  Appeals and persuaded the Eleventh Circuit to vacate the district court's
  injunction. The opinion can be read here and you can listen to Glenn's
  argument before the court here (start at 3:15).
- Helen Hanks on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, vs.
   The Lincoln Life & Annuity Company of New York; Voya Retirement
   Insurance and Annuity Company (S.D.N.Y.). Litigated an insurance
   matter against Voya Life Insurance Company, which successfully resolved
   for relief valued at over \$92.5 million.

#### **Business Disputes**

 Rama Krishna et al. v. Pzena Investment Management Inc. (Delaware Court of Chancery). Defeated preliminary injunction and secured dismissal while defending Pzena LLC in a breach of contract action alleging breach of LLC agreement. <u>Read more</u> (subscription required).

- Winthrop Resources v. Prospect ECHN. Secured affirmative summary
  judgment in breach of a lease contract on behalf of longterm Susman
  Godfrey client Winthrop Resources Corporation. The Court rejected
  Prospect's motion for summary judgment seeking return of previously paid
  rent, and awarded Winthrop every penny it sought.
- Jasmin Solar Pty Ltd. V. Chinese Equipment Supplier (2<sup>nd</sup>). Represented Australian solar energy company, Jasmin Solar Pty Ltd., in their breach of contract action against a Chinese equipment supplier. After suffering defeats with prior counsel before both an arbitrator and the district court, Glenn and a team from Susman Godfrey took over the case at the Second Circuit Court of Appeals, and persuaded theSecond Circuit to not only overturn the district court's previous order confirming arbitration award, but also to vacate entire judgment against Jasmin.
- Malpractice Action. Represented major construction entrepreneur in successfully-resolved malpractice action against his conflicted former law firm.
- In Re: James V. Cotter, Living Trust, Ellen Marie Cotter, Margaret
  Cotter, Petitioners, vs. James J. Cotter, Jr., Respondent. Achieved a
  successful verdict invalidating a will on grounds of both undue influence
  and incapacity in this trust and estates case in Los Angeles Superior
  Court. At trial, Glenn examined witnesses and delivered closing argument
  on the successful undue influence claim.
- Currently representing chemical manufacturing company in confidential arbitration alleging that our customer breached their exclusive supply agreement.

#### **Intellectual Property**

- Confidential Patent Infringement Matter on Behalf of Bitdefender.
   Defended cybersecurity company, Bitdefender, in patent action filed by a well-known non-practicing entity. Glenn took the lead on the damages portion of the case and handled Daubert briefing seeking to exclude plaintiffs' entire damages case, briefing which shortly preceded a favorable settlement of the entire matter.
- Confidential Trademark Dispute on behalf of Amazon. Defended online retail giant, Amazon, in a complex trademark dispute. After defeating plaintiff's request for a preliminary injunction, the case settled confidentially on favorable terms.

#### **Antitrust**

In Re: LIBOR-Based Financial Instruments Antitrust Litigation
(S.D.N.Y.). Served as co-lead counsel to a certified class of 16 plaintiffs,
including cities, pension funds and others known as the "OTC" investors,
who sued a number of investment banks for conspiring with rivals to rig

LIBOR. The team has helped nearly \$700 million in settlements for the class against defendant banks. The class was certified in 2018 by the court, the only class in the coordinated LIBOR litigation to receive class certification.

 Confidential Auto Dealership Antitrust Matter. Represented automotive dealership software company in defense of antitrust claim seeking hundreds of millions of dollars of damages.

# Honors & Distinctions

- Lawdragon 500X The Next Generation of Leading Lawyers (2023, 2024)
- California Lawyer Attorney of the Year, Daily Journal (2023)
- Rising Star, Southern California (2023, Thomson Reuters)
- Rising Star in General Commercial Litigation, The Legal 500 (2020)
- Rising Star Insurance, Law360 (2019)
- California Trailblazer, The Recorder (ALM, 2019)

# Clerkships

Chief Judge Robert A. Katzmann, United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, 2014-2015

Honorable Christina A. Snyder, United States District Court for the Central District of California, 2013-2014

## Education

**Dartmouth College** (B.A., Physics & Philosophy, minor in Mathematics, magna cum laude, 2008)

Yale Law School (J.D., , 2013)

### Admissions

#### **Bar Admissions**

California

# Leadership & Professional Memberships

- Fellow of the American Bar Association
- Los Angeles County Bar Association
- Association of Business Trial Lawyers Los Angeles



# Zach Savage

Partner

New York (212) 336-8330 zsavage@susmangodfrey.com

### Overview

A former law clerk on the Supreme Court of the United States, Zach Savage is a sophisticated trial and appellate lawyer who represents clients in complex business disputes. Zach has practiced in a broad array of litigation areas including breach of contract, class actions, defamation, intellectual property, employment, and insurance litigation. His clients range from industry leaders such as General Electric and Walmart to smaller businesses and individuals in the financial, technology, and media sectors.

Several of his matters have attracted substantial media attention, including his representation of Dominion Voting Systems in its historic defamation suits against Fox News and others, as well as his representation of the former shareholders of Yukos Oil against the Russian Federation seeking to confirm \$50 billion in arbitral awards. Zach was named to Benchmark Litigation's 40 and Under Hot List in 2022 and 2023, and was identified as a Next Generation Leading Lawyer by *Lawdragon* in 2023

Some of Zach's notable results and representations are:

- Dominion Voting Systems Defamation Suits. Zach represented
   Dominion Voting Systems in its suit against Fox News (Del. Super.),
   which resulted in a <a href="https://doi.org/10.10/">historic \$787.5 million settlement</a>. He also represents
   Dominion in other defamation suits, including one against Mike Lindell (D.D.C.). In the Lindell suit, Zach secured <a href="mailto:complete dismissal">complete dismissal</a> of Lindell's counterclaims against Dominion; you can read Zach's winning briefs here and here.
- Wren v. Transamerica Life Insurance Company (9th Circuit) Zach
  represents a putative class of life insurance policyholders in a breach-ofcontract case against Transamerica Life Insurance Company, challenging
  its failure to pay certain policy benefits. After the district court dismissed
  the claims on summary judgment, Zach briefed and argued the case at

- the Ninth Circuit, obtaining a <u>full reversal</u>. You can read Zach's winning briefs here and here, and you can watch Zach's argument here.
- Hulley Enterprises v. Russian Federation (D.D.C.) Zach represents the
  former investors in Russian oil and gas company Yukos, seeking
  confirmation of a \$50 billion arbitral award against the Russian
  Federation. Zach played a key role in briefing the Russian Federation's
  sovereign immunity motion to dismiss, which the District Court denied.
- PHT Holding I LLC v. Security Life of Denver Insurance Company (D. Colo.) Zach represented a class of life insurance policyholders in a breach-of-contract suit against Security Life of Denver challenging increases to cost-of-insurance charges. Zach secured class certification of a 31-state class on a state law breach-of-contract claim. On the eve of trial, the parties settled for \$30 million, a settlement the Court subsequently approved.
- GE v. Nebraska Investment Finance Authority (S.D.N.Y.) Won breachof-contract jury verdict for General Electric, obtaining relief valued at over
  \$100 million. The suit, against the Nebraska Investment Finance
  Authority, concerned above-market interest payments under the parties'
  investment contracts. On appeal, the Second Circuit affirmed the
  verdict. See GE Funding Capital Markets Services, Inc. v. Nebraska
  Investment Finance Authority, 767 Fed. App'x 110 (2d Cir. 2019).
- Avi Dorfman v. Compass (New York Supreme Court, New York County) Represented Avi Dorfman in a co-founder dispute against real estate brokerage Compass. After seven years of litigation, the parties settled on confidential terms, with Compass acknowledging Dorfman's role as a founding team member.

# Notable Representations

#### **Business Disputes**

- GE v. Nebraska Investment Finance Authority (S.D.N.Y.) Won breach-of-contract jury verdict for General Electric, obtaining relief valued at over \$100 million. The suit, against the Nebraska Investment Finance Authority, concerned above-market interest payments under the parties' investment contracts. On appeal, the Second Circuit affirmed the verdict.. See GE Funding Capital Markets Services, Inc. v. Nebraska Investment Finance Authority, 767 Fed. App'x 110 (2d Cir. 2019).
- Confidential Family Office Arbitration. Representing former employees
  of family office in dispute concerning alleged breaches restrictive
  covenants and fiduciary duties.
- Synergy Global Outsourcing LLC v. Hinduja Global Solutions, Inc. Defended U.S. subsidiary of publicly traded Indian company, Hinduja Global Solutions, Inc in breach-of-contract and fiduciary duty litigation in Texas state court.

- Confidential Sports Agency Arbitration. Representing sports agency in confidential arbitration concerning departure of agents to competing agency.
- Innovius v. Sharp Corporation (Texas State Court, Dallas County) Represented patent licensing business, Innovius, in a lawsuit against Sharp Corporation concerning the breach of a multi-million dollar patent licensing agreement. The parties settled on confidential terms.
- Confidential Investment Fund Arbitration. Represented individual against former investment fund employer in confidential arbitration concerning multi-million dollar partnership dispute. The parties settled on confidential terms.

#### **Mass Actions**

- Wren v. Transamerica Life Insurance Company (9th Circuit) Zach represents a putative class of life insurance policyholders in a breach-of-contract case against Transamerica Life Insurance Company, challenging its failure to pay certain policy benefits. After the district court dismissed the claims on summary judgment, Zach briefed and argued the case at the Ninth Circuit, obtaining a <u>full reversal</u>. You can read Zach's winning briefs <u>here</u> and <u>here</u>, and you can watch Zach's argument <u>here</u>.
- Leonard v. John Hancock (S.D.N.Y.) Secured final approval of a \$123 million settlement on behalf of a class of life insurance policyholders in breach-of-contract suit against John Hancock who challenged its increases to cost-of-insurance charges. Read more (subscription required).
- Farneth v. Walmart (W.D. Pa.) Represented Walmart in a certified class action in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania challenging Walmart's collection of sales tax on certain in-store transactions.
- PHT Holding I LLC v. Security Life of Denver (D. Colo.) Represented a
  class of life insurance policyholders in a breach-of-contract suit against
  Security Life of Denver challenging increases to cost-of-insurance
  charges. Zach secured class certification of a 31-state class on a state
  law breach-of-contract claim. On the eve of trial, the parties settled for \$30
  million, a settlement the Court subsequently approved.

#### **International Disputes**

- Vertical Aviation v. Government of Trinidad &
   Tobago (S.D.N.Y) Represented international aviation financing and
   leasing company Vertical Aviation in a breach-of-contract action against
   the Government of Trinidad & Tobago. The parties settled on confidential
   terms.
- U.S. v. Prevezon Holdings Ltd (2nd Cir.) Secured writ of mandamus from the Second Circuit on behalf of third-party hedge fund client

Hermitage Capital, disqualifying its former counsel from representing the defendant in a forfeiture action brought by the United States

# Honors & Distinctions

- Lawdragon 500X The Next Generation of Leading Lawyers (2023, 2024)
- New York Rising Star, Super Lawyers (2023, Thomson Reuters)
- 40 and Under Hot List, Benchmark Litigation (2022, 2023, 2024, Euromoney)
- Managing Editor, NYU Law Review
- Order of the Coif
- Pomeroy Scholar
- Weinfeld Prize for Scholarship in Procedure and Courts
- Furman Academic Scholarship

# Clerkships

Honorable Elena Kagan, Supreme Court of the United States

Honorable Anthony J. Scirica, United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit

Honorable Jesse M. Furman, United States District Court for the Southern District of New York

### **Education**

NYU School of Law (J.D., magna cum laude, 2013)

Princeton University (A.B., summa cum laude, 2008)

### Admissions

#### **Bar Admissions**

New York

#### **Court Admissions**

- U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York
- U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of New York
- U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan
- U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia
- U.S. District Court for the District of Colorado
- U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit
- U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit

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- U.S. Court of Appeals for the Tenth Circuit
- U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit



# Nick Spear

Partner

Los Angeles (310) 789-3100 nspear@susmangodfrey.com

#### Overview

Nick Spear litigates high-stakes and high-profile matters across the United States, representing both plaintiffs and defendants and regularly facing-off against industry titans. Spear has tried cases in federal trial and appellate courts, state courts, and arbitrations across a variety of legal areas including intellectual property, securities, antitrust, breach of contract, insurance, oil and gas, bankruptcy, real property, personal injury, false claims, and employment. Spear's cases have been covered by the *Los Angeles Times*, the *Associated Press*, and numerous industry publications.

Spear's successes have garnered significant recognition, including Lawdragon's 500 X – The Next Generation in 2023 and 2024, Southern California Super Lawyers Rising Star (Thomson Reuters) from 2021–2024, Rising Stars of the Plaintiffs Bar by National Law Journal's Elite Trial Lawyers and Litigation Trailblazers by National Law Journal (ALM). Due to his active pro bono practice, Spear was also named a California Lawyer Attorney of the Year by The Daily Journal in 2023 for his work on behalf of a tenants' rights organization.

#### LANDMARK LITIGATION

Spear is at the forefront of protecting policyholders from improper insurance charges by the nation's largest insurers and has secured nearly \$300 million to date in recoveries after taking on insurance companies such as Voya, North American, Genworth, Phoenix, Midland, Wilton Re, and John Hancock. For example, in *PHT Holding II LLC v. North American Company for Life and Health Insurance* (S.D. Iowa), Spear secured a settlement valued at \$59 million (before fees and expenses) in a certified class action lawsuit alleging that North American overcharged policy holders for their universal life insurance. Likewise, in *Helen Hanks v. Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Co.* (S.D.N.Y.), Spear secured a deal valued at over \$118 million

(before fees and expenses), which included a \$92.5 million non-reversionary cash settlement fund, for thousands of insurance policy owners against Voya Retirement Insurance and Annuity Company over allegations that Voya improperly raised policyholders' cost-of-insurance charges. In 37 Besen Parkway LLC v. John Hancock Life Insurance Co. (S.D.N.Y.), Spear helped secure a \$91.25 million all-cash, non-reversionary settlement for insurance policy owners against John Hancock Life Insurance Co over allegations that Hancock breached the life insurance contracts of the class (before fees and expenses). Read more <a href="here">here</a> (subscription required). Spear also argued on behalf of the appellee in TVPX Ars, Inc. v. Genworth Life and Annuity Insurance Co., which is pending in the United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit. That argument is available <a href="here">here</a>.

In <u>State of California v. Cellco Partnership</u> (Sac. Super. Ct.), Spear served as co-lead counsel to some of the largest government entities in California—including the University of California system, the California State University System, and the County of Los Angeles—in a ground-breaking California False Claims Act lawsuit against several major wireless carriers. The carriers were alleged to have fraudulently overbilled their government customers for wireless services by failing to provide contractually required "lowest cost available" service. Spear played a key role in the matter, leading efforts to pursue the offensive case against AT&T. In total, the four telecommunications giants—AT&T, Verizon, Sprint, and T-Mobile—agreed pay \$175 million to the government plaintiffs in California and Nevada, including over \$50 million from AT&T alone (net settlement after fees and expenses not yet determined). These record-setting settlements are among the largest of their kind in California. Read more in the <u>Los Angeles Times</u>" coverage.

Spear also tries cases at the cutting edges of law, technology, and science. In Jane Doe v. MindGeek USA Inc. (C.D. Cal.), Spear represents a certified class of plaintiffs bringing sex trafficking and child pornography claims against one of the world's largest pornography companies. Spear is also active in digital assets and cryptocurrency litigation, representing a certified class bringing unregistered securities claims in In re Ripple Labs (N.D. Cal.) and being appointed counsel for Lead Plaintiff in Houghton v. Leshner, et al. (N.D. Cal.), a putative unregistered securities class action. Spear also represents a major research university in trade secret litigation relating to protein degradation

#### PRO BONO & COMMUNITY LEADERSHIP

Spear maintains an robust pro bono practice. He represents a tenant advocacy group helping defend the constitutionality of eviction protections for renters enacted by the City of Oakland and Alameda County in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic. The *Daily Journal* profiled Spear and his colleagues for their work in this area and named them a *California Lawyer Attorney of the* Year in 2023 for their critical work. Read more in the *San Francisco Chronicle* and *Law360* (subscription required).

Spear is also actively involved in his legal community. He served as President of the Barristers/Young Attorneys section of the Los Angeles County Bar Association (LACBA) from 2023–2024, representing the interests of thousands of early-career attorneys across Los Angeles County. Spear also served on LACBA's Executive Committee and Board of Trustees from 2022–2024. He will serve as Past President of the Barristers/Young Attorneys section in 2024–2025 and will Co-Chair LACBA's New Attorneys Reception. Spear is also actively involved in the Judge Paul R. Michel Intellectual Property American Inn of Court and previously served on the Advisory Board of the Western Center on Law and Poverty where he has helped raise thousands of dollars to support Western Center's mission to protect California's most vulnerable citizens.

Spear has spent more than a decade as a counselor for the American Legion California Boys & Girls State program, one of the nation's premier governmental education programs for high school students, and currently serves as one of the program's Legal and Elections counselors. Spear also sits on the Board of Directors of the California Boys & Girls State Foundation.

#### **BACKGROUND**

Spear previously served as law clerk to the Honorable Andrew D. Hurwitz of the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit and to the Honorable Philip S. Gutierrez of United States District Court for the Central District of California.

Spear earned his JD from University of Chicago Law School where he graduated order of the coif and with high honors, and his Bachelor of Arts degree from UCLA, where he graduated *cum laude* and Phi Beta Kappa

# Honors & Distinctions

- Lawyer on the Fast Track, The Recorder (2024, ALM)
- Lawdragon 500X The Next Generation of Leading Lawyers (2023, 2024)
- California Lawyer Attorney of the Year, Daily Journal (2023)
- Recommended Lawyer, Energy Litigation: Oil & Gas, The Legal 500 (2022, Legalease)
- <u>Litigation Trailblazer</u>, *National Law Journal's* Elite Trial Lawyers (2021, ALM)
- Rising Star of the Plaintiffs Bar, National Law Journal's Elite Trial Lawyers (2021, ALM)
- Southern California Rising Star, Super Lawyers (2021, 2022, 2023 Thomson Reuters)
- Comments Editor, The University of Chicago Law Review
- · Order of the Coif, University of Chicago Law School

- Kirkland & Ellis Scholar, University of Chicago Law School
- The Ann Watson Barber Outstanding Service Award, University of Chicago Law School
- The Thomas R. Mulroy Prize for Excellence in Appellate Advocacy and Oral Argument, University of Chicago Law School
- Phi Beta Kappa, UCLA

# Clerkships

Honorable Andrew D. Hurwitz, United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit

Honorable Philip S. Gutierrez, United States District Court for the Central District of California

### Education

The University of Chicago Law School (J.D., with High Honors, 2014)

· Order of the Coif

**The University of California, Los Angeles** (A.B., Political Science, cum laude, 2009)

· College Honors, Phi Beta Kappa

# Admissions

#### **Bar Admissions**

California

#### **Court Admissions**

- U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit
- U.S. Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit
- U.S. District Court for the Central District of California
- U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of California
- U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California
- U.S. District Court for the Southern District of California

# Leadership & Professional Memberships

- American Bar Association
- American Bar Foundation, Fellow
- Association of Business Trial Lawyers
- California Lawyers Association

#### susmangodfrey.com

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- · Federal Bar Association
- Judge Paul R. Michel Intellectual Property American Inn of Court
- Los Angeles County Bar Association, Executive Committee



# Jeff Melsheimer

Associate

New York (212) 336-8330 jmelsheimer@susmangodfrey.com

### Overview

Jeff Melsheimer litigates high stakes legal matters across a variety of practice areas including intellectual property, qui tam, defamation, oil & gas, and complex contract and business disputes.

Jeff plays an integral role on every team he is on. He takes the lead on writing briefs, complaints, and Federal Circuit appeals. He took a patent case to trial in Texas Federal Court where he cross examined a witness and led efforts on the infringement portion of the case.

Jeff joined Susman Godfrey after clerking for the Honorable Alan D Albright of the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Texas. Jeff is a member of Judge Albright's Working Group, which collaborates to provide input on rules governing patent proceedings in Waco, Texas.

Jeff graduated *cum laude* and Order of the Coif from the University of Texas School of Law, where he served as an associate editor of the *Texas Law Review*. While in law school, Jeff was an active member of the Children's Rights Clinic, where he sat first chair as an attorney ad litem for children in termination of parental rights cases. During this time Jeff took one case to trial, delivering the opening statement and examining two witnesses. Before law school, Jeff graduated *cum laude* from the University of Notre Dame, where he majored in Political Science and minored in Business Economics.

Clerkships

Honorable Alan Albright, United States District Court for the Western District Of Texas

Education susmangodfrey.com

#### The University of Texas School of Law (J.D., with Honors)

- Order of the Coif;
- Associate Editor, Texas Law Review

The University of Notre Dame (B.A., cum laude)

## Admissions

#### **Bar Admissions**

- New York
- Texas

#### **Court Admissions**

U.S. District Court for the Western District of Texas

# EXHIBIT 2

**EXECUTION COPY** 

### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND DIVISION

MARTIN SILVERSTEIN, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,

Civil Action No. 3:23cv684

Plaintiff,

v.

GENWORTH LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Defendant.

#### JOINT STIPULATION AND SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED, subject to the Court's approval and pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, by and between: (i) Plaintiff Martin Silverstein ("Plaintiff"), individually and on behalf of the Class; and (ii) Defendant Genworth Life Insurance Company ("GLIC"), that the causes of action and matters raised by and related to this lawsuit, as captioned above, are hereby settled and compromised on the terms and conditions set forth in this Joint Stipulation and Settlement Agreement.

This Agreement is made and entered into by and between Plaintiff and GLIC and is intended to fully, finally, and forever resolve, discharge, and settle the Action and the Released Claims (both as described below) upon and subject to the terms and conditions hereof.

Capitalized terms in this Agreement shall have the meaning set forth at Section VII below.

#### I. SETTLEMENT RELIEF

#### A. Cash Consideration to the Settlement Class

1. GLIC agrees to fund the Settlement Fund in the amount of \$5,100,000. GLIC shall deposit the Settlement Fund into the Settlement Fund Account no later than seven (7) business

days after the date that the Court grants preliminary approval of this Settlement. The Settlement Fund shall be reduced due to Opt-Outs as provided in Paragraph 2 below.

- 2. For all Owners who submit timely and valid requests for exclusion from the Settlement Class, the Settlement Fund shall be reduced on a pro rata basis by an amount that is calculated by multiplying the amount of the Settlement Fund (*i.e.*, \$5,100,000) by a fraction where (i) the numerator is the combined Specified Amount, as of June 30, 2024, (as that term is defined in the Policies) of the Policies that opt out of the Settlement Class and (ii) the denominator is the total Specified Amount, as of June 30, 2024, of all Policies owned by members of the Class. By way of example, if 1% of the total Specified Amount of all Policies owned by members of the Class are attributable to Opt-Outs, the Settlement Fund will be reduced by 1%.
- 3. Any disputes regarding the reduction of the Settlement Fund as provided in Paragraph 2 above shall first be presented to Magistrate Judge Colombell for potential resolution, and, absent voluntary resolution, to the Court for a determination. The Owners of Policies that do not timely and validly opt out during the Opt-Out Period constitute the Settlement Class. For the avoidance of doubt, if an Owner (such as a securities intermediary or trustee) owns multiple policies on behalf of different principals, that Owner may stay in the Settlement Class as to some Policies and opt out of the Settlement Class for other Policies. The Parties agree that the opt-out reduction methodology set forth in Paragraph 2 above is proposed solely for settlement purposes and may not be used as an admission or evidence of the validity of any damages model regarding any alleged wrongdoing by GLIC.
- 4. Simultaneously herewith, Plaintiff and GLIC are executing a "Supplemental Agreement" setting forth certain conditions under which this Agreement may be withdrawn or terminated at GLIC's sole discretion if Owners who meet certain criteria exclude themselves from

the Settlement Class. The Supplemental Agreement shall not be filed with the Court, except that the Supplemental Agreement and/or its contents may be brought to the attention of the Court, in camera, if so requested by the Court or as otherwise ordered by the Court. The Parties will keep the terms of the Supplemental Agreement confidential, except if compelled by judicial process to disclose them. Should the Court require that the Supplemental Agreement be filed with the Court, Plaintiff and GLIC shall jointly request that it be filed under seal.

- 5. The Net Settlement Fund shall be distributed to the Settlement Class pursuant to a distribution formula or other process to be developed by Class Counsel and approved by the Court. GLIC will not oppose any such proposed plan of allocation.
- 6. Under no circumstances shall GLIC be liable or obligated to pay any fees, expenses, costs, or disbursements to any person in connection with the Action, this Agreement, or the Settlement other than the Final Settlement Fund amount, which represents GLIC's total and maximum contribution to this Settlement, inclusive of all relief to the Settlement Class, Class Counsel's Fees and Expenses, Incentive Award, and Settlement Administration Fees.

#### **B.** Non-Cash Consideration to the Settlement Class

- 7. GLIC agrees that COI rates on the Class Policies will not be increased above the COI Rate Scales adopted under the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment until after October 25, 2029. Subject to and without waiving the provision provided for in the preceding sentence, nothing in this Agreement shall otherwise restrict GLIC from making adjustments or recommending adjustments to the COI Rates that comply with the terms of any Class Policy.
- 8. Plaintiff and the Settlement Class agree that GLIC may continue to implement the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment and further agree not to take any legal action or cause to take any legal action challenging (i) any COI Rates and/or COI Rate Scales adopted under the 2019 COI Rate

Adjustment or (ii) GLIC's continued implementation of the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment. The covenant set forth in this paragraph shall not be interpreted to limit the scope of the Released Claims.

9. GLIC agrees to not take any legal action (including asserting as an affirmative defense or counterclaim), or cause to take any legal action, that seeks to void, rescind, cancel, have declared void, or seeks to deny coverage under or deny a death claim for any Class Policy based on: (1) an alleged lack of valid insurable interest under any applicable law or equitable principles; or (2) any misrepresentation allegedly made on or related to the application for, or otherwise made in applying for the policy. The covenant set forth in this paragraph is solely prospective and does not apply to any actions taken by GLIC in the past. With the exception of the foregoing, nothing contained in this Agreement shall otherwise restrict GLIC from: (i) following its normal procedures and any applicable legal requirements regarding claims processing, including but not limited to confirming the death of the insured; determining the proper beneficiary to whom payment should be made in accordance with applicable laws, the terms of the policy, and policyspecific documents filed with GLIC; and investigating and responding to competing claims for death benefits; (ii) enforcing contract terms and applicable laws with respect to misstatements regarding the age or gender of the insured; (iii) complying with any court order, law or regulatory requirements or requests, including but not limited to, compliance with regulations relating to the Office of Foreign Asset Control, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and Financial Crimes Enforcement Network; (iv) taking action with respect to any alleged misrepresentations made in connection with an application to reinstate a Class Policy that was made after the date this Agreement is executed; or (v) refusing to pay a death claim on a policy that is determined to be invalid or void through no action by GLIC.

#### II. PRELIMINARY APPROVAL AND CLASS NOTICE

- approval of the Settlement, which shall include a request to notify the Class of the Settlement and provide a period during which Owners can request exclusion from the Class. Plaintiff will share a draft of the motion seeking approval of the Settlement (and all other settlement related filings, including proposed Class Notice forms, but excluding Class Counsel's Motion for Plaintiff's Incentive Award and Class Counsel's Fees and Expenses) with GLIC no less than three (3) business days before it is filed (except for the papers in support of Preliminary Approval, which shall be shared no less than one (1) business day before it is filed). GLIC will not oppose the motion or any proposed Class Notice plan. To the extent the Court finds that the Settlement does not meet the standard for preliminary approval, the Parties will negotiate in good faith to modify the Settlement directly or with the assistance of Magistrate Judge Colombell and endeavor to resolve the issue(s) to the satisfaction of the Court.
- 11. Plaintiff's form of Class Notice will include direct mailing on a short-form postcard sent to Owners using address information that is available from GLIC's files as well as publication of a long-form notice on a settlement website.
- 12. The Class Notice shall advise Owners of their right to opt out of the Settlement Class and the last date of the Opt-Out Period. A request to opt out must be in writing and served on the Settlement Administrator, postmarked no later than the last date of the Opt-Out Period.
- 13. A request to opt out must (i) clearly state the Owner's desire to opt out from the Settlement Class; (ii) identify the Policy or Policies to be excluded by policy number; and (iii) be signed by the Owner or by a person providing a valid power of attorney to act on behalf of the Owner.

- 14. Settlement Class Members may object to this Settlement by filing a written objection with the Court and serving any such written objection on counsel for the respective Parties (as identified in the Class Notice) no later than forty-five (45) calendar days after the Notice Date, or as otherwise determined by the Court. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, the objection must contain: (1) the full name, address, telephone number, and email address, if any, of the Settlement Class Member; (2) the Policy number; (3) a written statement of all grounds for the objection accompanied by any legal support for the objection (if any); (4) copies of any papers, briefs, or other documents upon which the objection is based; (5) a statement of whether the Settlement Class Member intends to appear at the Fairness Hearing; and (6) the signature of the Settlement Class Member or his/her counsel. If an objecting Settlement Class Member intends to appear at the Fairness Hearing through counsel, the written objection must also state the identity of all attorneys representing the objecting Settlement Class Member who will appear at the Fairness Hearing. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, Settlement Class Members who do not timely make their objections as provided in this paragraph will be deemed to have waived all objections and shall not be heard or have the right to appeal approval of the Settlement. The Class Notice shall advise Settlement Class Members of their right to object and the manner required to do so.
- 15. Within ten (10) calendar days following the filing of this Agreement with the Court, GLIC shall serve notices of the proposed Settlement upon appropriate officials in compliance with the requirements of the Class Action Fairness Act ("CAFA"), 28 U.S.C. §1715.

#### III. INCENTIVE AWARD AND FEES AND EXPENSES

16. Plaintiff may move for the payment of an Incentive Award from the Final Settlement Fund in an amount up to but not more than \$25,000. GLIC will not oppose Plaintiff's

motion. An Incentive Award shall be made to Plaintiff in addition to, and shall not diminish or prejudice in any way, any settlement relief which he may be eligible to receive.

- 17. Class Counsel may move for an award of attorneys' fees not to exceed 33 1/3% of the Final Settlement Fund, in addition to reimbursement for all expenses incurred by them or to be incurred by them, payable only from the Final Settlement Fund. Class Counsel's Fees and Expenses, as awarded by the Court, shall be paid from the Final Settlement Fund, and may be paid, at Class Counsel's option, immediately upon entry of an order approving such fees and expenses, or at a later date if required by the Court. GLIC agrees not to oppose Class Counsel's motion for Class Counsel's Fees and Expenses to the extent Plaintiff's request does not exceed the amounts set forth above.
- 18. Neither Plaintiff nor GLIC shall be liable or obligated to pay any fees, expenses, costs, or disbursements to any person, either directly or indirectly, in connection with the Action, this Agreement, or the Settlement, other than those expressly provided in this Agreement.
- 19. The Parties agree that the Settlement is not conditioned on the Court's approval of an Incentive Award or Class Counsel's Fees and Expenses.

### IV. TAX REPORTING AND NO PREVAILING PARTY

- 20. Any person or entity receiving any payment or consideration pursuant to this Agreement shall alone be responsible for the reporting and payment of any federal, state, and/or local income or other form of tax on any payment or consideration made pursuant to this Agreement, and GLIC shall not have obligations to report or pay any federal, state, and/or local income or other form of tax on any payment or consideration made pursuant to this Agreement.
- 21. All taxes resulting from the tax liabilities of the Settlement Fund shall be paid solely out of the Final Settlement Fund.
  - 22. No Party shall be deemed the prevailing party of this Action for any purpose.

#### V. RELEASES AND WAIVERS

- 23. Upon the Final Settlement Date, the Releasing Parties shall be deemed to have, and by operation of the Order and Judgment shall have, fully, finally, and forever released, relinquished, and discharged the Released Parties of and from all Released Claims. The Released Claims do not include any Excluded Claims.
- 24. The Releasing Parties hereby expressly further agree that they shall not now or hereafter institute, maintain, assert, join, or participate in, either directly or indirectly, on their own behalf, on behalf of a class, or on behalf of any other person or entity, any action or proceeding of any kind against the Released Parties asserting Released Claims.
- 25. With respect to any Released Claims under this Agreement, the Parties stipulate and agree that, upon the Final Settlement Date, the Releasing Parties shall be deemed to have, and by operation of the Order and Judgment shall have expressly waived and relinquished, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the provisions, rights, and benefits of Section 1542 of the California Civil Code, which provides:

A general release does not extend to claims that the creditor or releasing party does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release and that, if known by him or her, would have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor or released party.

The Releasing Parties shall upon the Final Settlement Date be deemed to have, and by operation of the Order and Judgment shall have, waived any and all provisions, rights, or benefits conferred by any law of any state or territory of the United States, or principle of common law, which is similar, comparable, or equivalent to Section 1542 of the California Civil Code. The Releasing Parties may hereafter discover facts in addition to or different from those that they now know or believe to be true with respect to the subject matter of the Released Claims, but the

Releasing Parties upon the Final Settlement Date, shall be deemed to have, and by operation of the Order and Judgment shall have fully, finally, and forever settled and released any and all Released Claims, known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, contingent or noncontingent, whether or not concealed or hidden, which now exist, or heretofore have existed upon any theory of law or equity now existing or coming into existence in the future, including, but not limited to, conduct relating to the Released Claims that is negligent, intentional, with or without malice, or any breach of any duty, law, or rule without regard to subsequent discovery or existence of such different or additional facts.

- 26. Nothing in this Release shall preclude any action to enforce the terms of this Agreement.
- 27. The scope of the Released Claims or Released Parties shall not be impaired in any way by the failure of any Settlement Class Member to actually receive the benefits provided for under this Agreement.
- 28. Notwithstanding the foregoing, for purposes of clarification only, this Agreement shall not release GLIC from paying any future death benefits that may be owed.

### VI. <u>OTHER PROVISIONS</u>

29. The Parties: (i) acknowledge that it is their intent to consummate this Agreement, (ii) agree to cooperate in good faith to the extent reasonably necessary to effect and implement all terms and conditions of the Agreement and to exercise their best efforts to fulfill the foregoing terms and conditions of the Agreement, and (iii) agree to cooperate in good faith to obtain preliminary and final approval of the Settlement and to finalize the Settlement. The Parties agree that the amounts paid in the Settlement and the other terms of the Settlement were negotiated in good faith, and at arm's length by the Parties, with the assistance of the Mediator and Magistrate Judge Colombell, following mediation sessions before the Mediator on March 4, 2024, March 7,

2024 and April 9, 2024 and a settlement conference before Magistrate Judge Colombell on June 26, 2024, and reflect a settlement that was reached voluntarily after consultation with competent legal counsel.

- 30. No person or entity shall have any claim against Class Counsel, the Settlement Administrator, GLIC's counsel, or any of the Released Parties based on actions taken substantially in accordance with the Agreement and the Settlement contained therein or further orders of the Court.
- 31. GLIC specifically and generally denies any and all liability or wrongdoing of any sort with regard to any of the Claims in the Action and makes no concessions or admissions of liability of any sort. Neither this Agreement, nor the Settlement, nor any drafts or communications related thereto, nor any act performed or document executed pursuant to, or in furtherance of, the Agreement or the Settlement: (i) is or may be deemed to be or may be used as an admission of, or evidence of, the validity of any Claims, or of any wrongdoing or liability of the Released Parties, or any of them; or (ii) is or may be deemed to be or may be used as an admission of, or evidence of, any fault or omission of the Released Parties, or any of them, in any civil, criminal or administrative proceeding in any court, administrative agency, or other tribunal. Nothing in this paragraph shall prevent GLIC and/or any of the Released Parties from using this Agreement and Settlement or the Order and Judgment in any action that may be brought against them in order to support a defense or counterclaim based on principles of *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, release, good faith settlement, judgment bar or reduction, or any other theory of claim preclusion or issue preclusion or similar defense or counterclaim.
- 32. GLIC agrees promptly to provide, or cause to be provided, all data reasonably necessary for Class Counsel to effectuate the distribution of the Class Notice, to determine the

payment allocations to Settlement Class Members, and to send payments to Settlement Class Members.

- 33. The Parties agree that if this Agreement or the Settlement fails to be approved, fails to become effective, otherwise fails to be consummated, is declared void, or if there is no Final Settlement Date, then the Parties will be returned to *status quo ante*, as if this Agreement had never been negotiated or executed, except that no incurred Settlement Administration Expenses shall be recouped. Each Party will be restored to the place it was in as of the date this Agreement was signed with the right to assert in the Action any argument or defense that was available to it at that time.
- 34. Except as expressly provided herein, nothing in this Agreement shall change the terms of any Policy. Nothing in this Agreement shall preclude any action to enforce the terms of this Agreement.
- 35. The Parties agree, to the extent permitted by law, that all agreements made and orders entered during the course of the Action relating to confidentiality of information shall survive this Agreement. To the extent Class Counsel or the Settlement Administrator requires Confidential Information to effectuate the terms of this Agreement, the terms of the Protective Order entered in the Action on March 20, 2024 (Dkt. No. 43) shall apply to any information necessary to effectuate the terms of this Agreement.
- 36. This Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written instrument signed by or on behalf of all Parties or their respective successors-in-interest. No waiver of any provision of this Agreement or consent to any departure by either Party therefrom shall be effective unless the same shall be in writing, signed by the Parties or their counsel, and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the purpose for which given. No amendment

or modification made to this Agreement pursuant to this paragraph shall require any additional notice to the Settlement Class Members, including written or publication notice, unless ordered by the Court. Plaintiff and Class Counsel agree not to seek such additional notice. The Parties may provide updates on any amendments or modifications made to this Agreement on the website as described in Paragraph 11.

- 37. Each person executing the Agreement on behalf of any Party hereby warrants that such person has the full authority to do so.
- 38. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts. All executed counterparts and each of them shall be deemed to be one and the same instrument. Furthermore, electronically signed PDF versions or copies of original signatures may be accepted as actual signatures and will have the same force and effect as the original. A complete set of executed counterparts shall be filed with the Court.
- 39. The Agreement shall be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the successors, heirs, and assigns of the Parties hereto. This Agreement is not designed to and does not create any third-party beneficiaries either express or implied, except for the Settlement Class Members.
- 40. The language of all parts of this Agreement shall in all cases be construed as a whole, according to its fair meaning, and not strictly for or against any Party. No Party shall be deemed the drafter of this Agreement. The Parties acknowledge that the terms of this Agreement are contractual and are the product of arms-length negotiations between the Parties and their counsel. Each Party and its respective counsel cooperated in the drafting and preparation of this Agreement. In any construction to be made of this Agreement, the Agreement shall not be construed against any Party.

- 41. Other than necessary disclosures made to the Court or the Settlement Administrator, this Agreement and all related information and communication shall be held strictly confidential by Plaintiff, Class Counsel, and their agents until such time as the Parties file this Agreement with the Court.
- 42. The Parties and their counsel further agree that their discussions and the information exchanged in the course of negotiating this Settlement are confidential under the terms of the mediation agreement signed by the Parties in connection with the mediation sessions with the Mediator, the settlement conference before Magistrate Judge Colombell, and any follow-up negotiations between the Parties' counsel. Such exchanged information was made available on the condition that neither the Parties nor their counsel may disclose it to third parties (other than experts or consultants retained by the Parties in connection with the Action and subject to confidentiality restrictions), that it not be the subject of public comment, and that it not be publicly disclosed or used by the Parties or their counsel in any way in the Action should it not settle, or in any other proceeding; provided however, that nothing contained herein shall prohibit the Parties from seeking such information through formal discovery if not previously requested through formal discovery or from referring to the existence of such information in connection with the Settlement of the Action.
- 43. This Agreement shall be governed by and interpreted in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia, without reference to its choice-of-law or conflict-of-laws rules.
- 44. The Court shall retain jurisdiction with respect to the implementation and enforcement of the terms of this Agreement and any discovery sought from or concerning objectors to this Agreement. All Parties hereto submit to the jurisdiction of the Court for purposes of implementing and enforcing the Settlement embodied in the Agreement.

#### **EXECUTION COPY**

- 45. Whenever this Agreement requires or contemplates that one Party shall or may give notice to the other, notice shall be provided by e-mail and/or next-day (excluding Saturday and Sunday) express delivery service as follows:
  - (a) If to GLIC, then to:

Brian E. Pumphrey
McGuireWoods LLP
Gateway Plaza

800 East Canal Street Richmond, VA 23219-3916

Phone: 804-775-1000 Fax: 804-775-1061

bpumphrey@mcguirewoods.com

Patrick J. Gennardo
ALSTON & BIRD LLP
90 Park Avenue, 15th Floor
New York, NY 10016-1387
Phone: 212-210-9400

Fax: 212-210-9444

patrick.gennardo@alston.com

(b) If to Plaintiff or the Class, then to:

Steven G. Sklaver

Susman Godfrey L.L.P.

1900 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 1400

Los Angeles, CA 90067-6029

Tel: 310-789-3100 Fax: 310-789-3150

ssklaver@susmangodfrey.com

- 46. The Parties reserve the right to agree between themselves (with approval of the Court, if necessary) on any reasonable extensions of time that might be necessary to carry out any of the provisions of this Agreement.
- 47. All time periods set forth herein shall be computed in calendar days unless otherwise expressly provided. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by this Agreement or by order of any court, the day of the act, event, or default from which the designated period of time begins to run shall not be included. Each other day of the period to be computed shall be included, including the last day thereof, unless such last day is a Saturday, a Sunday, or a legal holiday, or, when the act to be done is the filing of a paper in court on a day in which the court is closed during regular business hours. In any event, the period runs until the end of the next

day that is not a Saturday, a Sunday, a legal holiday, or a day on which the court is closed. When a time period is less than seven (7) business days, intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, legal holidays, and days on which the court is closed shall be excluded from the computation. As used in this paragraph, legal holidays include New Year's Day, Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Lincoln's Birthday, Washington's Birthday, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Juneteenth, Independence Day, Labor Day, Columbus Day, Election Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day and any other day appointed as a holiday by Federal law or Virginia Law.

#### VII. DEFINITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION

- 48. "Action" means the lawsuit, captioned *Martin Silverstein v. Genworth Life Insurance Company*, Case No. 3:23-cv-684, currently pending in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia.
  - 49. "Agreement" means this Joint Stipulation and Settlement Agreement.
- 50. "Claims" means all suits, claims, cross-claims, counter-claims, controversies, liabilities, demands, obligations, debts, indemnities, costs, fees, expenses, losses, liens, actions, or causes of action (however denominated), including Unknown Claims, of any nature, character, or description, whether in law, contract, statute, or equity, direct or indirect, whether known or unknown, foreseen or not foreseen, accrued or not yet accrued, present or contingent, for any injury, damage, obligation, or loss whatsoever, including but not limited to compensatory damages, statutory damages, liquidated damages, exemplary damages, punitive damages, losses, costs, expenses, or attorneys' fees.
- 51. "Class" means all Owners of Gold and Gold II universal life insurance policies issued, insured, or assumed by GLIC, or its predecessors or successors, whose COI Rate Scales were changed as a result of the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment. Specifically excluded from the Class are Class Counsel and their employees, GLIC, its officers and directors and their immediate family

members; the Court, the Court's staff, and their immediate family members; and the heirs, successors or assigns of any of the foregoing. Also excluded from the Class are owners of Gold and Gold II policies that have terminated as a result of the death of the insured on or before June 30, 2024, where the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment did not result in an Incremental COI Deduction before the death of the insured.

- 52. "Class Counsel" means Susman Godfrey L.L.P.
- 53. "Class Counsel's Fees and Expenses" means the amount of the award approved by the Court to be paid to Class Counsel from the Final Settlement Fund for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of Class Counsel's costs and expenses.
- 54. "Class Notice" means the notice of the Settlement approved by the Court to be sent by the Settlement Administrator to the Class.
- 55. "Class Policy" means any Policy for which an Owner is a Settlement Class Member. "Class Policies" means all of the Policies for which the Owners are Settlement Class Members.
  - 56. "COI" means cost of insurance.
- 57. "COI Deduction" means the amount deducted from a Policy's value each month for COI.
- 58. "COI Rate(s)" means the rates used to calculate the COI Deduction. For the purpose of this Agreement, "COI Rates" include Monthly Risk Rates, as that term is defined in the Policies.
- 59. "COI Rate Scale(s)" means the schedule of COI Rates applicable to each Policy for all years that the Policy is in force.

- 60. "2019 COI Rate Adjustment" means the change in COI Rate Scales applicable to the Policies, announced in 2019 and effective beginning December 1, 2019, in which new COI Rate tables were adopted for the Policies.
- 61. "Court" means The United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, Hon. David J. Novak.
- 62. "Excluded Claims" means new claims that could not have been asserted in the Action because they are based upon a future COI Rate Scale increase that occurs after July 8, 2024 ("New COI Increase Claims"). New COI Increase Claims are limited to claims and damages that could not have been included in the Action because a future COI Rate Scale increase has not yet taken place, but do not include any claims challenging the COI Rates and/or COI Rate Scales adopted under the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment.
- 63. "Fairness Hearing" means the hearing at which the Court considers final approval of the Settlement.
- 64. "Final Approval Date" means the date on which the Court enters its Order and Judgment approving the Settlement.
- 65. "Final Settlement Date" means the date on which the Order and Judgment becomes final, which shall be the latest of: (i) the date of final affirmance on any appeal of the Order and Judgment; (ii) the date of final dismissal with prejudice of the last pending appeal from the Order and Judgment; or (iii) if no appeal is filed, the expiration of the time for filing or noticing any form of valid appeal from the Order and Judgment.
- 66. "Final Settlement Fund" means the cash fund after any reductions in the amount of the Settlement Fund pursuant to Paragraph 2 of this Agreement. The Final Settlement Fund will be a single qualified settlement fund pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 468B that will be used to pay: (i)

Settlement Administration Expenses; (ii) any Incentive Award; (iii) any of Class Counsel's Fees and Expenses awarded by the Court; (iv) all payments to the Settlement Class; and (v) any other payments provided for under this Agreement or the Order and Judgment. There will be no reversion of any portion of the Final Settlement Fund to GLIC. All funds held in the Final Settlement Fund and all earnings thereon, shall be deemed to be *in custodia legis* of the Court and shall remain subject to the jurisdiction of the Court until such time as the funds shall have been disbursed pursuant to the terms of this Agreement or further order of the Court.

- 67. "GLIC" means Genworth Life Insurance Company and its predecessor and successor entities.
- 68. "Incentive Award" means the award approved by the Court to be paid to Plaintiff from the Final Settlement Fund, in addition to any settlement relief he may be eligible to receive, to compensate Plaintiff for his efforts undertaken on behalf of the Settlement Class.
- 69. "Incremental COI Deduction" means the difference between the COI Deduction from a Policy as determined under the COI Rate Scale applied to a Policy under the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment and the COI Deduction that would have existed under the COI Rate Scale that applied to the Policy before the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment, where the COI Deduction under the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment is higher than the COI Deduction that would have applied under the previous COI Rate Scale.
- 70. "Magistrate Judge Colombell" means the Honorable Mark R. Colombell, United States Magistrate Judge for the Eastern District of Virginia.
  - 71. "Mediator" means Rodney A. Max, Esq.
- 72. "Net Settlement Fund" means the Final Settlement Fund less (i) Settlement Administration Expenses; (ii) any Incentive Award; (iii) any Class Counsel's Fees and Expenses

awarded by the Court; and (iv) any other payments provided for under this Settlement or the Order and Judgment.

- 73. "Notice Date" means the earliest date on which any form of the Class Notice is first mailed, published, or appears online.
- 74. "Opt-Outs" means the Owners of Policies who timely elect to opt out of the Settlement Class during the Opt-Out Period.
- 75. "Opt-Out Period" means a period that begins on the Notice Date and ends forty-five (45) days after the Notice Date, or as otherwise determined by the Court. The deadline for the Opt-Out Period will be specified in the Class Notice.
- 76. "Order and Judgment" means the Court's order approving the Settlement and entering final judgment. The judgment will include a provision for the retention of the Court's jurisdiction over the Parties and Releasing Parties to enforce the terms of the judgment and for a bar order (consistent with the provisions of Paragraphs 23-28 above) prohibiting claims by the Releasing Parties against Released Parties for the Released Claims.
- 77. "Owner" or "Owners" means each Policy's owner or owners of record in GLIC's files, whether a person or entity and whether in an individual or representative capacity.
- 78. "Parties" means, collectively, Plaintiff and GLIC. The singular term "Party" means either Plaintiff or GLIC, as appropriate.
- 79. "Plaintiff" means Martin Silverstein, individually and as representative of the Settlement Class, and his assigns, successors-in-interest, and representatives.
- 80. "Policy" or "Policies" means any Gold and Gold II universal life insurance policy issued, insured, or assumed by GLIC, or its predecessors or successors, for which the applicable COI Rate Scales were changed by the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment.

- 81. "Released Claims" means all Claims asserted in the Action or arising out of the facts, transactions, events, occurrences, acts, disclosures, statements, omissions, or failures to act that were alleged or could have been alleged in the Action related to the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment. Released Claims do not include Excluded Claims.
- 82. "Released Parties" means GLIC and its past, present, and future parent companies, direct and indirect subsidiaries, affiliates, predecessors, joint ventures, successors and assigns, together with each of their respective past, present, and future officers, directors, shareholders, employees, representatives, insurers, attorneys, and agents, and including any person or entity acting on behalf or at the direction of any of them.
- 83. "Releasing Parties" means Plaintiff and each Settlement Class Member, on behalf of themselves and their respective agents, heirs, relatives, attorneys, successors, predecessors, payors, trustees, grantors, securities intermediaries, beneficiaries, principals, subrogees, executors, and assignees, and all other persons or entities acting by, through, under, or in concert with any of them.
  - 84. "Settlement" means the settlement set forth in this Agreement.
- 85. "Settlement Administration Expenses" means all Class Notice and administrative fees, costs, or expenses incurred in administering the Settlement, including the fees charged by the Settlement Administrator, as well as the fees, costs, and expenses incurred by the Settlement Administrator. Settlement Administration Expenses shall be paid from the Final Settlement Fund.
- 86. "Settlement Administrator" means the third-party settlement administrator of the Settlement who is selected and approved by the Parties. Plaintiff shall be responsible for selecting the Settlement Administrator and consent from GLIC will not be unreasonably withheld. The

Settlement Administrator's fees, as well as the costs, fees, and expenses incurred by the Settlement Administrator, shall be paid from the Final Settlement Fund.

- 87. "Settlement Class" means the Class, excluding any Opt-Outs.
- 88. "Settlement Class Member(s)" means all persons and entities that are included in the Settlement Class.
- 89. "Settlement Fund" means a cash fund consisting of the consideration paid for the benefit of the Settlement Class.
- 90. "Settlement Fund Account" means the escrow account from which all payments out of the Settlement Fund will be made. The Settlement Fund Account shall be established under terms acceptable to the Parties at a depository institution and such funds shall be invested exclusively in instruments or accounts backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or fully insured by the United States Government or an agency thereof, including a U.S. Treasury Fund or a bank account that is either (a) fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or (b) secured by instruments backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government. The Parties and their respective counsel shall have no responsibility for or liability whatsoever with respect to investment decisions made for the Settlement Fund Account. All risks related to the investment of the Settlement Fund shall be borne solely by the Settlement Class.
- 91. "Unknown Claims" means any claims asserted, that might have been asserted, or that hereafter may be asserted arising out of the facts, transactions, events, occurrences, acts, disclosures, statements, omissions, or failures to act that were alleged in the Action with respect to the Released Claims that the Releasing Parties do not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor

at the Final Approval Date, and which if known by him or her might have affected his or her decision to opt out of the Class or to object to the Settlement.

- 92. The terms "he or she" and "his or her" include "it" or "its," where applicable. Defined terms expressed in the singular also include the plural form of such term, and vice versa, where applicable.
- 93. All references herein to paragraphs refer to paragraphs of this Agreement, unless otherwise expressly stated in the reference.

### AGREED TO BY:

Plaintiff	Defendant
	Genworth Life Insurance Company
Martin Silverstein	By:
Date: 08.02.2024	Title:
	Date:

at the Final Approval Date, and which if known by him or her might have affected his or her decision to opt out of the Class or to object to the Settlement.

- 92. The terms "he or she" and "his or her" include "it" or "its," where applicable. Defined terms expressed in the singular also include the plural form of such term, and vice versa, where applicable.
- 93. All references herein to paragraphs refer to paragraphs of this Agreement, unless otherwise expressly stated in the reference.

## **AGREED TO BY:**

Plaintiff	Defendant
	Genworth Life Insurance Company  Docusigned by:
Martin Silverstein	By: Jamala Irland
Date:	Title:
	Date:

### APPROVED ONLY AS TO FORM:

DocuSigned by:

Patrick Gennardo

Patrick J. Gennardo

### **ALSTON & BIRD LLP**

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Class Counsel and Counsel for Plaintiff

# EXHIBIT 3



# General Electric Capital Assurance A GE Financial Assurance Company

Home Office 6610 West Broad Street Richmond, VA 23230

### A Stock Company

State of Domicile: Delaware Service Center Address: P. O. Box 513, Lynchburg, VA 24505-0513

The Company will pay the beneficiary the death proceeds as defined in this Policy. Payment will not be made until all of the following have been received at the Service Center:

- this Policy;
- · due proof that the Insured died while this Policy was in force;
- · a written claim for the death proceeds completed on a form supplied by the Company, and
- an authorization, on a form supplied by the Company, from a person authorized to allow the Company to obtain and disclose information concerning the Insured.

Any payment is subject to the provisions on this page and on the following pages.

The consideration for this Policy is the application and payment of the Initial Premium on or before policy delivery.

RIGHT TO EXAMINE POLICY. The Owner may return this Policy within 20 days after its delivery by taking it or mailing it to the Company or to any life insurance agent appointed by the Company. Immediately upon delivery or mailing, this Policy will be deemed void from the beginning. Any premium paid will be returned.

This Policy was signed on the Date of Issue.

President

Pamela,

2 e. Boling

Secretary

FLEXIBLE PREMIUM ADJUSTABLE LIFE INSURANCE POLICY
Adjustable Death Benefit
Flexible Premiums Payable Through Age 99
Benefits Vary with Current Risk Rates and Current Interest Rates
Nonparticipating – No Dividends

Insured MARTIN B SILVERSTEIN

Policy Number 0001008660

Initial

Specified Amount \$200,000

Policy Date OCTOBER 06, 2003

Initial Premium \$1,194.00

Date of Issue OCTOBER 23, 2003

Form No. ULGE01FL



This Policy is a legal contract between the Owner and the Company.

## READ YOUR POLICY CAREFULLY.

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# SCHEDULE Flexible Premium Adjustable Life Insurance Accelerated Death Benefit Rider

INITIAL PREMIUM -

\$1,194.00

SCHEDULED MODAL PREMIUM -

\$1,194.00

SEMI-ANNUALLY

Even if premiums are paid, this Policy may terminate if the premiums paid plus credited interest are insufficient to continue it in force.

MINIMUM MONTHLY PREMIUM -

\$199.00

MINIMUM MONTHLY PREMIUM PERIOD - First 20 policy years

DESIGNATED MONTHLY PREMIUM -

through attained age 100; \$0 thereafter

PREMIUM EXPENSE CHARGE - 7% of each premium received

MONTHLY ADMINISTRATIVE FEE - \$4.65 per month

ADMINISTRATIVE FEE FOR PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL - \$25.00

GUARANTEED CREDITED INTEREST RATE - an annual effective rate of 4%. For purposes of the Cost of Insurance section, the monthly decimal equivalent of this rate is .0032737.

GUARANTEED POLICY LOAN INTEREST RATE(S) CHARGED - On the portion of the policy value equal to the preferred loan balance, the rate charged will be 4% a year. On the portion of the policy value equal to the nonpreferred loan balance, the rate charged will be a rate not greater than 6% a year.

1300020004120050091008660102403.

MORTALITY TABLE - 1980 CSO NONSMOKER Mortality Table, Sex Distinct, Age Nearest Birthday

Death

Insured:

MARTIN B SILVERSTEIN

Benefit Option:

Premium

PREFERRED

Initial

Class:

NO NICOTINE USE

Specified Amount:

\$200,000

OPTION 1

Age/Sex:

61 MALE

Beneficiary:

AS DESIGNATED IN THE

Policy Date: OCTOBER 06, 2003

APPLICATION OR AS SUBSEQUENTLY

CHANGED BY THE DWNER

Date of Issue: OCTOBER 23, 2003

Owner:

AS DESIGNATED IN THE

Policy Number: 0001008660

APPLICATION OR AS SUBSEQUENTLY

CHANGED BY THE OWNER

Pol No 0001008660

## SCHEDULE \*CONTINUED\*

# Surrender Charge

Policy Year				Surrender Charge
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	***	ž	×.	\$ 4,128.00 8,256.00 10,640.00 10,172.00 9,696.00 9,212.00 8,720.00 8,216.00 7,698.00 7,166.00 6,624.00 6,060.00 5,476.00 4,864.00 4,220.00 3,532.00 2,786.00 1,964.00
19 20 &	later			1,046.00 0.00

The surrender charge is deducted from the policy value in determining the cash surrender value.

### S C H E D U L E \*CONTINUED\*

### Table of Guaranteed Maximum Monthly Risk Rates

This Table shows the guaranteed maximum monthly risk rates for this Policy. The rates shown are for the Insured's attained age and sex and the Premium Class shown on page 3. If this Policy includes an extra risk rating, then the risk rates have been adjusted to include an additional amount for that rating.

*	Monthly Rate Per \$1,000 Of		Monthly Rate Per \$1,000 Of
Attained	Net Amount	Attained	Net Amount
Age	At Risk	Age	At Risk
61	1.170	81	8.970
62	1.290	82	9.900
63	1.440	83	10.950
64	1.600	84	12.120
65	1.780	85	13.370
66	1.970	86	14.700
67	2.180	87	16.080
68	2.410	88	17.500
69	2.650	89	18.970
70	2.930	90	20.510
71	3.300	91	22.170
72	3.620	92	23.990
73	4.040	93	26.070
74	4.520	94	28.780
75	5.040	95	32.820
76	5.590	96	39.640
77	6.180	97	53.070
78	6.790	98	83.330
79	7.440	99	83.330
80	8.160		



Pol No 0001008660

### S C H E D U L E \*CONTINUED\*

Table of End-of-Policy-Year Death Benefit Factors for the Initial Specified Amount

This Table shows the death benefit factor applicable to this Policy during the last policy month of each policy year. The figures shown are based on the Insured's attained age and sex and the Premium Class shown on page 3.

End of	Death	End of	Death
Policy	Benefit	Policy	Benefit
Year	Factor	Year	Factor
1	1.8422248	21	1.2289176
	1.7938774	22	1.2129740
2 3	1.7479443	23	1.1981492
4	1.7042390	24	1.1844677
4 5	1,6627162	25	1.1718306
	1.6231751	26	1.1601376
6 7	1.5855384	27	1.1492128
8	1.5497088	28	1.1388472
8 9	1.5154742	29	1.1288241
10	1.4829036	30	1.1189122
11	1.4524340	31	1.1088824
12	1.4233001	32	1.0984381
13	1.3959140	33	1.0872223
14	1.3703141	34	1.0750228
15	1.3463815	35	1.0618409
16	1.3239348	36	1.0479892
17	1.3028472	37	1.0346294
18	1.2828902	38	1.0256477
19	1.2639274	39	1.0000000
20	1.2459308		

For an explanation of these factors, refer to the Death Benefit section on page 10.

### GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Other specific definitions are included throughout this Policy.

Attained Age - The Age shown in the Schedule plus the number of whole years elapsed from the Policy Date.

Company - General Electric Capital Assurance Company

Evidence - Evidence of the insurability of the insured acceptable to the Company.

 ${\sf Date\ of\ Issue}$  - The  ${\sf Date\ of\ Issue}$  is shown in the Schedule. It is the date on which this Policy is considered to have been produced.

Initial Premium - The Initial Premium is shown in the Schedule. It is the premium received as part of the consideration for this Policy.

Notice - A written notice received at the Service Center in a form acceptable to the Company. It must include the Owner's signature, the date the notice was signed, and the policy number of this Policy.

Request - A written request received at the Service Center in a form acceptable to the Company. It must include the Owner's signature, the date the request was signed, and the policy number of this Policy. A Request is subject to Company approval.

Service Center - The office of the Company designated for the servicing of this Policy. All correspondence regarding this Policy should be sent to the Service Center.

Specified Amount - The Specified Amount equals:

- · the Initial Specified Amount of this Policy; plus
- the sum of all subsequent increases in Specified Amount; less
- the sum of all subsequent decreases in Specified Amount.

### GENERAL PROVISIONS



#### THE CONTRACT

The entire contract consists of the following:

- this Policy, including any applicable endorsements, riders and amendments;
- the application;
- any supplemental application for a policy change; and
- any application for reinstatement.

The application is evidenced by the copy that was attached to this Policy at issue or delivery. Any supplemental application or application for reinstatement will be evidenced by the copy sent to the Owner for attachment to this Policy following Company approval. For purposes of this section, any applications sent to the Owner will be considered to have been attached to this Policy at issue or delivery.

An application includes all sections and forms the Company has specifically designated as parts of that application. All statements made in an application are, in the absence of fraud, deemed representations and not warranties. No statement will void this Policy or be used in defense of a claim unless it is contained in an application attached to, or considered to have been attached to, this Policy when issued or delivered.

The Owner may amend this Policy during the Insured's lifetime with the Company's consent. Only an authorized officer of the Company can consent to change or waive policy provisions. Any change or waiver must be made in writing.

### POLICY DATE

The Policy Date is the date from which:

- · premiums for this Policy are payable; and
- policy anniversaries, policy years, policy months, and the Minimum Monthly Premium Period are measured.

The first policy year begins on the Policy Date. Subsequent policy years begin on the same date each year thereafter. A policy anniversary occurs at the beginning of each policy year after the first policy year. The first policy month begins on the Policy Date. Each subsequent policy month begins on the same day of the month as the Policy Date unless the month does not contain that day. In that case, the policy month will begin on the last day of the respective month.

Policy Dating When the Initial Premium is Received Before the Date of Issue - When the Initial Premium is received before the Date of Issue, the Policy Date of this Policy will be as shown in the Schedule.

Policy Dating When the Initial Premium is Received On Or After the Date of Issue - When the Initial Premium is received on or after the Date of Issue, coverage under this Policy will begin on the date of delivery. The Policy Date will be the same as the date of delivery unless on the date of delivery the Insured's age for insurance purposes would be different from the Age shown in the Schedule. In that case, the Policy Date will be the last day that the Age shown in the Schedule is applicable.

The date of delivery is the date on which this Policy is delivered to the Owner and the first modal premium is paid while all persons proposed for insurance are living and insurable as described in the application.

#### OWNER AND BENEFICIARY

The designations of Owner, Contingent Owner, Primary Beneficiary and Contingent Beneficiary are as shown in the application or as subsequently elected by the Owner in a Notice. If the Insured becomes the Owner, any designation of Contingent Owner is automatically revoked.

The Owner has all rights stated in this Policy. If the Owner is other than the Insured and the Owner dies or ceases to exist during the Insured's lifetime, all rights of the Owner vest in the surviving Contingent Owner and the Contingent Owner becomes the Owner. If there is no surviving Contingent Owner, all ownership rights vest in the Owner's estate (if the Owner is an individual) or the Owner's successor in interest (if the Owner is a non-natural person).

The interest of a beneficiary terminates if that beneficiary dies or ceases to exist before the Insured dies. Upon the Insured's death, the Company will pay the proceeds to any surviving Primary Beneficiaries. If there are no surviving Primary Beneficiaries, the Company will pay the proceeds to any surviving Contingent Beneficiaries. If there are no surviving beneficiaries, the Company will pay the surviving Owner. If there is no surviving Owner, the Company will pay the Owner's estate (if the Owner is an individual) or the Owner's successor in interest (if the Owner is a non-natural person).

#### CHANGE OF OWNER AND BENEFICIARY

The Owner may change the designations of Owner, Contingent Owner, and Primary and Contingent Beneficiary during the Insured's lifetime; Notice is required. The new designation will take effect as of the date the Owner signed the Notice. Such a change does not affect any payment made or other action taken by the Company before the Notice is received. If the designation of Owner is changed, any existing revocable beneficiary designations and any Contingent Owner designation are automatically revoked. The terms of an irrevocable beneficiary designation cannot be changed or revoked without the consent of that beneficiary.

#### ASSIGNMENT

cOnly the Owner has the right to assign this Policy. No assignment will bind the Company until it has been recorded at the Service Center. The Company is not responsible for the validity or effect of any assignment of this Policy by the Owner.

#### MISSTATEMENT

If the insured's age or sex is misstated, the Company will adjust the death benefit to the amount that the most recent cost of insurance will purchase based on the correct information.

#### SUICIDE

If the Insured, while same or insame, dies by suicide within two years beginning with the Date of Issue, the death proceeds will be an amount equal to:

- the premiums paid; less
- the loan balance on the date of death; less
- any reductions in policy value for partial withdrawals from this Policy.

If the Insured, while same or insane, dies by suicide within two years beginning with the effective date of an increase in Specified Amount but more than two years after the Date of Issue, the death proceeds will be an amount equal to:

- the Assumed Death Benefit; less
- the loan balance on the date of death.

The Assumed Death Benefit is equal to:

- · the death benefit as defined in the Death Benefit section assuming the increase had not occurred; plus
- the difference between the monthly deductions that were deducted from the policy value and the monthly deductions that would have been deducted had the increase not occurred, accumulated at the interest rates credited to the policy value.

These proceeds may be further adjusted as explained in the second paragraph of the Proceeds Payable at the Death of the Insured section. Any premiums paid after the date of the Insured's death will be paid in addition to these proceeds.

#### INCONTESTABILITY



With respect to statements made in the application, this Policy is not contestable, except for nonpayment of premiums, after it has been in force during the Insured's lifetime for a period of two years beginning with the Date of Issue. With respect to statements made in a supplemental application, the applicable policy change is not contestable after it has been in force during the Insured's lifetime for a period of two years beginning with its effective date. With respect to statements made in an application for reinstatement, this Policy is not contestable after it has been in force during the Insured's lifetime for a period of two years beginning with the date of reinstatement.

### PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS

Proceeds means the amount that becomes payable upon the Insured's death or upon surrender of this Policy. The proceeds will be paid from the Service Center. This Policy must be returned to the Company. Unless paid in accordance with a settlement option, the proceeds will be paid in one sum.

#### ANNUAL REPORT

An annual report will be sent to the Owner. It will show the following for the period covered by the report:

- · the actual policy values;
- · all policy activity, including all credits and deductions; and
- any other information required by state law and regulation.

By comparing the actual policy values to the projection of values received when this Policy was purchased, the Owner can determine if this Policy is performing as planned. If asked, the Company will provide a new projection of values.

### PROJECTION OF BENEFITS AND VALUES

The Owner may ask for a projection of illustrative future death benefits and policy values. A fee of up to \$25.00 may be charged for each projection after the first projection requested in a policy year.

#### CONTINUATION OF INSURANCE

This Policy will continue in force until the earlier of the following:

- · it terminates in accordance with the Grace Period section;
- · it terminates in accordance with the Loan Interest and Repayment section;
- · it terminates upon the death of the Insured; and
- it terminates upon surrender in accordance with the Surrender and Net Cash Surrender Value section.

#### NONPARTICIPATING

This Policy does not share in any distribution of surplus. No dividends are payable.

#### PREMIUM PROVISIONS

#### PREMIUM PAYMENTS

Each premium after the first is payable in advance at the Service Center or at the address designated by the Company for receipt of premium payments. Payment may be made to a Company life insurance agent but only in exchange for a receipt signed by an authorized officer of the Company and countersigned by the agent.

Premiums may be paid by any mutually agreeable method during the Insured's lifetime while this Policy is in force. The Owner may change the mode of premium payment to any mutually agreeable mode, including annual, semiannual, quarterly, and monthly bank draft.

When item (b) of either death benefit option applies, premium payments may substantially increase the death benefit; therefore, when item (b) applies, the Company may limit premium payments to the amount required to keep this Policy in force. The Company will not otherwise impose limits on the amount or timing of premium payments. Item (b) is defined in the **Death Benefit** section.

### **GRACE PERIOD**

Except as stated in the Minimum Monthly Premium Guarantee and Designated Monthly Premium Guarantee sections, if the net cash surrender value is not sufficient to cover the monthly deduction at the beginning of a policy month:

- the Company will deplete the net cash surrender value;
- · coverage will continue until the beginning of the next policy month.

If the net cash surrender value is less than or equal to zero as of the beginning of the next policy month, a grace period of 31 days will be provided.

If this Policy enters a grace period, the Company will mail premium information to the Owner and any assignee of record at their last know addresses. This policy will terminate without value if an amount sufficient to cover past due and current monthly deductions is not received during the grace period.

### MINIMUM MONTHLY PREMIUM GUARANTEE

This guarantee applies during the Minimum Monthly Premium Period shown in the Schedule only if the loan balance has never exceeded the cash surrender value.

When this guarantee applies, this Policy will not enter a grace period provided the Minimum Monthly Premium Requirement is met. The Minimum Monthly Premium Requirement is met if the sum of the premiums paid since the Policy Date, less any reductions in policy value for partial withdrawals, equals or exceeds the sum of the minimum monthly premiums due from the Policy Date to the end of the current policy month.

### DESIGNATED MONTHLY PREMIUM GUARANTEE

This guarantee applies only if:

- · Option 1 was the death benefit option elected in the application;
- the death benefit option has never been changed;
- the Specified Amount has never been increased in accordance with the Increases in Specified Amount section; and
- the loan balance has never exceeded the cash surrender value.

When this guarantee applies, this Policy will not enter a grace period provided the Designated Monthly Premium Requirement is met. The Designated Monthly Premium Requirement is met if the sum of the premiums paid since the Policy Date, less any reductions in policy value for partial withdrawals, equals or exceeds the sum of the designated monthly premiums due from the Policy Date to the end of the current policy month.

### MINIMUM MONTHLY PREMIUMS AND DESIGNATED MONTHLY PREMIUMS

The premiums in effect on the Policy Date are shown in the Schedule.

The minimum monthly and designated monthly premiums will change when any of the following occurs:

- a decrease in the Specified Amount of this Policy unless the change is due to a partial withdrawal;
- a change in any extra risk rating applicable to this Policy;
- a change in premium class;
- · a change in the scheduled cost of any rider attached to this Policy; or
- the addition, deletion, or termination of any rider.

In addition, the minimum monthly premiums will change when either of the following occurs:

- an increase in the Specified Amount of this Policy; or
- a change in death benefit option.

The new monthly premiums will be effective from the date of any of the above changes. The Owner will be notified of the new premiums.

### REFUND OF PREMIUM

No premium refunds will be made except as specifically stated in this Policy.

### REINSTATEMENT

If this Policy has terminated according to the *Grace Period* section, the Owner may request reinstatement of this Policy. The following must be received at the Service Center within five years beginning with the date of termination:

- Evidence;
- payment or reinstatement of the loan balance; and
- payment of the Premium for Reinstatement. The amount of this Premium depends on the date of reinstatement.

After the Company has approved the application for reinstatement, this Policy, including any applicable surrender charges, minimum monthly premiums, and designated monthly premiums will be reinstated on the day the above conditions are satisfied, which is the date of reinstatement.

### (Continued)

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If the date of reinstatement occurs during the Minimum Monthly Premium Period, the Premium for Reinstatement will equal the lesser of the following amounts:

- · the Reinstatement Minimum Premium; and
- the Reinstatement Net Cash Surrender Value.

If the date of reinstatement occurs at some other time and the Designated Monthly Premium Guarantee is in effect, the Premium for Reinstatement will equal the lesser of the following amounts:

- the Reinstatement Designated Premium; and
- the Reinstatement Net Cash Surrender Value.

If the date of reinstatement occurs at some other time and the Designated Monthly Premium Guarantee is not in effect, the Premium for Reinstatement will equal the Reinstatement Net Cash Surrender Value.

The Reinstatement Minimum Premium is an amount equal to:

- the sum of the minimum monthly premiums due from the Policy Date to the end of the period that contains the date that is two policy months after the date of reinstatement; less
- the sum of the premiums paid since the Policy Date, less any reductions in policy value for partial withdrawals.

The Reinstatement Designated Premium is an amount equal to:

- the sum of the designated monthly premiums due from the Policy Date to the end of the period that contains the date that is two policy months after the date of reinstatement; less
- the sum of the premiums paid since the Policy Date, less any reductions in policy value for partial withdrawals.

The Reinstatement Net Cash Surrender Value is an amount equal to:

- the amount of premium required to give this Policy a net cash surrender value of zero as of the date of reinstatement; plus
- two monthly deductions.

### INSURANCE PROVISIONS

#### DEATH BENEFIT

The death benefit depends on the option in effect on the date of the Insured's death. The Schedule shows the option in effect on the Policy Date.

### OPTION 1

The death benefit under this option is the greater of the following amounts.

- (a) The Specified Amount as of the date of death.
- (b) The sum of the Factored Policy Values for all coverage layers.

### OPTION 2

The death benefit under this option is the greater of the following amounts.

- (a) An amount equal to:
  - the policy value as of the date of death; plus
  - the Specified Amount as of the date of death.
- (b) The sum of the Factored Policy Values for all coverage layers.

The Factored Policy Value for a coverage layer is equal to:

- the policy value that has been allocated to that coverage layer as of the date of death; times
- the death benefit factor for that layer for the policy month of death.

Coverage layer is explained in the Cost of Insurance section.

The Schedule contains a Table of End-of-Policy-Year Death Benefit Factors for the Initial Specified Amount; monthly factors not shown are available upon request. A new set of death benefit factors may apply to an increase in Specified Amount; the Company will notify the Owner of these factors.

### CHANGES IN DEATH BENEFIT OPTION

The Owner may file a Request for a change in the death benefit option. The Company will change the option effective at the beginning of the policy month following Company approval only if the death benefit on that date is the amount provided by item (a) of the option. The Company will notify the Owner regarding the change.

If the change is to Option 1, the Specified Amount after the change will not be less than the Specified Amount before the change plus the policy value on the effective date of the change. If the change is to Option 2, the Specified Amount after the change will equal the Specified Amount before the change less the policy value on the effective date of the change. These automatic adjustments to the Specified Amount are not considered to be changes made in accordance with the **Changes in Specified Amount** section. The first change to Option 2 will cancel the Designated Premium Guarantee if it is in effect on the effective date of the change.

### AMOUNT OF THE DEATH PROCEEDS

### Proceeds Payable at the Death of the Insured

The death proceeds payable will be an amount equal to:

- · the death benefit as defined in the Death Benefit section; less
- · the loan balance as of the date of death.

Any premiums received at the Service Center after the date of death will be paid in addition to the death proceeds.

The amount of the death proceeds will be adjusted due to any of the following:

- misstatement as explained in the Misstatement section;
- a successful contest of this Policy in accordance with the Incontestability section; and
- · death during the grace period as explained in the Death During the Grace Period section.

If the Insured dies by suicide, the amount of the death proceeds may be determined in accordance with the **Suicide** section.

Interest will be paid on death proceeds not paid within 30 days after all of the items specified in the first paragraph on the face page of the Policy are received at the Service Center. Interest will be paid at the rate of 8% a year unless otherwise provided by settlement option.

### Death During the Grace Period



If the Insured dies while this Policy is in a grace period, the premium required to remove this Policy from the grace period as of the date of death will be deducted from the death proceeds. The amount of this premium will depend on the date this Policy entered the grace period. If this Policy entered a grace period during the Minimum Monthly Premium Period, this premium will equal the lesser of the following:

- the Minimum Monthly Premium Balance; and
- the amount of premium required to give this Policy a net cash surrender value of zero as of the date of death.

If this Policy entered a grace period at some other time and the Designated Monthly Premium Guarantee was in effect, this premium will equal the lesser of the following:

- · the Designated Monthly Premium Balance; and
- the amount of premium required to give this Policy a net cash surrender value of zero as of the date of death.

If this Policy entered a grace period at some other time and the Designated Premium Guarantee was not in effect, this premium will equal the amount of premium required to give this Policy a net cash surrender value of zero as of the date of death.

(Continued)

The Minimum Monthly Premium Balance is an amount equal to:

- the sum of the minimum monthly premiums due from the Policy Date to the end of the policy month of death; less
- the sum of the premiums paid since the Policy Date, less any reductions in policy value for partial withdrawals.

The Designated Monthly Premium Balance is an amount equal to:

- the sum of the designated monthly premiums due from the Policy Date to the end of the policy month of death; less
- the sum of the premiums paid since the Policy Date, less any reductions in policy value for partial withdrawals.

### CHANGES IN SPECIFIED AMOUNT

Increases in Specified Amount To increase the Specified Amount, the Owner must provide the following:

- a Request;
- · a supplemental application; and
- Evidence.

The effective date of an increase in Specified Amount will be the beginning of the policy month on or immediately following Company approval of the increase. A new set of death benefit factors may apply to the increase. The first increase made in accordance with this section will cancel the Designated Monthly Premium Guarantee if it is in effect on the effective date of the increase.

Decreases in Specified Amount The Owner may decrease the Specified Amount by filing Notice. A decrease in Specified Amount will be effective at the beginning of the policy month on or immediately following the date Notice is received. Other than for a partial withdrawal, a decrease is applied:

- first, to reduce the amount provided by the most recent increase;
- next, to reduce the next most recent increases successively;
- finally, to reduce the Initial Specified Amount.

After the decrease, the death benefit cannot be less than \$25,000.

A charge will be taken for the decrease. In addition, the Company will adjust the surrender charges and death benefit factors. The policy value will be reduced by the amount of this charge; however, the policy value will not be reduced below zero. The Company will notify the Owner of the amount of the charge taken and of any adjustments to the surrender charge and death benefit factors. The Company will reduce the policy value and make the new charges and factors effective as of the effective date of the decrease.

### NONFORFEITURE PROVISIONS

### POLICY VALUE

The policy value on the Policy Date is equal to:

- any net premium credited on the Policy Date; less
- · the monthly deduction for the first policy month.

The net premium is the premium paid less the Premium Expense Charge shown in the Schedule.

The policy value at the beginning of a policy month other than the first policy month equals:

- the policy value at the beginning of the preceding policy month accumulated with interest to the beginning of the current month; plus
- · the net premiums credited to this Policy since the beginning of the preceding policy month; plus
- interest on each net premium from the day it was credited to this Policy to the beginning of the current month; less
- the reduction in policy value for each partial withdrawal made since the beginning of the preceding policy month; less
- interest on each reduction in policy value from the date of partial withdrawal to the beginning of the current month; less
- any charge taken for a decrease in Specified Amount which is effective at the beginning of the policy month; less
- the monthly deduction for the current month.

- the policy value at the beginning of the policy month accumulated with interest to the day on which the policy value is being determined; plus
  - · the net premiums credited to this Policy after the beginning of the policy month; plus
  - · interest on each net premium from the day it was credited to this Policy to the day on which the policy value is being determined; less
  - the reduction in policy value for each partial withdrawal made since the beginning of the policy month;
     less
  - interest on each reduction in policy value from the date of partial withdrawal to the day on which the policy value is being determined.

#### MONTHLY DEDUCTION

The monthly deduction for a policy month includes:

- the cost of insurance for the policy month;
- · the cost of riders for the policy month; and
- · the Monthly Administrative Fee shown in the Schedule.

#### COST OF INSURANCE

The death benefit is divided into coverage layers for purposes of calculating the cost of insurance. Each coverage layer has its own cost of insurance rate and net amount at risk. On the Policy Date, there is only one coverage layer, the initial coverage layer. A new coverage layer is created when an increase in Specified Amount is made in accordance with the *Changes in Specified Amount* section or the death benefit becomes the amount provided by item (b) of either death benefit option. A decrease in Specified Amount, other than a decrease due to a death benefit option change, may eliminate all or a portion of a layer. The cost of insurance for a policy month is the sum of the costs of insurance for all coverage layers for that month.

The cost of insurance for a coverage layer for a policy month equals:

- · the monthly cost of insurance rate per thousand for that layer; times
- the number of thousands of net amount at risk for that month for that layer.

The monthly cost of insurance rate per thousand equals:

- · the monthly risk rate per thousand for the coverage layer; divided by
- one (1) plus the monthly decimal equivalent of the interest rate used to calculate this cost of insurance rate,

The net amount at risk for a coverage layer for a policy month equals:

- the death benefit allocated to that layer; less
- the portion of the projected policy value at the end of the month allocated to that layer for the month. The projected policy value at the end of a policy month is the policy value at the beginning of the month accumulated with interest to the end of the month at the rate(s) assumed to be credited for that month.

The Company will first allocate the projected policy value to the initial coverage layer. Any portion of the projected policy value that exceeds this initial layer will then be allocated to any additional coverage layers in the order in which they were created. For purposes of allocating the projected policy value, the coverage layer created when the death benefit becomes the amount provided by item (b) of either death benefit option is considered the most recently created coverage layer.



### MONTHLY RISK RATES

The monthly risk rates for each coverage layer are based on the Insured's attained age and sex and the premium class for that coverage layer.

#### INTEREST RATE

The credited interest rate used to calculate the policy value will never be less than the Guaranteed Credited Interest Rate shown in the Schedule.

### CHANGES IN RATES, CHARGES AND FEES

At its sole discretion, the Company may change the monthly risk rates and the credited interest rates. The monthly risk rates will not exceed the Guaranteed Maximum Monthly Risk rates and the credited interest rates will not be less than the Guaranteed Credited Interest Rate. The Guaranteed Maximum Monthly Risk rates and the Guaranteed Credited Interest Rate are shown in the Schedule.

The Company will base any change on its expectations as to future investment earnings, mortality, persistency, expenses and taxes. The Company will not make any change in order to recoup prior losses. Any change in the monthly risk rates will apply to all insureds with the same combination of the following: attained age; number of years of insurance in force; net amount of risk; and premium class.

#### CASH SURRENDER VALUE

The cash surrender value on any day is equal to the policy value on that day less the surrender charge.

#### SURRENDER CHARGE

A surrender charge will be taken upon surrender of this Policy.

### SURRENDER AND NET CASH SURRENDER VALUE

The Owner may surrender this Policy by filing Notice. Surrender occurs on the date of surrender provided the Insured is living on the date the Notice is signed. This Policy will terminate as of the date of surrender. A grace period does not apply to termination due to surrender.

The date of surrender will be one of the following:

- the date the Notice was signed if the Notice is received at the Service Center within 30 days after the date it was signed; or
- the date the Company receives the Notice if the Notice is received at the Service Center more than 30 days after the date it was signed.

The net cash surrender value is the amount payable on surrender. It equals:

- the cash surrender value on the date of surrender; less
- the loan balance on the date of surrender.

The Company may defer payment up to six months after Notice is received.

If the date of surrender is within 30 days after a policy anniversary, the net cash surrender value will not be less than:

- the net cash surrender value on the anniversary; less
- · each policy loan made since the anniversary and the accrued interest on each loan; less
- the reduction in policy value for each partial withdrawal made since the anniversary and the interest on each reduction.

- The Owner may make a partial withdrawal by filing Notice. A partial withdrawal will be made on the date of partial withdrawal provided the Insured is then living and this Policy is not then being continued as paid-up insurance in accordance with the *Paid-Up Insurance* section. The date of partial withdrawal will be one of the following:
  - the date the Notice was signed if the Notice is received at the Service Center within 30 days after the date it was signed; or
  - the date the Company receives the Notice if the Notice is received at the Service Center more than 30 days after the date it was signed.

The maximum amount that may be paid to the Owner as a partial withdrawal is equal to the lesser of (1) and (2) below.

- (1) An amount equal to:
  - the net cash surrender value on the date of partial withdrawal less \$275.00; less
  - · loan interest to the end of the policy year.
- (2) An amount such that the death benefit after the partial withdrawal is \$25,000.

Payment to the Owner may be deferred up to six months after Notice is received.

The policy value is reduced on the date of partial withdrawal by an amount referred to as the reduction in policy value. The amount of this reduction is equal to:

- the amount paid to the Owner; plus
- the Administrative Fee for Partial Withdrawal shown in the Schedule.

The Specified Amount will be decreased on the date of partial withdrawal by an amount equal to the greater of (1) and (2) below.

- (1) The amount of the reduction in policy value less the greater of:
  - zero; and
  - the policy value immediately prior to the partial withdrawal less the result obtained by dividing the Specified Amount on the date of partial withdrawal by the death benefit factor applicable to the most recently created coverage layer on the date of partial withdrawal.
- (2) Zero.

A decrease in Specified Amount due to a partial withdrawal is applied:

- first, to reduce the Initial Specified Amount;
- next, to reduce all increases, starting with the first, in the order of such increases;
- finally, to reduce the amount provided by the most recent increase.

#### PAID-UP INSURANCE

If this Policy has a positive net cash surrender value, the Owner may elect to continue this Policy as a level amount of paid-up insurance; Notice is required. The effective date of the paid-up insurance will be the beginning of the policy month on or immediately following receipt of the Notice provided the Insured is then living.

On the policy anniversary when the Insured reaches attained age 100, this Policy will automatically be continued as a level amount of paid-up insurance provided that this Policy is in force and has a positive net cash surrender value.

The amount of this paid-up insurance will be that which the cash surrender value on the effective date of the paid-up insurance will provide when applied as a net single premium.

This paid-up insurance may be surrendered at any time. The amount payable on surrender is the net cash surrender value. The net cash surrender value is the cash surrender value less the loan balance. The cash surrender value is the net single premium for the benefits remaining under the paid-up insurance.

If the date of surrender is within 30 days after a policy anniversary, the net cash surrender value will not be less than:

- the net cash surrender value on the anniversary; less
- each policy loan made since the anniversary and the accrued interest on each loan.

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### BASIS OF COMPUTATIONS

The mortality tables and rates of interest used in calculating minimum policy values and net single premiums are shown in the Schedule. Values are at least equal to those required by statute in the state in which this Policy was delivered. A detailed statement of the method of computing these values has been filed with the insurance department of that state.

### POLICY LOANS

#### CASH LOAN

The Company will make a loan upon the sole security and assignment of this Policy. The Owner may obtain the loan while this Policy is in force; Notice is required. The amount advanced as a policy loan will not exceed:

- · the loan value; less
- · the loan balance on the date the loan is to be made; less
- · loan interest to the end of the policy year.

The loan value is equal to:

- · the cash surrender value on the date the loan value is being determined; less
- the monthly deductions for the remainder of the current policy year. For purposes of determining the loan value, these monthly deductions are considered to be equal.

The loan balance at any time is equal to:

- · the sum of all policy loans made; less
- · the sum of all loan repayments; plus
- accrued loan interest.

The loan balance is segregated into preferred and nonpreferred loan balances. The Company will allocate a policy loan to the appropriate loan balance(s) at the time a loan is made. Only the first loan requested in a policy year is eligible for allocation to the preferred loan balance. The maximum amount of this first loan that the Company will allocate to the preferred loan balance is equal to:

- · the policy value at the time the loan is made; less
- the loan balance immediately prior to the loan; less
- the sum of the premiums paid.

This amount will not be less than zero.

On a policy anniversary, the Company will reallocate the loan balance among the preferred and nonpreferred loan balances. The preferred loan balance after reallocation will not exceed an amount equal to:

- · the policy value at the time of reallocation; less
- the sum of the premiums paid.

If this Policy is continued as paid-up insurance in accordance with the **Paid-Up Insurance** section, any preferred loan balance will be allocated to the nonpreferred loan balance on the date this Policy is continued as paid-up insurance. No further allocations will be made to the preferred loan balance as long as this Policy continues as paid-up insurance.

A loan repayment will be applied first to reduce the nonpreferred loan balance; any excess will then be applied to reduce the preferred loan balance.

#### DEFERRAL

The Company may defer making a policy loan up to six months after it receives Notice; however, a loan for payment of premiums to the Company will not be deferred.

### LOAN INTEREST AND REPAYMENT

: The Schedule shows the Guaranteed Policy Loan Interest Rate(s) Charged.

Loan interest is due annually at the end of each policy year and on the earliest of these dates:

- the date of surrender of this Policy;
- the date of a loan repayment;
- · the date of termination of this Policy; and
- the date of the Insured's death.

Interest accrues daily from the date a loan is made and is compounded annually. Loan interest for fractional years will be calculated using simple interest. Interest not paid when due is added to the loan and bears interest at the same rate.

All or any part of a policy loan may be repaid during the Insured's lifetime while this Policy is in force; however, a loan that is in existence when this Policy terminates in accordance with the *Grace Period* section may not be repaid unless this Policy is reinstated. Any amount paid to the Company that is not clearly marked as a loan repayment will be considered a premium payment.

When the loan balance exceeds the cash surrender value, this Policy will terminate. The Owner and any assignee of record will be notified of termination at their last known addresses. Termination will be effective 31 days after the notification is mailed.



# SETTLEMENT OPTIONS

### GENERAL PROVISIONS

Policy proceeds may be paid in a single sum or left with the Company for payment under one or more of the following settlement options. The amount applied under an option must be at least \$2,000. The amount of each payment under an option must be at least \$50.

The Owner may elect or revoke a settlement option at any time before the proceeds are payable. If no settlement option election is in effect at the time proceeds are payable, the payee may make an election. Notice must be filed at the Service Center. Election or revocation will take effect as of the date the Owner or payee signed the Notice. An election does not affect any payment made or other action taken by the Company before the Notice is received. A payee that is not a natural person may elect a settlement option only with the Company's consent. An assignee cannot elect any settlement option. Change of owner or beneficiary automatically revokes any election in effect.

### DEATH OF PAYEE

Unless otherwise specified, at the death of the last payee a final payment will be made to the payee's estate. For Options 1 and 2, the final payment will be the commuted value of the remaining unpaid installments certain. Such value will be computed based on the rate of interest used in the calculation of the payments. For Options 3 and 4, the final payment will be the unpaid proceeds with any unpaid interest to the date of death of the payee.

#### FIRST INSTALLMENT

The first installment under Options 1, 2, and 4 is payable on the effective date of the option. The effective date is:

- · the date of surrender of this Policy; or
- · the date of the Insured's death; or
- any later date agreeable with the Company.

### INTEREST

The guaranteed interest rate for Options 1, 2, 3, and 4 is 2 1/2 % a year, compounded annually. Excess interest may be declared annually by the Company.

### OPTION 1 - FIXED PERIOD

Proceeds will be paid for a fixed period. The amount of the payments is determined from the Option 1 Table -Fixed Period Installments.

# OPTION 2 - LIFE INCOME WITH INSTALLMENTS CERTAIN

Proceeds will be paid in equal installments throughout the certain period. After the certain period, payments will continue to be made throughout the payee's lifetime. The amount and certain period of the payments are determined from the Option 2 Table - Life Income with Installments Certain. The Option 2 Table is based on the Annuity 2000 Table with interest at 2 1/2%. At some ages the same amount is payable for different periods certain. In such a case the Company will assume that the longest period was chosen. Satisfactory proof of the payee's age is required. The Company may require evidence that the payee is living on the due date of each payment.

### OPTION 3 - INTEREST

Interest on the proceeds will be paid in the manner agreed upon when the option is elected.

# **OPTION 4 - FIXED INSTALLMENTS**

Proceeds will be paid in fixed installments at regular intervals until proceeds, together with interest on the unpaid balance, are exhausted.

# OPTION 5 - SINGLE PREMIUM ANNUITY

Proceeds will be used to purchase any single premium annuity the Company offers for this purpose at the time proceeds are applied. The annuity payments will be 102% of the payments otherwise purchased by the single premium.

# OTHER SETTLEMENT OPTIONS

Proceeds may be applied in any other mutually agreeable manner.

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# SETTLEMENT OPTIONS (Continued)

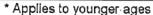
### OPTION 1 TABLE -- Fixed Period Installments

Installments for fixed number of years for each \$1,000 of proceeds Terms of Installment Terms of Seml-Installment Annual Quarterly Monthly Annual Quarterly Monthly Annua1 Annual Payments Payments Years Years \$210.00 \$105.65 \$52,99 \$17.70 \$28,13 \$9.40 10 \$111.48 \$56.09 177.13 89.11 44.70 14.93 15 78.80 39.65 19,89 6.65 12.95 11.47 153,66 77.31 38.77 20 62,59 31.49 15.80 5.28 136.07 68.46 34.34 25 52.96 13.37 4.47 26.64 122.40 61.58 30,89 10.32 46.62 23,46 11.77 3,93

OPTION 2 TABLE – Life Income with Installments Certain Monthly installments are shown for each \$1,000 of proceeds.

Age is age nearest birthday when the first installment is payable.

67 \$4.77 4.187 4.187 4.18 4.18 4.18 4.18 4.19 4.19 5.19 5.00 5.00 5.10 5.10 5.10 5.10 5.10 5.10	\$4.67 4.77 4.87 4.97 5.07 5.18 5.28 6.38 5.49 5.69 5.78 5.78 5.78 5.78	\$4.84 4.96 5.09 5.22 5.36 5.50 5.65 5.81 5.97 6.14 6.30	60 \$4.93 5.06 5.21 5.36 5.53 5.70 6.88 6.08 6.28	62 63 64 65 66 67 68	\$3.07 3.10 3.14 3.17 3.21	\$3.08 3.12 3.15 3.19	\$3.09 3.12 3.16 3.20	\$3.09 3.13 3.17	36 37 38	\$2.52 2.53	180 \$2.52 2.53	120 \$2.52 2.53	\$2.52 2.53	Male 10*
77 4.87 4.997 4.1007 4.18 4.28 4.38 4.49 4.369 5.69 5.78 5.096 5.70 5.70 5.70 5.70 5.70 5.70 5.70 5.70	4.77 4.87 5.07 5.18 5.28 6.38 5.49 5.69 5.69 5.78 5.87	4,96 5.09 5.22 5.36 5.50 5.65 5.81 5.97 6.14	5.06 5.21 5.36 5.53 6.70 6.88 6.08	63 64 65 66 67	3.10 3.14 3.17 3.21	3.12 3.15 3.19	3.12 3.16	3.13 3.17	37	2,53				
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87 4.1 97 4.1 007 4.1 18 4.1 28 4.3 38 4.1 4.9 4.9 69 5.0 69 5.0 78 5.0 96 5.0	4,87 4,97 5,07 5,18 5,28 5,38 5,49 5,59 5,69 5,78 5,87	5.09 5.22 5.36 5.50 5.65 5.81 5.97 6.14	5.21 5.36 5,53 5.70 5.88 6.08	64 65 66 67	3.14 3.17 3.21	3.15 3.19	3.16	3.17						11
97 4.1 07 4.1 18 4.2 28 4.4 38 4.4 49 4.9 69 5.0 78 5.0 96 5.7 96 5.7	4.97 5.07 5.18 5.28 5.38 5.49 5.59 5.69 5.78 5.87	5.22 5.36 5.50 5.65 5.81 5.97 6.14	5,36 5,53 5,70 5,88 6,08	65 66 67	3.17 3.21	3.19				2.54	2,55	2,55	2.55	12
07 4. 18 4. 28 4. 38 4. 49 4. 59 4. 69 5. 78 5. 96 5.	5.07 5.18 5.28 5.38 5.49 5.59 5.69 5.78 5.87	5.36 5.50 5.65 5.81 5.97 6.14	5,53 5,70 5,88 6,08	66 67	3.21			3,21	39	2.56	2.56	2.56	2.56	13
28 4,4 38 4.4 49 4.5 59 4.9 69 5.0 78 5.0 87 5.0	5.18 5.28 5.38 5.49 5.59 5.69 5.78 5.87	5.50 5.65 5.81 5.97 6.14	5.70 5.88 6.08	67	3.21		3.24	3.25	40	2,57	2.57	2.58	2.58	14
28 4,4 38 4.4 49 4.5 59 4.9 69 5.0 78 5.0 87 5.0	5.28 5.38 5.49 5.59 5.69 5.78 5.87	5.65 5.81 5.97 6.14	5.88 6.08	68		3.23	3.24 3.29		41	2.59	2.59	2,59	2.59	15
38 4.0 49 4.5 59 4.6 69 5.0 78 5.0 87 5.0 96 5.7	5,38 5,49 5,59 5,69 5,78 5,87	5,81 5,97 6,14	6.08	1 68	3,25	3.27	3.29	3.29					2.61	
49 4.5 59 4.5 69 5.0 78 5.0 87 5.0 96 5.1	5.49 5.59 5.69 5.78 5.87	5.97 6.14			3.29	3.32	3,33	3.34	42	2.60	2.61	2.61	2.61	16
49 4.5 59 4.5 69 5.0 78 5.0 87 5.0 96 5.1	5.59 5.69 5.78 5.87	5.97 6.14	6.20	69	3,33	3.36	3.38	3.39	43	2.62	2.62	2,62	2.62	17
69 5.0 78 5.0 87 5.0 96 5.7	5,69 5.78 5.87			70	3.38	3,41	3,43	3.44	44	2,64	2,64	2.64	2.64	18
69 5.0 78 5.0 87 5.0 96 5.7	5.78 5.87		6.50	71	3.42	3.46	3.48	3.49	45	2.65	2.66	2.66	2.66	19
96 5,1 04 5	5.78 5.87		6.73	72	3.47	3.51	3.53	3.54	46	2,67	2,67	2.68	2,68	20
96 5,1 04 5	5.87	6.48	6.97	73	3.52	3.56	3,59	3,60	47	2,69	2.69	2.69	2.70	21
96 5,1 04 5		6.65	7,23	74	3.57	3.62	3.65	3.66	48	2.71	2,71	2.71	2.72	22
04 5. 12 5. 19 5.2		6,83	7,49	73 74 75	3,62	3.67	3,71	3.72	49	2.73	2.73	2,73	2.74	23
12 5,1 19 5,1	6.04	7,01	7.78	76	3.68	3.73	3,77	3.79	50	2,75	2.75	2.76	2.76	24
19 5.2		7,01	8.07	76 77	2.72	3.80	3.84	3,86	51	2.77	2.77	2.78	2.78	25
19 5.7		7.19		78	3.73 3,79		3,91	3.93	52	2.79	2.80	2.80	2.80	26
76   6'	6.19	7.36	8.38	78	3,79	3.86			53	2.82	2,82	2.82	2.82	27
2,0	6.26	7.54	8,71	79	3.85	3.93	3.98	4.01		2.02	2,02			28
32   5.7	6.32	7.71	9.04	80	3.91	4.00	4.06	4.09	54	2.84	2.84	2.85	2.85	
37 5.7	6.37	7.87	9,39	81	3.97	4.07	4.14	4.17	55	2.86	2.87	2.87	2.88	29
42   5,2	6.42	8.03	9.76	82	4.04	4.15	4.22	4.26	56	2.89	2,90	2.90	2,90	30
46   5.2	6.46	8.19	10.13	83	4,10	4.23	4.31	4.36	57	2,92	2.92	2.93	2,93	31
50 5.0	6,50	8.33	10.51	84	4.17 4.23	4.31	4.41	4.46	58	2.94	2.95	2.96	2,96	32
53 5.2	6.53	8,46	10,90	85	4.23	4,40	4.51	4.57	59	2.97	2.98	2.99	2.99	33
J. 0.8	0.00	5,40	10,50	and	4.30	4,49	4.61	4.68	60	3,00	3,01	3.02	3.02	34
-				over	4.37	4.58	4.72	4.80	61	3.04	3,05	3.05	3,05	35
				0,01	4,01	4,00		,,,,,,			(			
ertain	nths Certain	No. of Mon		Age		ths Certain	No. of Mon		Age		ths Certain	No. of Mon		Age
	180		60		240	180	120	60	Female	240	180	120	60	emale
38 \$4.2	\$4.38	\$4.47	\$4.52	62	\$2.94		\$2.95			\$2.46		\$2.46		
	4.47	4.58	4,63	63	2.97	2.98	2.98	2.98		2.47				
57 4.3	4.57			64	3.00	3.01	3.01	3.02	38	2.48	2.48	2.49	2.49	
	4.67				3.03	3.04		3.05	39	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	13
78 4.5	4.78				3.07	3.08				2.51	2.51	2.51	2.51	14
4.0	4.88				3.10					2.52		2.52		15
					2.14							2.54		
11 4.7	4.99 5.11	5.21		60	2.19	3 10				2.55	2.55	2.55		
				70	3.10	3,19	3.20			2.56				
22 4,8	5.22				3.22	3,23	3,24			2.50	2.57	2.57		
34 4.8	5.34	5.68		71	3.26	3,27	3.28		45	2.00	2,00	2.00		
	5.45	5.86		72	3.30	3.32	3.33			2,60	2.60	2,60		20
57 4.9	5.57			73	3.34		3.38			2.61	2,61	2.61		21
58 5.0	5.68	6,22	6.56	74	3.39		3.43			2.63	2.63	2.63	2.63	22
	5,79	6.42	6.82	75	3.44	3.46	3.48	3.49		2.65	2.65	2.65		
39 5,1	5.89	5.61	7.09	76	3.49	3.52	3.53	3.54		2.66	2.67	2.67		
	5.99			77	3,54	3.57	3,59	3.60	51	2.68	2.68	2.69		
	6.08	7.02		78	3.59	3.63	3,65			2.70	2.70	2.71	2.71	26
99 5.1		7 22				3.60	3.72			2.72	2.72	2.73		27
99 5.1 08 5.1			8.38	80	3.70	3.75	3.78	3.80	54	2.72 2.74	2.72 2.75	2,75	2.75	28
99 5.1 08 5.1	6.16	7.40			3.70	3.82	3.75		55	2.75	277	277	2.77	29
99 5.1 08 5.1 16 5.1	6.16 6.24	7.42		0.4			3.80	3.87		2.76 2.79	2.77 2.79	2.77 2.79	2.77	30
99 5.1 08 5.1 16 5.1	6.16 6.24 6.31	7.42 7.62	8.76	81	3.76		0.00	200						
99 5.1 08 5.1 16 5.1	6.16 6.24 6.31 6.37	7.42 7.62 7.81	8.76 9.15	82	3.83	3.89	3.93	3.95	56	2.79	2.79	279	2,79	
99 5.1 98 5.1 16 5.1 5.4 5.2 31 5.2 37 6.2	6.16 6.24 6.31 6.37	7.42 7.62 7.81 7.99	8.76		3.83 3.89	3.89 3.96	3.93 4.01	4.03	57	2.81	2.81	2.82	2.82	31
99 5.1 98 5.1 16 5.1 5.4 5.2 31 5.2 37 6.2	6.16 6.24 6.31 6.37 6.42	7.42 7.62 7.81 7.99	8.76 9.15 9.55	82	3.83 3.89 3.96	3.89	3.93 4.01 4.09		57 58	2.81 2.83	2.81 2.84	2.82	2.82 2.84	31 32
99 5.1 98 5.1 16 5.1 5.2 31 5.2 37 6.2 12 5.2 16 5.2	6.16 6.24 6.31 6.37 6.42 6.46	7.42 7.62 7.81 7.99 8.17	8.76 9.15 9.55 9.98	82 83 84	3.83 3.89 3.96	3.89 3.96 4.04	3.93 4.01 4.09	4.03 4.12	57	2.81 2.83 2.86	2.81 2.84 2.86	2.82 2.84 2.87	2.82 2.84 2.87	31 32 33
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Form No. ULGE01.8FL



FLEXIBLE PREMIUM ADJUSTABLE LIFE INSURANCE POLICY
Adjustable Death Benefit
Flexible Premiums Payable Through Age 99
Benefits Vary with Current Risk Rates and Current Interest Rates
Nonparticipating – No Dividends



# General Electric Capital Assurance Company

A GE Financial Assurance Company Home Office: 6610 West Broad Street Richmond, VA 23230 Service Center: P 0 Box 461 Lynchburg, VA 24505-0461 A Stock Company

### NOTICE TO POLICYHOLDERS

If you need to contact someone about this life insurance contract, please contact your insurance agent. If you need further information or have a dispute about a premium, claim or other aspect of your coverage, you may contact the company at the following address and telephone number.

General Electric Capital Assurance Company Policy Services Department P.O. Box 513 Lynchburg, Virginia 24505-0513 Telephone: 1-800-221-9543

If you need further assistance, the Florida Insurance Department has an insurance consumer hotline which you may contact. The toll-free number is: 1-800-342-2762.

Drac Boling

Secretary





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# ACCELERATED DEATH BENEFIT RIDER

General Flectric Capital Assurance Company Administrative Office Lynchburg, Virginia A Stock Company

This Rider provides for an accelerated payment of life insurance proceeds. It is not intended or designed to provide health, nursing home, or long-term care insurance. Receipt of an accelerated death benefit payment will reduce the death proceeds of the Policy and limit the availability of any surrender or loan values provided by the Policy.

Disclosure: Receipt of an accelerated death benefit payment may be taxable. The Owner of the Policy should seek assistance from a tax advisor before electing to receive a payment.

#### BENEFIT

The Company will make an accelerated death benefit payment to the Owner of the Policy subject to the provisions of this Rider. The requirements for payment are:

- the Owner's written request for an accelerated death benefit payment;
- proof acceptable to the Company that the Owner is eligible for a payment according to the terms of this Rider;
- written approval of payment from any irrevocable beneficiary; and
- full release of any collateral assignment of the Policy except a collateral assignment to the Company.

Payment will be made in a single sum. The Company will make only one accelerated death benefit payment under this Rider.

The Company will not make an accelerated death benefit payment if:

- it does not receive all of the requirements for payment as stated above at its administrative office;
- the Policy is being continued as extended term insurance on the date payment is to be made;
- there is less than one year remaining until any expiry or maturity date for the Policy on the date payment is to be made; or
- the Policy is being contested or has been voided as the result of a successful contest.

### BENEFIT LIMITATIONS

The Owner requests the amount of accelerated death benefit subject to the maximums stated below.

The maximum accelerated death benefit available for request is equal to the difference between (1) and (2) below.

- 1. An amount equal to the lesser of (a) and (b) below:
  - (a) The sum of the following:
    - 75% of the difference between the primary death benefit on the date the Company approves payment of an accelerated death benefit and the loan value on that date; and
    - the loan value on the date the Company approves payment of an accelerated death benefit.
  - (b) \$500,000.
- 2. The amount of any policy loan, including interest, against the Policy.
- The primary death benefit is the death benefit provided by the Policy and does not include any accidental death benefits, the amount of the death benefit of any riders, or any benefits payable because of the death of any person other than the Insured. If the Policy provides for policy loans, loan value is defined in the Policy; otherwise, loan value is defined to be zero.
- The maximum aggregate amount of accelerated death benefit payments the Company will make under all policies issued by the Company on the Insured's life is \$500,000.



### ELIGIBILITY

To be eligible to receive an accelerated death benefit payment, the Owner must provide the following to the Company:

- evidence acceptable to the Company that the Insured is living and has a life expectancy of six months or less; this
  evidence must include, but is not limited to, certification by a physician approved by the Company who is licensed
  to practice medicine in the United States or Canada and is acting within the scope of that license;
- evidence that election of this benefit is voluntary and without coercion on the part of any third party, including any creditor or government agency; and
- · evidence that only one of the Insureds is living if the Policy is a last survivor policy.

### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

Wherever used in this Rider, the term "Policy" means the Policy to which this Rider is attached. This Rider is a part of the Policy. Policy provisions apply to this Rider except where modified by this Rider.

If the Policy is in a grace period at the time an accelerated death benefit payment is made, the premium required to remove the Policy from the grace period will be deducted from the payment.

The Owner will remain liable for any required premium payments under the Policy after the Company makes an accelerated death benefit payment. After an accelerated death benefit payment has been made, the amount of any premium required to keep the Policy in force that is not paid or waived through the Owner's exercise of a waiver benefit will be added to the lien.

There is no premium or cost of insurance charge for this Rider; however, an administrative fee that will not exceed \$250 will be deducted from the accelerated death benefit prior to payment to the Owner.

### EFFECT OF AN ACCELERATED DEATH BENEFIT PAYMENT

The accelerated death benefit will be treated as a lien against the primary death benefit. This lien will limit the availability of any surrender benefit and of any future policy loans or partial withdrawals (surrenders) under the Policy; they will be available only to the extent that values under the Policy exceed the sum of the lien amount and any outstanding policy loan. This lien will not affect the death benefit of any rider attached to the Policy however.

The lien amount at any time will equal:

- the amount of the accelerated death benefit payment made to the Owner; plus
- the administrative fee; plus
- the amount of any premium required to remove the Policy from the grace period; plus
- any unpaid premiums added to the lien; plus
- accrued lien interest; less
- any lien repayments.

Interest at the policy loan interest rate(s) stated in the Policy will be charged on the portion of the lien amount equal to the difference between the loan value and any outstanding policy loan. Interest will be charged on the portion of the lien amount that exceeds this difference at a rate no greater than the greater of:

- the current yield on a 90-day treasury bill on the date of payment; and
- the current maximum adjustable policy loan interest rate allowed by law on the date of payment in the state in which
  the Policy was delivered.

After payment of the accelerated death benefit, the proceeds payable under the Policy at the death of the Insured will equal:

- · the death proceeds as defined in the Policy; less
- · the lien amount as of the date of death.

This Rider will terminate on the earliest of the following dates:

• the date of maturity or termination of the Policy; and

• the date the Owner's written request for termination of this Rider is signed; the request must be received at the administrative office.

If at any time the lien amount equals or exceeds the death proceeds as defined in the Policy, the Policy will terminate. Termination will occur 31 days after the Company has mailed notice of termination to the last known address of the Owner, unless all or part of the lien amount is repaid within 31 days after the date the notice is mailed. The Company will accept a partial repayment only if the death proceeds of the Policy would exceed the lien amount after application of the partial repayment.

President

Secretary



# FRAUD WARNINGS

First Colony Life Insurance Company (FCL) • General Electric Capital Assurance Company (GECA) • GE Life and Annuity Assurance Company (GE Life & Annuity) Administrative Office

700 Main Street . P.O. Box 461 . Lynchburg, VA 24505-0461

#### ARKANSAS and LOUISIANA

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information on an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

#### **COLORADO**

It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or insurance agent who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading information for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud a policyholder or claimant with regard to an insurance settlement or award shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

# DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

#### FLORIDA

Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

#### KENTUCKY

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

#### MAINE

It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits.

#### NEW JERSEY

Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy, is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

#### **NEW MEXICO**

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information on an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

#### OHIO

Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

#### PENNSYLVANIA

Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.





# General Electric Capital Assurance Company

A GE Financial Assurance Company
Home Office: 6610 West Broad Street • Richmond, VA 23230
Service Center: P. O. Box 461 • Lynchburg, VA 24505-0461
A Stock Company

# **ENDORSEMENT**

Insured MARTIN B'SILVERSTEIN

POLICY NUMBER 0001008660

Incontestability
Date OCTOBER 06, 2003

The section of this Policy entitled "INCONTESTABILITY" under the heading "GENERAL PROVISIONS" is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"With respect to statements made in the application, this Policy is not contestable beginning with the Incontestability Date specified above provided this Policy is in force during the lifetime of the Insured on the specified date. With respect to statements made in a supplemental application, the applicable policy change is not contestable after it has been in force during the Insured's lifetime for a period of two years beginning with its effective date. With respect to statements made in an application for reinstatement, this Policy is not contestable after it has been in force during the Insured's lifetime for a period of two years beginning with the date of reinstatement.

This provision does not apply to any rider providing additional benefits."

The section of this Policy entitled "SUICIDE" under the heading "GENERAL PROVISIONS" is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"If the Insured, while sane or insane, dies by suicide while this Policy is in force and prior to, but not including, the Incontestability Date specified above, the death proceeds under this Policy will be an amount equal to:

- the premiums paid; less
- · the loan balance on the date of death; less
- any reductions in policy value for partial withdrawals from this Policy.

If the Insured, while sane or insane, dies by suicide within two years beginning with the effective date of an increase in Specified Amount but on or after the Incontestability Date specified above, the death proceeds will be an amount equal to:

- the Assumed Death Benefit; less
- the loan balance on the date of death.

The Assumed Death Benefit is equal to:

- the death benefit as defined in the Death Benefit section assuming the increase had not occurred; plus
- the difference between the monthly deductions that were deducted from the policy value and the
  monthly deductions that would have been deducted had the increase not occurred, accumulated at
  the interest rates credited to the policy value.

These proceeds may be further adjusted as explained in the second paragraph of the **Proceeds Payable** at the **Death of the Insured** section. Any premiums paid after the date of the Insured's death will be paid in addition to these proceeds."

The first paragraph of the section of this Policy entitled "DEATH BENEFIT" under the heading "INSURANCE PROVISIONS" is hereby amended to read in its entirety as follows:

"The death benefit depends on the option in effect on the date of the Insured's death. The Schedule shows the option elected on the Policy Date."

Secretary

Ward E. Boling

Form No. ULGE99-CONV

# FIRST COLONY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Lynchburg, Virginia



POLICY CHANGE FORM - PART II (Supplement to Application)

INSURED: Name Martin B Sil	verstein	Date of Birth	Soc. Sec. No	
OWNER: Name Martin B Silve	(Print) erstein	Date of Birth	Policy Number	2092586
Address_	(Print)	é	Daytime Phone	
I ELECT THE FOLLOWING P	OLICY CHANGES:		way till to I liotto	
Convert or exchange ☐ All Issue a new policy or rider a Plan and amount: ☐ Go Automatic Premium Loan effective unless "No". The balance of the original p ☐ The original policy was lo  ☐ Change the death benefit ☐ Change the death benefit ☐ Change the death benefit ☐ Decrease Specified Amount	I/EXCHANGE	policy or rider as specified al	pe	For these changes the Instred must complete Item 7 (Evidence of Instrability) and sign the Authorization
☐ 4. DELETION or A  Delete ☐ Waiver ☐ Accidental Death ☐ Children's Level	n Benefit (if availat	TTS  Waiver  Acdidental Death Ben Children's Level Tern		
Reinstate the policy Tunderst the policy is not contestable from the date of reinstatemen	and that, with regard to answ after it has been in force dur	vers to I tem 7 Evidence of Insuring the insured/s lifetime for	rability, 2 years.	
□ 6. REISSUE and © * Other requests such 2092586			}	
REPLACEMENT OF EXISTING INSURANCE	or society with this change	to, replace or change existing e to your policy? be required for your review and		nuity in any company ☐ Yes No ☐
Signed at	City and State	Date		
Owner X	•	SSN /	month, o) Tax I.D. #	day, year)
Insured X	(Signature)	Other Required Signature		
W 51	(Signature)	Other Reduited Signam	(If	applicable)

Form No. 505-2 (95)





PLEASE PRINT Lynch	lox 320 burg, Virginia 24505-0320	P.O. Box 4114		ED FEB 1 5 1994
SECTION A PROPOSED INS				
1. Full Name (include maiden name	in parentheses.) 🔀 M	F 2. Date of Birth	3. State of Birth 4. Social	I Security Number
MARTIN B. SI	LUERSTEIN	Mo. Day Yr.		
5. Home Address: Give No., Street,	City, State, and Zip Code.	All Maries	Out the second	How Long?
			42	640
6. Previous Addresses within past 5	years	* **	7. Driver's License i	No. and State of Issue
8. Phone Numbers	9. Marital Status 10.	Citizenship	11. Occupation (Include	duties.)
Home ( ) Work		,	ONTHOPEDIC SURGE	
			3029	How Long?
12. Employer's Name and Address				1841s
	8			
SECTION B OWNER -	other than the Proposed In	nurad \		
13. Owner is Individual .	☐ Sole Proprietorship	☐ Partnership	☐ Corporation	1 Trust
14. Full Name (If trust, give full name	of trust and date of trust agre	ement.)	15. Date of Birth 16. Mo. Day Yr.	SSN or Tax ID No.
17. Address: Give No., Street, City, S	State, and Zip Code.	POPPE WITH LEAST	18. Relationship	to Proposed Insured
section C insurance ap	PLIED FOR —			
19. Amount and Plan of Insurance	20, Death Ben	efit Option (if available with P	lan)	
Amount \$ 500.000	Option	n 1: Spec. Amt. (SA) includes	value 🔲 Or	otion 2: SA plus value
Plan Select 10		evel Programmed Incre	ases (if available) %   Compound	_%
21. If a policy is issued, in which state	is it to be delivered?	2		
22. If our underwriting indicates that w	I I	rate for the Plan of Insurance	e, will you consider a higher	rate? Yes No
Additional Benefits (if available)				
	er (Complete supplemental ap nits (up to 5 units)	oplication.)	description and amount)	
Premiums			(1.0)	
24. Amount Remitted with Conditional	Receipt (with same number	as the Application Part I)	\$ 4.00	
25. Frequency of Premium Payment:				ithdeaual /DAMA
26. Automatic Premium Loan:  Yes	-	Semi-annual Quar	(Complete attach	ned PAW Authorization.

27. If premium notices are to be sent to someone other than the Owner, give full name, address, and relationship to Owner below.

	CTION D BENEFICIARY 28. Primary: (Full name)	Addr	ess			Birthda	to	SSN c	+ TIN	Del la Gene la	- 24.0	
	Molly MEAGE SILVESTEIN	T			41	_/	T.O	2214 (	11 11 N	Rel. to Prop. In	5. % 5	
									-			
	29. Contingent: (Full name)	Addr	ess			Birthda	e	SSN o	r TIN	Rel. to Prop. In:	. % SI	nare
				-!			Ţ					
L	If percentage shares are not giver	o, they w	ill be equal Give	e loan number(s)	if ann	linabla: [						
	Tion e other insura		in oc equal. Givi	e logii (inuipei(s)	парр	ilicable: [						
	30. List all of the Proposed Insured's e		ife and disability in	surance If None	etato	NONE				·		
	Full Name of Company	moung u	Amount	ADB		Waiver	ls	sue Yr.		Name of Benefic	iarv	
	Mutarlotal.	/	\$ / 000 000	\$	□ Y	es No 🗔	- 1	1786	2	AL D	[]	
			\$ '	\$		es No [		-26		2 4 7 100 11	JAIN	4-13
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46. Amount of business insurance in force on your life \$

filed for bankruptcy or had any liens or judgements filed against it?

☐ Yes

☐ Yes

No 🗆

No 🗌

45. Percentage of business you own

48. Within the past 5 years has the busing

%

47. Is business insurance applied for or in force on other key members of the business?





No. 40020415

# SECTION 1 OTHER ACTIVITIES

49. Have you in the past 5 years flown, or do you intend to fly, other than as a passenger? (If "Yes," complete Aviation Supplement.)

50. Have you in the past 2 years engaged in, or do you expect to engage in, any hazardous activities or sports such as hang gliding, hot-air ballooning, ultra-light flying, mountain or rock climbing, motor vehicle or boat racing, or scuba or sky diving? (If "Yes," complete Hazardous Activities Supplement.)

51. Have you in the past 5 years traveled or resided, or do you intend to travel or reside, outside of the continental United States for more than 6 consecutive weeks? (If "Yes," explain in the Remarks section.)



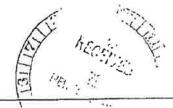
#### REMARKS

(Use this section for explanations and special requests, identify applicable Question numbers.)

33. also applying for replace

1,000,000 / E Colony C.Fa

policy to human of my



# - AUTHORIZATION TO COLLECT AND DISCLOSE INFORMATION

Source Each of the following may be a source of information: care provider; treatment facility; insurer; reinsurer; MIB; consumer reporting agency; financial source; and employer. Care provider includes: physicians; chiropractors; physical therapists; psychologists; and drug, alcohol, or mental health counselors. Treatment facility includes: hospitals; clinics; drug or alcohol treatment or consultation facilities; nursing homes; mental health facilities; ambulatory care centers; and those facilities or offices staffed or run by care providers.

Information Information means lacts about my; mental or physical health; other insurance coverage; hazardous activities; character; general reputation; mode of living; finances; vocation; and other personal traits.

I understand that the following parties may need to collect information in regard to proposed coverage: First Colony Life Insurance Company (the Company) and its reinsurers; the Medical Information Bureau, Inc. (MIB); a consumer reporting agency; and all persons authorized to represent these parties. I therefore authorize each source to give information when this Authorization to Collect and Disclose Information (Authorization) is presented. A copy of this Authorization will be as valid as the original. The Company will use the information to decide if I am insurable. The broker may use it to help update and improve my insurance program. Those parties that may need to collect information may disclose the information they collect to: other insurers to which I have applied or may apply; reinsurers; MIB; or those persons who perform business, professional, or insurance tasks for them. They may disclose the information as allowed by law. MIB and consumer reporting agencies may disclose the information only as set forth in a contract with a member company or organization.

This Authorization will be valid for two years after the date I sign the Application – Part I. I understand that I or my authorized representative may ask to receive a copy of this Authorization. I have received the Notice to Proposed Insured.

These statements are made by the Proposed Insured or the person authorized to act on behalf of the Proposed Insured.

The application includes the Application – Parts I and II, as well as any forms the Company designates to be part of the application, that are attached to any policy delivered to the Owner. No broker is authorized to: (a) make or modify contracts; (b) waive any Company rights or requirements; or (c) waive any information the Company requests.

By signing below, i: (1) apply to the Company for coverage as indicated in this Application – Part I; (2) represent that the statements and answers given in this Application – Part I are true, complete, and correctly recorded to the best of my knowledge and belief; (3) agree to notify the Company of any changes to the statements and answers given in any part of the application before accepting delivery of any policy; and (4) agree that, except as provided in the Conditional Receipt, insurance will not begin unless a policy is delivered to the Owner and the first modal premium is paid while all persons proposed for insurance are living and are insurable as described in each part of the application.

×9.	Signature of Proposed Insured	Signed at FC Co	mderdale R City/Siale	on _	V 14	194
	Owner (if other than Proposed Insured)	Signed at	City/State	on _	/_	
Ву	Signature and Title (If applicable)	Signed at Kr. C	City/State	on	~1 Y	194

Form No. 500-07-03

4306020004134050001008660102403...



Case 3:23-cv-00684-DJN Document 70-4 Filed 12/13/24 Page 34 of 35 PageID# 877

First (olony life Insurance Company

RECEIVED FEB 1 1 1994

APPLICATION - PART II MEDICAL HISTORY PLEASE PRINT

P.O. Box 320 Lynchburg, Virginia 24505-0320

P.O. Box 4114 Woodland Hills, California 91365-4114

Full Name of Proposed Insured

MARTIN

SIL VERSTEIN

Social Security No.

### INSTRUCTIONS -

Answer all questions. If a question is not applicable, please indicate by marking it "N/A." The Proposed Insured must explain all "Yes" answers in the space provided. Each question number and applicable Item must be identified.

#### DEFINITIONS

Professional health care provider (care provider) includes, but is not limited to, persons licensed as any of the following: physicians; chiropractors; physical therapists; psychologists; and drug, alcohol, or mental health counselors,

Professional health care treatment facility (treatment facility) includes but is not limited to: hospitals; clinics; drug or alcohol treatment or consultation facilities; nursing homes; mental health facilities; ambulatory care centers; and those facilities or offices staffed or run by care providers.

**MEDICAL QUESTIONS** •

4300020004133039001008660102403.



# **EXHIBIT 4**

#### Message

From: Bodnar, Vincent (Genworth) [/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=ABFAB99273E142A784A9B86A75CF5D30]

**Sent**: 3/9/2018 12:16:37 AM

To: Drago, Michael T (Genworth) [/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=3C12E9CB8A474010925FE8B524F30384]; Waterman, Kevin (Genworth)

[/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=24CF7271484B47DEBC496C8CEB2BDCEF]; Tabb, Maria O (Genworth)

[/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=CFEC758D74A64D5C9D11E14A990AD2FC]

Subject: Re: Discount Rate on COI Project

#### From Webster's dictionary:

<u>Millimanism</u>: A term used in the late 20th and early 21st centuries that describes a justification for an actuarial assumption when nothing other than "Milliman says so" exists. This approach to the justification of assumptions, particularly one called "morbidity improvement," almost single-handedly destroyed an entire product line, costing tax payers and health insurance carriers billions of dollars.

We need to revisit this and develop an assumption that is grounded in sound actuarial principles. It should be original pricing or current best estimate. I think it should be current best estimate, since that is the basis for the COI changes.

Vincent L. Bodnar Senior Vice President, Product Management Genworth Financial, Inc. +1 (804) 281-6292 Office +1 (804) 248-2231 Mobile

From: Drago, Michael T (Genworth)
Sent: Thursday, March 8, 2018 5:11:03 PM

To: Waterman, Kevin (Genworth); Bodnar, Vincent (Genworth)

Subject: FW: Discount Rate on COI Project

FYI..... someone had told me the 10% was original pricing.

From: Jaso, Carrie S (Genworth)

Sent: Thursday, March 08, 2018 5:05 PM

To: Drago, Michael T (Genworth) < Michael. Drago@genworth.com>

Subject: RE: Discount Rate

No – it was a recommendation from Milliman (Laird) to use a rate that is representative of a typical/reasonable IRR hurdle. That way, the analysis could be consistent from product to product, supportable as reasonable, and not dependent on whether the pricing documentation was available. Any pricing targets that are available would be in all of the original pricing documentation that's been compiled.

From: Drago, Michael T (Genworth)
Sent: Thursday, March 08, 2018 4:48 PM

To: Jaso, Carrie S (Genworth) < Carrie. Jaso@genworth.com>

Subject: Discount Rate

Hey Carrie

Milliman is a 10% Discount rate for the PV of profits.

I heard that it is because that is how the original products were priced. IS that true? If so, do we have any documents that show that?

thanks

Mike Drago AVP and Actuary LTC Pricing Genworth Financial Richmond, VA Ph 804-484-7124

Confidential GLAIC\_00126689

# EXHIBIT 5

Cassas 8: 2028 vc 0 0000 4038 40 JDN ND 60 commenter 4: 974 66 HT level 0182/1163/2214 Prangre 22 coff 33 Prangred 10 ## 180836 0

# Message

From: Schmieder, Mark (Genworth) [/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=2E7BD8094F104151BF611D48CC58692E]

**Sent**: 1/17/2017 9:35:36 PM

**To**: Groh, Kelly (Genworth) [/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=3C3380231E4F4E3186A20E179F8F0A50]; Evangel, Lori M (Genworth)

[/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=66190EE8A1F9444EBE0C22AC4D2ADB5B]; Haley, Paul (Genworth)

[/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=90C4D42BB7374C74AC6383E6B4DB6C41]; Keppler, Matthew P

(Genworth) [/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=987CE53D408D45658D31A6967AA38A1E]; Sheehan, Daniel J. (Genworth)

[/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=E1F635AF0C66498B9A47314BDB23B72F]; Dunn, Harry D (Genworth)

[/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=586A83FB741F4A12815CDCF0D57DF00B]; Wright, Jeffrey S (Genworth)

[/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=67BDFD01598F4A078D35BB6A533F43A6]; O'Leary, David (Genworth)

[/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=3E4CBA19B888444786FD151D78F19266]

**BCC**: Hodges, Blake (Genworth) [/O=FIRST ORGANIZATION/OU=EXTERNAL

(FYDIBOHF25SPDLT)/CN=RECIPIENTS/CN=DEF1B4AE426740279DCE66DD8DC64A94]

**Subject**: Endorsement Status of Life Mortality Assumptions

Thank you everyone for responding via email.

I have received endorsements from 7 of the 8 voting members:

Kelly, Lori, Paul, Matt, Dan, Harry and Jeff

David has abstained from endorsing the Life Mortality assumptions with his context noted below.

Mark S.

From: O'Leary, David (Genworth)

**Sent:** Tuesday, January 17, 2017 3:11 PM

**To:** Schmieder, Mark (Genworth) < Mark. Schmieder@genworth.com> **Subject:** Re: Endorsement Request Via Email: Life Mortality Assumptions

# Mark

In place of a direct endorsement or lack of endorsement, I am abstaining from voting on endorsement of the life mortality assumption changes. I realize the reasonable minds can differ and there is a range of appropriate values for most if not all assumptions, particularly when, as here, In my opinion there is not a significant amount of credible data. I have previously expressed that while I agree there is early data indicating that our GNW09 table should start the process of changing the slope differently, I believe that a different slope to the proposed slope to the GNW16 table could be supported based on our discussions and the lack of credible data. I do not have an alternative to offer since, in my opinion, the entire discussion is about the degree of change. While I understand how a reasonable approach could wind up with the GNW16 proposed table, it is not necessary where I would wind up. I have been and remain in the camp that we should make a small incremental move at this point to allow further experience to emerge. I do acknowledge that of our actuarial team has completed their review and the engaged outside actuarial consultants have weighed in, however, my belief remains that neither GNW nor the industry has enough broad based experience at this time making the decision on the slope difficult.

So my "endorsement" is limited to the fact that we should begin increasing the slope of the mortality table only – I am not endorsing the proposed slope from the team.

david

Casses 8: 2028 ve 0 000 2408 40 JDN N D Obrough emet n 4 97 4 66 HT level 1082/1163 22 14 Prangge 33 of 13 Prangge 10 ## 1808 46 5

David O'Leary Office - 804–281-6270 david.oleary@genworth.com

From: "Schmieder, Mark (Genworth)" < Mark. Schmieder@genworth.com>

Date: Tuesday, January 17, 2017 at 9:30 AM

To: Lori Evangel < Lori. Evangel@genworth.com >, sample < David.OLeary@genworth.com >

Subject: Endorsement Request Via Email: Life Mortality Assumptions

Appears I do not yet have your endorsement of the Life Mortality Assumptions.

Have received the remainder of the committee's.

Mark S.

From: Schmieder, Mark (Genworth)
Sent: Monday, January 09, 2017 7:35 AM

To: Evangel, Lori M (Genworth) < Lori. Evangel@genworth.com >; Groh, Kelly (Genworth) < Kelly. Groh@genworth.com >;

Keppler, Matthew P (Genworth) < Matthew. Keppler@genworth.com>; Haley, Paul (Genworth)

<Paul.Haley@genworth.com>; O'Leary, David (Genworth) <David.OLeary@genworth.com>; Sheehan, Daniel J.

(Genworth) < <a href="mailto:dan.sheehan@genworth.com">dan.sheehan@genworth.com</a>; Dunn, Harry D (Genworth) < <a href="mailto:Harry.Dunn@genworth.com">Harry D (Genworth) < Harry.Dunn@genworth.com</a>; Wright, Jeffrey

S (Genworth) < Jeffrey. Wright@genworth.com>

Subject: Endorsement Request Via Email: Life Mortality Assumptions

For proper governance, the record needs to reflect the Assumption Governance Committee's endorsement of the Life Mortality Assumptions.

The attached draft document reflects the proposed Gen-XVI mortality table that has been previously reviewed and discussed in Assumption Governance Meetings.

The Life assumptions begin on page 12.

On page 28 you will find an updated proposed mortality improvement assumption.

For those who may need further explanation I'll direct you to Paul Haley.

Please provide your endorsement of these assumptions via email.

Mark S.

Confidential GLAIC\_00309851

# **EXHIBIT 6**

From: <u>Gennardo, Patrick</u>
To: <u>Andy Friedman</u>

Cc: Lora Krsulich; Steven Sklaver; Jonathan Ross; Seth Ard; Ellen Marcus; Kathleen Holmes; Ryan Kirkpatrick; Frank

Balint; Evans, Tom; Higgins, William; Huang, Kathy; Tuck, Andy; Brian E. Pumphrey; Steven G. Popps

**Subject:** Re: Brighton: Genworth's Proposed Discovery "Milestone" Schedule

**Date:** Friday, September 25, 2020 6:30:28 AM

Andy,

Very nice to meet you as well. As I am sure you are aware (and I suspect the reason behind your question), GLIC is not a defendant to the action and none of the purported class representatives own policies issued by GLIC. As such, we do not consider GLIC policies to be "in scope."

Having said that, and on plaintiffs' representation that they intend to (1) add GLIC as a party and (2) name a purported class representative owning a GLIC issued policy, we will commit to substantially producing GLIC related policy information within our proposed discovery milestones, if, and when, Plaintiffs so amend their complaint so as to bring GLIC within scope.

In other words, we will gather GLIC policy information when gathering information that is otherwise in scope so that the GLIC information can be produced promptly once GLIC is properly in scope, but will not produce such information until that time under our current proposed discovery milestones schedule.

Best,

Patrick

Sent from my iPhone

On Sep 24, 2020, at 2:57 PM, Andy Friedman <a friedman@bffb.com> wrote:

EXTERNAL SENDER – Proceed with caution

\_\_\_\_\_

Thank you.

Patrick, nice to meet you (so to speak). Can you confirm that the in-scope policies include FC Gold I & II (issued by First Colony & ultimately assumed by GLAIC) and GE Gold I & II (issued by GE & ultimately assumed by GLIC, GLAIC's parent company) and that the responsive documents will be produced for each of these products?

Thanks Andy

Andrew S. Friedman

(602) 274-1100 (Office) (602) 776-5902 (Direct) (602) 274-1199 (Fax) afriedman@bffb.com<<u>mailto:afriedman@bffb.com</u>>

On 9/24/20, 11:46 AM, "Lora Krsulich" < LKrsulich@susmangodfrey.com> wrote:

Counsel,

Please find attached Plaintiffs' proposed revisions to GLAIC's proposed case and discovery milestone schedule.

Best,

Lora

----Original Message-----

From: Gennardo, Patrick < Patrick.Gennardo@alston.com>

Sent: Wednesday, September 23, 2020 10:40 AM

To: Steven Sklaver <ssklaver@SusmanGodfrey.com>; Jonathan Ross <JROSS@SusmanGodfrey.com>; Seth Ard

<sard@susmangodfrey.com>; Ellen Marcus <emarcus@hcmlawva.com>; Kathleen Holmes

<KHolmes@hcmlawva.com>; Lora Krsulich <LKrsulich@susmangodfrey.com>; Ryan Kirkpatrick

<RKirkpatrick@susmangodfrey.com>; Andy Friedman <afriedman@bffb.com>; Frank Balint <fbalint@bffb.com>

Cc: Evans, Tom <Tom.Evans@alston.com>; Higgins, William <William.Higgins@alston.com>; Huang, Kathy

<Kathy.Huang@alston.com>; Tuck, Andy <Andy.Tuck@alston.com>; Brian E. Pumphrey

<br/>
<

Subject: Brighton: Genworth's Proposed Discovery "Milestone" Schedule

Counsel:

We have considered the categories of "priority" documents, as we understand them, based on the categories of documents that you identified during our conference call last week. We understand the concept to be that those are the documents plaintiffs will need sooner rather than later to facilitate the filing of a motion for class certification, subject to the deadlines the parties anticipate being imposed by the Court in this matter.

The following table indicates the dates by which GLAIC anticipates being able to produce the documents within each such category. Any production by GLAIC is subject to the Court's prior entry of a protective order and ESI protocol.

Document Category Requested by Plaintiffs

GLAIC's Proposed Substantial Completion Deadline

1. Policy forms on which Gold policies were issued

GLAIC will produce its submissions of the Gold product policy forms to state regulators as found in its hard copy files by October 16, 2020. To the extent applicable riders and endorsements are not captured in the files, GLAIC will produce those documents at a later date.

2. Policy counts

GLAIC will provide policy counts as evidenced by extracts from its systems as of the date policy data were collected for purposes of the rate redetermination analysis by October 16, 2020.

3. Communications to state regulators regarding the COI rate adjustment

#### 4. ALFA models used to determine the adjusted scales of COI rates

October 16, 2020, subject to consent from Milliman to provide the ALFA models we understand were used and allow each party to use its software.

#### 5. Determination policy

GLAIC will produce its responses to interrogatories regarding non-guaranteed elements as submitted to regulators for the past six years by November 6, 2020.

#### 6. COI rates

By November 13, 2020, GLAIC will produce information sufficient to determine the pre- and post-adjustment COI rates for each insured under a Subject Policy.

#### 7. Gold productmemoranda

By November 13, 2020, GLAIC will produce memoranda prepared in connection with the approval and launch of the Gold product that set out product features and assumptions, that GLAIC is able to locate by that date. To the extent GLAIC is not able to locate, by that date, all documents responsive to this request, GLAIC will supplement its production with any additional materials it locates following additional searches and would expect to complete that production by January 15, 2021.

## 8. Rate adjustment analysis

By November 20, 2020, GLAIC will make a production of such memoranda/communications relating to the COI rate adjustment as it is able to locate by November 13, 2020. The search will not include electronic searches of emails and attachments. Thereafter, GLAIC will produce such documents on a rolling basis and expects the production of such documents, excluding emails and attachments, to be substantially completed by January 15, 2021.

#### 9. Reinsurance documents

GLAIC will produce requested communications with its reinsurers regarding the rate adjustment by November 20, 2020.

#### 10. Mortality assumptions and changes

It is expected that the pricing assumptions and those used in the determination of adjusted scales in 2019 will be contained in the product memoranda and ALFA models referenced above. Other documents containing assumptions applied with respect to the products at issue that can be located through a proportional search will be produced by January 29, 2021.

#### 11. Policy Data

GLAIC has some flexibility on this date and believes you will want the data as of a date after January 1, 2021. If that is correct, GLAIC would propose providing policy data as of September 30, 2017, the baseline for the rate adjustment analysis, until the end of 2020, including the basic information like issue date, insured's rate class, specified amount, account value as of September 30, 2017, and death benefit option, as well as transactional data such as premiums received, interest added to the account, deductions from the account, and loan accounting (everything needed to bring the account value forward to 12/31/2020), as well as about deaths, surrenders, and lapses. GLAIC proposes providing that data by February 1, 2021.

Please note that the table does not include any dates relating to the production of email communications and other electronically stored information that may fall within such categories that may be located through an electronic search.

We only just receivedplaintiffs' list of proposed search terms, and the schedule for production of emails and other ESI will depend heavily on cooperation from plaintiffs in narrowing the set of emails, attachments and other ESI to be reviewed and produced to a reasonable number.

GLAIC will be in a better position to provide a reasonable timeframe for the production of emails and other ESI after the parties agree on search terms and the size of the potential review set can be determined.

I look forward to your thoughts concerning the same.

Best,

Patrick Gennardo

Sent from my iPhone

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# EXHIBIT 7

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

#### FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA

#### RICHMOND DIVISION

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

BRIGHTON TRUSTEES, LLC, ET AL., \* CIVIL ACTION 3:20-CV-00240

\* OCTOBER 17, 2022 3:02 P.M.

Plaintiffs, \* FINAL APPROVAL HEARING

\* VOLUME I OF I

VS.

\*

GENWORTH LIFE AND ANNUITY

INSURANCE COMPANY, ET AL., \* Before:

\* HONORABLE DAVID J. NOVAK

Defendants. \* UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

#### **APPEARANCES:**

For the Plaintiffs: STEVEN G. SKLAVER, ESQUIRE

Susman Godfrey, LLP

1901 Avenue of the Stars

Suite 950

Los Angeles, CA 90067-6029

KATHLEEN J. L. HOLMES, ESQUIRE Holmes Costin & Marcus PLLC

301 N. Fairfax Street

Suite 202

Alexandria, VA 22314

For the Defendants: PATRICK GENNARDO, ESQUIRE

Alston & Bird LLP 90 Park Avenue

New York, NY 10016

Court Reporter: Melissa H. Custis, RPR

701 East Broad Street Richmond, Virginia 23219

(804)916-2278

Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography. Transcript produced by computer.

		ignicon v. denworth 10/17/2022
1	APPEARANCES	(Continued):
2		BRIAN E. PUMPHREY, ESQUIRE ELIZABETH F. TYLER, ESQUIRE
3		McGuireWoods LLP 800 East Canal Street
4		Richmond, VA 23219
5		
6		
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(Court convened at 3:02 p.m.)
 1
            THE CLERK: Civil Action 3:20-CV-240, Brighton
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3
   Trustees, LLC, et al. v. Genworth Life and Annuity.
            Representing the plaintiff is Steven G. Sklaver and
 4
   Kathleen J. L. Holmes.
 5
            Representing the defendant is Patrick Gennardo, Brian
 6
7
   Pumphrey, and Elizabeth F. Tyler.
8
            Counsel, are we ready to proceed?
            THE COURT: Everybody is ready?
9
10
            MR. PUMPHREY: Yes, Your Honor.
            THE COURT: All right. We're here on the unopposed
11
   motion for final approval of the settlement, class action
12
   settlement in this case.
13
14
            Who's speaking for the plaintiff?
15
            Mr. Sklaver, is that you or Ms. Holmes?
16
            MS. HOLMES: Mr. Sklaver will address the Court, Your
17
   Honor.
            THE COURT: Do you want to come on up to the lectern
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19
   and just want to put on the basic terms of the agreement on
20
   the record?
            MR. SKLAVER: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
21
22
                   The basic terms of the agreement are an
            Sure.
23
   approximate $25 million cash fund. It has been reduced to the
   two opt-outs so that the total now is $24,997,961.25.
24
25
   money has been paid and is in an escrow account that's earned
```

interest, and it's now exceeding \$25 million due to that 1 2 interest. The money will be distributed on a pro rata basis 3 with a \$100 minimum payment tied to the amount of overcharges 4 5 incurred by each class member through a date fixed of March of 2022, of this year. 6 7 And then there are two components of nonmonetary benefits. The first is a COI rates schedule freeze for seven 8 9 years. So even if the contract otherwise permits a rate raise 10 of cost of insurance charges or there's been a spike in mortality due to a worldwide pandemic, like we've seen and is 11 12 accounted for, Genworth will not raise the scale again for up to seven years. If there is a rate increase in seven years, 13 14 the release carves that out and no release is provided and 15 there could be new litigation over a new rate increase. 16 THE COURT: As I understand it, you're asking -- go 17 I'll let you finish the second thing. Go ahead. The second nonmonetary benefit is 18 MR. SKLAVER: 19 what's called an insurable interest or Stranger-Originated 20 Life Insurance Waiver. Genworth has agreed not to contest a policy for being void due to lack of insurable interest, which 21 many states allow for a challenge to occur through the life --22 23 forever. There's no statute of limitations in many states. And that helps ensure that the death benefits are paid if a 24 25 claim is otherwise proper and timely made by an owner.

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            THE COURT: As I understand it, you estimate the
   value of the nonmonetary release to be roughly $19.5 million
2
   as well; is that right?
3
            MR. SKLAVER: That's correct. It was 19.9 million in
 4
 5
   total.
            THE COURT: All right. And then your fee request?
 6
7
            MR. SKLAVER: The request is limited to the -- you
   can look at it two ways. One is if you look at it at the
8
   overall benefits of -- benefits conferred to the class, which
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10
   is appropriate under the case law. It's about 18.6 percent.
   But if you look at it in isolation, viewed just for the cash
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12
   component, which is what we're asking, is one-third of the
   cash component. And that total is $8,332,653.75, and that
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14
   accounts for two opt-outs of the over 13,000 class members.
15
            THE COURT: I'm unaware of any objectors; is that
16
   correct?
17
            MR. SKLAVER: There are no objectors. There are no
   objectors here in the courtroom. And we even checked with the
18
19
   claims administrator one more time, and even out of time,
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   there are no objections noted through today.
            THE COURT: And I'll add that we gave notice that if
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22
   there was anybody that wanted to object, they needed to be
23
   here today, I believe.
            MR. SKLAVER: That's correct, Your Honor.
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25
            THE COURT: So with only the two opt-outs, I think
```

1 that's all we have then; is that right? That's correct, Your Honor. 2 MR. SKLAVER: THE COURT: Anything else from the defense? 3 MR. GENNARDO: No, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Well, I'm going to approve the class 5 action settlement, finding that it meets the standards laid 6 7 out in Rule 23(e). I find that the settlement agreement is fair, reasonable, and adequate in light of the Rule 23(e)(2) factors and the factors that the Fourth Circuit has spelled 9 10 out in Jiffy Lube. The plaintiffs and class counsel have 11 12 adequately represented the class. I find that both the class representatives and the class counsel have appropriately 13 14 served the class as adequate representatives. 15 The class representatives adequately represent the 16 class where they don't have any interests that are antagonistic to those of the class, and I find here that the 17 class representatives continue to be aligned with the entirety 18 19 of the class as a whole. Again, the class representatives 20 suffered the same injury and they seek the same recovery. As to class counsel, I find that they have adequately 21 22 represented the class. As I said at the preliminary approval 23 hearing, Susman Godfrey's conduct over the course of this litigation has cemented their adequacy as the class counsel. 24 25 They undertook a deep and thorough investigation of the claims

1 in this case. They conducted extensive discovery, including through copious document review as well as numerous 2 depositions, and they provided thorough briefing on class 3 certification and in oppositions to exclude their expert 4 witnesses, and they vigorously engaged in settlement 5 negotiations with defense counsel. 6 7 Number Two: The settlement is the product of good faith, informed, and arm's length negotiations by experienced 8 9 counsel. That's the second factor under 23(e)(2). 10 The parties here negotiated this settlement through multiple mediation sessions with the help of a private 11 12 mediator, Rodney Max. The negotiation period spanned nearly six months. 13 14 Both the declaration that Mr. Max submitted in 15 support of the settlement at the preliminary approval stage 16 and the affidavit that Mr. Sklaver submitted to accompany the 17 plaintiffs' motion detail the extensive efforts that class counsel undertook to prosecute this class action and the arm's 18 19 length nature of the negotiations between the parties. 20 The advanced posture of the case also supports final approval as well. The parties conducted substantial 21 22 discovery, fully briefed multiple contested motions before they reached a settlement agreement. I think I had to give 23 them some quidance on that to get you moving in the right 24 25 direction. The parties had conducted over a dozen fact and

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expert depositions as well. There is no question that there 1 is -- this was at arm's length. There was no collusion here at all. In fact, it was heavily litigated until both sides saw the light. 4 Finally, class counsel's wealth of experience in 5 litigating cost of insurance class actions weighs in favor of 6 this approval as well. Number Three: The settlement provides adequate 8 relief to the class in light of the counterbalancing factors. 10 That's the third factor here under 23(e)(2). The settlement affords a substantial monetary recovery to the class, roughly 11 \$25 million. Now, with interest, I guess it's over that. 12 find it significant that the monetary recovery represents 13 14 163 percent of the COI overcharges that the settlement class 15 members suffered. 16 The settlement also provides significant nonmonetary 17 relief that Mr. Sklaver just outlined. One, by locking in the COI rates for seven years; and, two, precluding the defendant 18 19 from using two specific legal arguments to deny claims by 20 class members. That value is, I quess, estimated to be 19.9 million. 21 22 I find that the method of distributing the relief to 23 the class also weighs in favor of finding that the settlement provides adequate relief as well. The proposed allocation and 24

disbursement methods, which I already preliminarily approved,

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which I think speak to it.

1 automatically distribute the funds to the class members without a claims process. This method should streamline the process of getting the funds into the hands of the class members. 4 On the other side of the equation, the plaintiffs 5 faced substantial costs, risks, and delays had they litigated 6 this action through trial. The defendant was poised to meaningfully contest both breach and damages on summary judgment and at trial. In fact, we saw the litigation early 10 on in this case. So the expense associated with further litigation looms large as well. 11 12 So on balance, I find that the settlement provides adequate relief in light of countervailing factors. 13 14 Number Four: The settlement treats class members 15 equitably relative to each other, the final 23(e)(2) factor. 16 Every class member here is going to receive his or her pro 17 rata share of the settlement fund based on the amount that the class member was overcharged. 18 19 The settlement also provides for a minimum payment 20 that applies equally across the class. And the releases that the class members provide to GLAIC were identical. 21 Five: The Jiffy Lube factors also suggest that the 22 23 Court should look to the reaction of the class to the proposed settlement. Here we have no objectors and only two opt-outs, 24

As to the allocation plan, I want to turn briefly to that. The Court preliminarily approved this allocation plan in June, and I'm going to give the plan the final approval now.

As I discussed just a minute ago, the plan provides for a minimum payment floor and a pro rata distribution of the settlement funds remaining after the class members receive their minimum payment. The plan requires no class claim forms or claims processes, which should streamline the distribution significantly.

As to notice, the Court already approved the notice plan at the preliminary approval stage as the best notice practicable under the circumstances. Now, on the back end, I continue to believe that that is true.

The notice contained all the information required to be included by Rule 23(c)(2)(B), and I find that the notice fairly apprised the prospective members of the class of the terms of the proposed settlement and of the options that are open to them in connection with the proceedings.

As to fees, I see that, as we originally anticipated, class counsel requests fees in the amount of \$8,333,139.08. That equals a third of the monetary recovery. I'm going to approve this fee amount, finding it's fair and reasonable in light of the proposed settlement and consistent with prior fee awards in this Circuit.

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# Brighton v. Genworth - 10/17/2022

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here.

As the Court has already addressed, the recovery that class counsel secured on behalf of the class is more than adequate, and it certainly helps justify their requested fee They secured a monetary recovery that exceeds the COI overcharges that the members of the settlement class suffered. Class counsel also secured prospective relief that I spoke of before. They've invested \$3.5 million of time and money into prosecuting this class action, which was not a given at all going into this case, which needs to be noted here, and their efforts produced a substantial -- required a substantial volume of factual and expert discovery. They also successfully opposed two motions to exclude their experts, which might have been decisive as to the case. In addition, class counsel engaged in protracted settlement negotiations over a period of nearly six months. Rather than settle the case early for a lower recovery, they put more time and money into it to secure the best outcome for the class, and I do believe it was a good outcome for the class. Comparing their fee request to prior fee awards in this Circuit, I find the fee is fair and reasonable, a fee equal to one-third of the recovery. And that's only the monetary value. It excludes the other nonmonetary relief

Normally, the range is between 25 to 40 percent in this

1 Circuit, and, therefore, I'm going to find it's appropriate. And the lodestar, similarly, with a multiple 3.04, also falls 2 within the appropriate range. 3 So I find that the Barber factors weigh in favor of 4 finding the requested relief reasonable. I'm not going to go 5 through all of them because it's clear that those factors are 6 met here. I think I've already gone over all of them already, 7 to be honest with you. 8 So, in summary, I find that class counsels' requested 9 10 fee is fair and reasonable in light of the substantial work that they performed. I'm going to approve also their 11 reimbursement of expenses in the amount of \$800,981.03. 12 As to the case contribution award, the named 13 14 plaintiffs request a \$25,000 award for each of those. 15 going to approve those as well. Class counsel represents that 16 the named plaintiffs communicated regularly with class 17 counsel, gathered and reviewed documents to respond to the defendant's discovery requests, prepared for and appeared at 18 19 depositions, and participated in the settlement negotiation 20 process. Because the class substantially benefited from the efforts of each named plaintiff, the Court is going to approve 21 22 the \$25,000 contribution award for each of the named plaintiffs. 23 So I'll just reaffirm the class settlement as the 24 25 final settlement class pursuant to Rule 23. And for the

```
1
   reasons I previously set forth in the preliminary approval
   order, I find that the action, for purposes of this
2
   settlement, may be maintained as a class action on behalf of
 3
   the class settlement.
 4
            So I'm going to approve everything you've asked for.
 5
            Is there anything else I need to do?
 6
 7
            MR. SKLAVER: No, Your Honor. Thank you. Two items.
8
            THE COURT: Ms. Holmes is a regular here so she knows
9
   you have to stand up.
10
            MR. SKLAVER: Thank you, Your Honor. She gave me
   some sage advice, which is if my lips are moving, you're
11
12
            So I'll keep it brief.
   losina.
            THE COURT: That's the way it rolls around here.
13
14
            MR. SKLAVER: The first is we owe you a final
15
   judgment to enable the case to be closed.
16
            THE COURT: Right.
17
            MR. SKLAVER: And the parties, I believe, had agreed
   that we will submit one within one week or possibly even
18
19
   quicker.
20
            THE COURT: That's fine. When you send that in, also
   send it in Word format to my law clerk in case we have to
21
22
   tweak it at all.
23
            MR. SKLAVER: Okay. And I think that's it.
            I just wanted to say we've been litigating for two
24
   years, more than two years, and this is our first time in the
25
```

```
1
               So we wanted to thank the entire court and the
   entire staff for the help over the years. It's been a long
2
3
   haul, both remotely and now here in person, and I just wanted
   to thank the Court for its use of time and resources.
 4
            THE COURT: This is a good settlement. You've done a
5
   good job here. This is not an easy case for either side.
 6
7
   can tell you that right now, it's a good outcome.
            Anything else from you guys?
8
9
            MR. PUMPHREY: No, Your Honor. Thank you very much.
         (Court recessed at 3:18 p.m.)
10
11
                             CERTIFICATE
   I, Melissa H. Custis, certify that the foregoing is
12
13
   a correct transcript from the record of proceedings
14
   in the above-entitled matter.
15
16
   /s/ Melissa H. Custis, RPR
                                          Date: 10/27/2022
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

# **EXHIBIT 8**

#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

#### FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA

#### RICHMOND DIVISION

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

MARTIN SILVERSTEIN, \* CIVIL ACTION 3:23-CV-00684

\* OCTOBER 10, 2024 1:54 P.M.

Plaintiff, \* PRELIMINARY APPROVAL HEARING

\* VOLUME I OF I

VS.

GENWORTH LIFE INSURANCE

COMPANY,

\* Before:

\* HONORABLE DAVID J. NOVAK

Defendant. \* UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

#### **APPEARANCES:**

For the Plaintiff: STEVEN G. SKLAVER, ESQUIRE

Susman Godfrey LLP

1901 Avenue of the Stars

Suite 950

Los Angeles, CA 90067-6029

KATHLEEN J. L. HOLMES, ESQUIRE

Holmes Costin & Marcus PLLC

908 King Street

Suite 330

Alexandria, VA 22314

For the Defendant: PATRICK GENNARDO, ESQUIRE

Alston & Bird LLP

90 Park Avenue

15th Floor

New York, NY 10016-1387

Court Reporter: Melissa H. Custis, RPR

> 701 East Broad Street Richmond, Virginia 23219

(804)916-2278

Proceedings recorded by mechanical stenography. Transcript produced by computer.

Ī	Silverstein v.	Jenworth 10/10/2024
1	APPEARANCES (Continued):	
2	For the Defendant:	BRIAN E. PUMPHREY, ESQUIRE FRANK TALBOTT, V, ESQUIRE
3		McGuireWoods LLP Gateway Plaza
4		800 East Canal Street Richmond, VA 23219
5		
6		
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1
         (Court convened at 1:54 p.m.)
             THE CLERK: Civil action 3:23-CV-684, Martin
 2
 3
   Silverstein on behalf of himself and all others similarly
   situated versus Genworth Life Insurance Company.
 4
 5
            Representing the plaintiff is Steven Sklaver and
   Kathleen Holmes.
 6
 7
            On behalf of the defendant, Patrick Gennardo, Brian
   E. Pumphrey, and Frank Talbott.
 8
 9
            Counsel, are we all ready to proceed?
            MS. HOLMES: Yes.
10
11
            THE COURT: All right. We're here for the
12
   preliminary approval hearing.
13
            Mr. Sklaver, do you want to put on the basic terms of
14
   the agreement? I mean, I've obviously read it, but why don't
15
   you put on the basic terms.
            MR. SKLAVER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Steven
16
17
   Sklaver for the plaintiff.
18
            The basic terms of the proposed settlement are
   threefold. First is a $5.1 million cash fund. It is a
19
20
   nonreversionary cash fund. Claim forms are not required.
   Checks will be mailed to all class members whose records are
21
   last known at Genworth, the defendants' files. And the number
22
23
   of 5.1 million can be reduced depending on the number of
24
   opt-outs, which we will know if the Court preliminarily
25
   approves the settlement, at final approval at a pro rata
```

```
1
   amount that's provided for in the settlement.
 2
            THE COURT: But with no reversion; is that right?
 3
            MR. SKLAVER: There's no reversion of the final fund
   once that's determined.
 4
 5
             The second is there's a COI rate freeze, meaning that
   the current COI rate scale in effect will not increase even if
 6
 7
   there's an adverse change of mortality or for any other
   reason, and that is through October 25th, 2029, which is
 8
   coextensive of the COI freeze that the Court approved in the
 9
   last settlement in the GLAIC action.
10
11
            And the third is what's called STOLI waiver,
12
   S-T-O-L-I. That stands for Stranger-Originated Life
   Insurance, which means that the insurance company cannot seek
13
14
   to void or null any life insurance policy as being void for
   lack of insurable interest, which help insures class members
15
16
   will get their death benefits paid upon maturity and a proper
17
   claim submitted.
18
            THE COURT: And your administrator is going to be?
            MR. SKLAVER: The administrator will be JND, who was
19
   the administrator on the GLAIC settlement as well.
20
21
            THE COURT: All right. That's fine.
22
            Okay. Mr. Gennardo, do you have anything to add?
23
            MR. GENNARDO: No, Your Honor. I agree with
24
   Mr. Sklaver's summary.
25
            THE COURT: All right. Well, I'm going to
```

-

# Silverstein v. Genworth - 10/10/2024

1 conditionally certify the class for settlement purposes as 2 defined in the manner that's in the papers that have been 3 submitted to the Court. The class is defined to include all owners of Gold and Gold II universal life insurance policies 4 5 issued, insured, or assumed by Genworth Life Insurance Company, its predecessors or successors, whose cost of 6 7 insurance rate scales were changed as a result of the 2019 cost of insurance rate adjustment. 8 The class consists of approximately 3,000 universal 9 life insurance policyholders. I find that the class meets the 10 11 Rule 23(a) requirements of numerosity, commonality, 12 typicality, and adequacy. 13 I also find that the settlement class meets the 14 demands of Rule 23(b)(3) in that questions of law or fact that are common to class members predominate over questions 15 16 affecting individual members. 17 Also, the class action is the superior method for 18 fairly and efficiently adjudicating this controversy. 19 Next, I'm going to appoint plaintiff's counsel as 20 class counsel under Rule 23(g). 21 I find that both the effort that plaintiff's counsel 22 has undertaken thus far and their experience in class actions 23 of this nature demonstrate their ability to represent the interests of the class fairly and adequately. Therefore, I 24 appoint Susman Godfrey LLP as class counsel. 25

```
1
            I think, Ms. Holmes, you're local counsel for them.
 2
   Am I right about that?
 3
            MS. HOLMES: Correct.
            THE COURT: I also appoint Plaintiff Martin
 4
 5
   Silverstein as class representative.
             I did want to say this: Mr. Sklaver, I mentioned
 6
 7
   before in our calls about my concerns about attorneys' fees in
   this case. So while I'm appointing you and I know you're
 8
   looking for a third of the fees here, while you've done a fine
 9
   job so far, I'm not committing to approving that. You're
10
11
   going to have to make a submission to me with sufficient
12
   lodestar documentation, and I'll take a look at that.
13
            So I'm not saying I'm not going to appoint
14
   your third -- confirm your -- a third request. I'm not saying
   I'm going to reject it. I'm going to say you're going to have
15
16
   to do some work to convince me.
17
            Now, you already started it with your declaration
18
   about why they're different and all this because I think you
19
   knew I was already hesitant on that, but you're going to have
20
   to do some work. I'm not -- by me appointing you do not
21
   assume that means I'm going to approve your fee request at a
   third. Do you understand that?
22
23
            MR. SKLAVER: I understand, Your Honor.
24
            THE COURT: I'll give you a full chance to be heard.
25
   You know I've had some reluctancy on this case, but I don't
```

1 predetermine anything. I'll take a look at it, and we'll kind 2 of go from there. 3 MR. SKLAVER: I appreciate the opportunity to be Thank you, Your Honor. 4 heard. 5 THE COURT: All right. I'm also going to preliminarily approve the class settlement. In doing so, I'm 6 7 going to approve it as fair, reasonable, and adequate, using the factors in Rule 23 and the Jiffy Lube case. I'll address 8 each of those factors now. 9 Plaintiffs and lead counsel have adequately 10 represented the class -- excuse me -- and their conduct has 11 12 confirmed this. 13 Class counsel undertook a thorough investigation of 14 the claims. They've engaged in extensive discovery and expert work concerning the defendant's liability, including the 15 16 investigation of various liability theories that had not been 17 previously fully explored and an analysis of policy level data 18 to develop a comprehensive damages model. They've clearly expended significant time, resources, and effort engaging in 19 20 difficult mediations. Plus, I've given them a hard time on 21 this case, and they know that. So let's just be honest about 22 that. 23 The settlement is the product of good faith, Two: 24 informed, and arm's-length negotiations by experienced 25 counsel. They've been at this since March of 2024. Again,

1

2

5

7

I've had some calls giving plaintiffs a hard time for the reasons that were discussed during those calls. They've had 3 exchanges with Rodney Max, a distinguished fellow and past president of the American College of Civil Trial Mediators, as 4 well as our outstanding magistrate judge, Judge Colombell. So the history of this case supports preliminary 6 approval. The parties were unsuccessful in their first two mediations, but Judge Colombell did his magic, got it home 8 with a mediator's proposal; all of which suggests there's no 9 collusion here. 10 11 Number Three: The settlement provides adequate 12 relief to the class in light of the counterbalancing factors. 13 The Court finds the proposed settlement affords significant 14 relief. Mr. Sklaver just went over it so I'm not going to 15 repeat that. 16 It is notable, though, that there's a direct payment 17 except for opt-outs, no reversion, and the accounts, according 18 to the papers, represent 71.5 percent of potential recovery at 19 least as to the total past -- I think -- was it overage? Is that what it was? 20 21 MR. SKLAVER: Past alleged COI overcharges. 22 THE COURT: Overcharges. I'm sorry. I couldn't read 23 my own writing here. 24 There's obviously significant risk in this kind of 25 litigation. In fact, I've repeated that risk during my calls,

giving Mr. Sklaver a hard time. So, obviously, getting this kind of recovery in the face of a potential tough row to hoe here is significant.

Four: The form and the manner of the proposed notice

is going to be approved. I'm satisfied that the notice program is reasonably calculated to apprise the class of the pendency of the action, the proposed settlement, and their rights to opt out of the settlement class or to object.

The proposed notice will provide individual direct notice. The settlement administrator, who I'm going to approve, will mail notice to the class members at their last known address using Genworth's address database. This is a particularly effective manner because in-force policyholders are expected to maintain their current addresses with Genworth. Where the policy is no longer enforced, the last known address is already on file and the administrator will have to use their database to direct mail prospective class members.

A website and toll-free number will also be maintained so anyone can read about the settlement and easily find all documents pertaining to the settlement. I find these procedures constitute the best notice practicable under the circumstances and comply with due process, Rule 23, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

I'm also approving JND Legal Administration LLC as

```
the settlement administrator or the claims administrator.
 1
 2
             I'm going to adopt the timeline that's been proposed
 3
   here and we'll set a final approval hearing for January 3rd
   at 2:00 o'clock. I think that all worked for you-all. Am I
 4
 5
   right about that?
                          Yes, Your Honor.
 6
            MR. SKLAVER:
 7
            THE COURT: That was good for everybody?
            Anything else I need to do, Mr. Sklaver?
 8
 9
            MR. SKLAVER: Not here, Your Honor, no.
10
            THE COURT: Mr. Gennardo?
11
            MR. GENNARDO: Nothing, Your Honor.
12
            THE COURT: All right. Everybody have a good day.
13
   Thank you.
14
         (Court adjourned at 2:04 p.m.)
15
                             CERTIFICATE
   I, Melissa H. Custis, certify that the foregoing is
16
17
   a correct transcript from the record of proceedings
18
   in the above-entitled matter.
19
20
                                          Date: 11/11/2024
   /s/
       Melissa H. Custis, RPR
21
22
23
24
25
```

# **EXHIBIT 9**

# PLAN OF ALLOCATION<sup>1</sup>

- 1. Each Settlement Class Member who is the current or most recent owner of a policy according to Defendant's records ("Recipient") shall be issued a check for that policy equal to the minimum settlement relief payment plus that Recipient's *pro-rata* share of the Net Settlement Fund. No claim form or claims process will be used.
- 2. The minimum settlement relief payment for each policy shall be one hundred dollars (\$100.00).
- 3. Each Recipient's *pro-rata* share of the Net Settlement Fund after deducting all minimum relief payments shall be computed as follows:
  - a. First, each Recipient's alleged damages shall be the sum of the Recipient's alleged COI Overcharge as a result of the 2019 COI Increase.
    - i. Each Recipient's alleged COI Overcharge is the sum of the difference between the estimated COI Deduction from their Policy as determined under the COI Rate Scale applied to the Policy under the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment and the estimated COI Deduction that would have existed under the COI Rate Scale that applied to the Policy before the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment, where the COI Deduction under the 2019 COI Rate Adjustment is higher than the COI Deduction that would have applied under the previous COI Rate Scale.
  - b. Second, divide each Recipient's alleged damages by the total alleged damages for all Recipients, and
  - c. Third, multiply the resultant percentage for each Recipient by the Net Settlement Fund that remains after deducting all minimum settlement relief payments.
- 4. If, for a particular class policy, there are two or more Settlement Class Members reflected in GLIC's records as the current or most recent owners of a policy, then the Recipient's *pro rata* share of the Net Settlement Fund shall be divided equally among each of those Settlement Class Members for that policy.
- 5. If a Settlement Class Member would receive multiple checks pursuant to paragraphs 1-3 above, such checks may be consolidated into a single check.
- 6. Within one year plus 30 days after the date the Settlement Administrator mails the first Settlement Fund Payments, any funds remaining in the Settlement Fund shall be redistributed on a *pro rata* basis to Settlement Class Members who previously cashed the checks they received, to the extent feasible and practical in light of the costs of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unless otherwise noted, all Capitalized Terms mean the same as in the Settlement Agreement, which is attached as Exhibit 2 to the Declaration of Steven G. Sklaver.

administering such subsequent payments, unless the amounts involved are too small to make individual distributions economically viable or other specific reasons exist that would make such further distributions impossible or unfair. All costs associated with the disposition of residual funds — whether through additional distributions to Settlement Class Members and/or through an alternative plan approved by the Court — shall be borne solely by the Settlement Fund.

7. The plan of allocation may be modified upon further order of the Court. Any updates to the plan of allocation will be published on the settlement administration website.